

## Unit 1 Know yourself

### Welcome to the unit

- 一、1. social 2. careless 3. explained  
4. Suppose 5. organized 6. order  
7. patient 8. Neither
- 二、1. involved answering questions  
2. came up with  
3. am supposed to  
4. keeps things in good order  
5. explained what he did  
6. showed off  
7. a social person  
8. am good at creative jobs
- 三、1. D 提示:根据“*She knows nothing about planting or watering a flower.*”可知,“我”妈妈对园艺一无所知。由此可推断出,她没有园艺经验。  
2. A 提示:organized 有条理的;talented 有天赋的;trusted 被信任的;relaxed 放松的。句意:——为每日事件制定日程安排表是必要的。——是的,有条理是很有帮助的。  
3. B 提示:either(两者中的)任何一个;neither 也不;both 两者都;each 每一个。句意:确实如此。我们俩都没有考虑过这个问题。那么你的看法是什么?  
4. B 提示:attend 出席,参加;involve 牵涉;receive 收到;prevent 阻止。句意:——这个项目需要每个人的投入。——是的,这是一个巨大的任务。我确信它将以某种方式牵涉到团队的所有成员,甚至是那些通常比较安静的人。  
5. A 提示:it depends 视情况而定;it doesn't matter 没关系;don't mention it 不客气;forget it 算了吧。句意:——这个暑假你打算做什么?——视情况而定。如果有足够的时间,我可能会去贵州当志愿者。
- 四、1. Sometimes students are not careful enough  
2. To keep his study in order; came up with a clever way  
3. involve chatting with students from different countries; makes me very

interested in

4. is very patient; ready to explain the reasons to us carefully  
5. neither shows off his talent nor; is very modest
- 五、【语篇导读】本文阐述了了解自己的重要性,并就更好地了解自己给出了几点建议。
1. C 提示:nearly 几乎;easily 容易地;hardly 几乎不;quickly 快速地。句意:“了解自己”是通往智慧的第一步,但这绝非易事。  
2. A 提示:whether 是否;how 如何;when 何时;that 无实义,引导宾语从句。句意:我们常常怀疑我们是否真正了解自己。  
3. C 提示:modest 谦虚的;patient 耐心的;curious 好奇的;confident 自信的。句意:我们是天生就对新事物充满好奇,还是更倾向于积极采取行动?  
4. C 提示:neither... nor... 既不……也不……;either... or... 要么……要么……;not only... but also... 不仅……还……;both... and... 既……又……。句意:为了更好地了解自己,你不仅应关注自己的感受和习惯,还要倾听你信任的人的反馈。  
5. D 提示:give in 屈服;give out 分发;give away 赠送;give up 放弃。句意:你可能需要放弃一些阻碍你的习惯,并学会冷静地应对困难。  
6. B 提示:“make it + 形容词”是固定结构,且 much 后需接比较级。  
7. B 提示:Why don't you 后接动词原形;How about 后接动名词;Would you like 后接动词不定式;Why not 后接动词原形。根据空后的“starting”可知答案。

### Reading( I )

- 一、1. imagination 2. managers 3. suits  
4. mentioned 5. railway 6. improvement  
7. exactly 8. passengers
- 二、1. watching 2. to shape 3. improvement  
4. have won 5. mentioning 6. energetic  
7. completed 8. taking

三、1. B 提示: all roads lead to Rome 条条大路通罗马; a miss is as good as a mile 失之毫厘, 谬以千里; many hands make light work 众人拾柴火焰高; the early bird catches the worm 早起的鸟儿有虫吃。句意: ——在火箭发射升空前, 工程师发现了设计中的一个小错误。——太幸运了! 这提醒我们在处理如此重要的项目时, 失之毫厘, 谬以千里。

2. A 提示: standard 标准; achievement 成就; purpose 目的; style 风格。句意: 我们的班长总是以高标准工作, 但他谦虚且易于合作。

3. C 提示: confident 自信的; perfect 完美的; common 普通的; powerful 强大的。句意: ——苏珊曾经是个普通人。但在演讲之后, 她变得非常受欢迎。——是的, 很多人因为她的故事认识了她。

4. B 提示: as long as 只要; 和……一样长; as good as 几乎, 差不多; as much as 和……一样多; as well as 也; 和……一样好。句意: 汤米一诺千金。我确信他会来帮我们设计活动海报。

5. A 提示: that's not the case 事实并非如此; that's a good point 有道理; I can't agree more 我完全同意; you're welcome 不客气。句意: ——我认为我的英语口语水平永远不会提高。——事实并非如此。我曾经也这么认为, 但每天练习对我帮助很大。

四、1. high-speed railway connecting the city to; faster and more convenient

2. is serious about; takes notes in class

3. not only keep quiet but also behave well at all times

4. Working as a volunteer can be very tough; brings me a lot of happiness and experience

5. works to high standards; sets a good example

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了适合青少年在暑期做的四种工作。

1. B 提示: 细节理解题。根据表格第一行中“Working as a lifeguard is one of the most popular summer jobs for teens... Certification is required”可知, 救生员这份工作需要特殊证书。

2. D 提示: 细节理解题。根据表格第一行中

“... teens can gain valuable responsibilities, leadership, and quick-thinking skills.”、表格第二行中“... teens can also gain responsibilities and problem-solving experience.”、表格第三行中“‘They can learn how to care for a garden, get much exercise and meanwhile gain practical skills.’”以及表格第四行中“‘Teens can gain exercise and problem-solving skills as well.’”可知, 这四个工作的共同点是都能培养有用的技能。

3. B 提示: 推理判断题。通读全文可知, 本文介绍了适合青少年暑期做的工作, 这些工作与青少年的生活和成长密切相关, 因此这篇文章可能出现在报纸的“青少年生活”版块。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了哭泣的好处以及人们什么时候会喜极而泣。

1. G 2. F 3. C 4. A 5. E

### Reading( II )

一、1. manager's 2. standards  
3. improvement 4. tough 5. suited  
6. impressed 7. imagination 8. mention

二、1. a born doctor  
2. paid attention to every detail  
3. easy to work with  
4. use my imagination to create great work  
5. at all times  
6. be worth it  
7. quit my job as an accountant  
8. not only; but also

三、1. A 提示: standard 标准; position 位置; trust 信任; influence 影响。答句句意: 我觉得你可以降低你的标准, 因为至少你已经尽最大努力了。

2. C 提示: 根据“since then”可知, 此句时态应用现在完成时。

3. C 提示: that's not the case 事实并非如此; I don't think so 我不这么认为; exactly 确实如此; I'm afraid not 恐怕不行。句意: ——科技的发展在许多方面改变了我们的生活。——确实如此。它使我们的生活更舒适、更容易。

4. A 提示: 根据“You cleared all my photos?! Those were my valuable memories!”可知, 因为对方把自己的照片全删了, 所以说话的人很生气。

5. A 提示: not at all 一点也不; with pleasure 乐

意效劳;you're welcome 不客气;my pleasure 我的荣幸。句意:——我希望你不会介意一点友情建议。——不会。真正的朋友会告诉你关于自己的真实情况。

- 四、1. how the accountant treated his work  
2. a miss is as good as a mile  
3. helping the sick and saving lives  
4. follow school rules; at all times  
5. In my last job; made great improvement; a born leader

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了科技改变了我们的交友方式以及线上交友和线下交友的优缺点。

1. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“*In primary schools, we made friends with our classmates. We played together after class, worked on group tasks, and traded items from our lunches...*”可知,作者上小学时通过一起玩耍和分享物品来交朋友。
2. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“*real 'face time' gives us the chance to connect on a deeper level and share the ups and downs of life...*”可知,面对面的相处能够让人们更深入地联系并分享生活的起起落落。
3. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第五段“*We don't have to ignore the good things that come from an internet connection, but we really should balance them with quality face time.*”可知,我们应该平衡线上交流和面对面的交流。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了选择职业时需要考虑兴趣、技能、就业市场等因素,并指出职业道路并非一成不变。

1. matches 2. solving  
3. willing 提示:be willing to do sth 表示“愿意做某事”。
4. matter 提示:matter 在此处表示“重要”。
5. born 6. also  
7. less 提示:句意:当你把爱和技能结合在一起时,你的工作就不再像是一份“工作”,而更像是你真正喜欢的事情。
8. what 9. suitable 10. change

### Grammar

- 一、1. challenges 2. winners'/winner's

3. outgoing 4. encouragement 5. kindness  
6. mattered 7. probably 8. opposite  
9. down 10. personality

- 二、A) 1. not only; but also 2. Either  
3. Neither 4. Either 5. Both  
6. as well as 7. neither  
8. Neither; nor 9. except  
10. except 11. neither; nor  
12. as well as

- B) 1. I will become a great artist  
2. I can't do anything but wait  
3. she describes me as  
4. my family always gives me  
5. I am suitable to be

三、1. A 提示:neither...nor...既不……也不……;none三者或三者以上都不;neither也不;either...or...要么……要么……;either两者中任意一个;all全部。句意:这个暑假,迈克和他的父母都没有出国旅行,因为他们谁也抽不出时间去那里。

2. A 提示:not only...but also...不仅……而且……;both...and...……和……两者都;either...or...要么……要么……;neither...nor...既不……也不……;can't不能;must必须。句意:——在现代教育中,我们不仅应该学习知识,还应该培养实用技能。——事实上,这两点我们再怎么重视都不为过。

3. D 提示:句意:在人工智能的帮助下,学生们既不需要查阅厚重的教科书也不需要花费数小时搜索信息。他们可以快速和方便地学习某些技能。

4. C 提示:either...or...要么……要么……;neither...nor...既不……也不……;not only...but also...不仅……而且……;not...but...不是……而是……。句意:为了有一个光明的未来,我们青少年不仅应该努力学习,而且应该保持健康。

5. B 提示:don't mention it 不客气;that's not the case 事实并非如此;I'm with you on that 在那一点上,我同意你的看法;I can't agree more 我完全同意。句意:——每天吃巧克力能让你减肥,这是真的吗?——事实并非如此。科学家说巧克力和减肥之间没有直接联系。

6. C 提示:选项A是because引导的原因状语从句;选项B是if引导的条件状语从句;选项

C 是省略 that 的宾语从句;选项 D 是 that 引导的主语从句。

- 四、1. not only discussed the plan but also decided on the date for the school trip  
2. Either you take on the challenge or  
3. I have become the winner of the art competition  
4. As a matter of fact, my opinion is the opposite of most people's  
5. learn more about jobs and personalities; make any decisions about our future careers  
6. as well as keep trying; I won't let my parents down

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了友谊的三个“果实”:与朋友分享快乐、悲伤、成功和失败带来的平静、对自己和问题更好的理解、朋友提供的帮助。

1. personal 2. have found 3. ourselves  
4. will respect 提示:在 if 引导的条件状语从句中,主句用一般将来时,从句用一般现在时。  
5. easier 提示:句意:我们经常发现识别别人的弱点比识别自己的更容易。  
6. decisions 7. to talk/talking 8. third  
9. is known 提示:此处主语 a friend 与谓语 know 是逻辑上的动宾关系,应用被动语态。  
10. carefully

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了人体生长的奥秘。

1. The secret to growth lies in your cells.  
2. Every 7 to 10 years.  
3. How your bones develop, especially your spine and the long bones in your arms and legs.  
4. When you are a baby and when you are a teenager.  
5. Healthy food, enough sleep, exercise, and sunshine.

### Integration

- 一、1. remains 2. negative 3. confident  
4. cooperate 5. consider 6. president  
7. pointed 8. position 9. paid

10. voice 11. succeeded 12. connection

- 二、1. likely 2. connection 3. succeeded  
4. is considered 5. speakers  
6. cooperated 7. voiced 8. to see  
9. were formed 10. discussing

三、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了人的性格在成长过程中会受很多事情影响,并鼓励我们勇敢面对问题。

1. is likely to  
2. are influenced by  
3. Like father, like son  
4. remain the same  
5. On the negative side  
6. In other words  
7. become confident  
8. point out  
9. pay off  
10. are passed on to

- 四、1. are more likely to achieve their dreams  
2. cooperate with each other; will pay off in the end  
3. consider it our duty to pass these traditional skills on to young people  
4. remains confident; she meets  
5. pointed out my pronunciation mistakes; succeeded in passing

五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了广西考生刘燕高考结束后独自用扁担挑行李回家,其自立自强的精神引发关注的故事。

1. B 提示:词义猜测题。根据第一段中“she packed her textbooks, clothes, and bedding into cloth bags”可知,packed 在此处表示“打包”,与“put inside carefully”同义。  
2. A 提示:推理判断题。根据第四段中“I want to become a teacher. My own teachers planted seeds of hope in me.”可知,刘燕希望成为教师传递希望。结合选项可知,选项 A “我也会帮助其他人实现他们的梦想”符合语境。  
3. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第五段中“Earning my own money feels good”可知,刘燕暑期在餐厅打工是为了自己赚钱。  
4. B 提示:最佳标题题。通读全文可知,文章

围绕刘燕用扁担挑行李回家这一核心细节展开。结合选项可知,选项 B“挑扁担的女孩”最适合作这篇文章的标题。

## 六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了高敏感人群的特点和优势。

1. About 30%.
2. They are creative, good at decision-making and benefit more from training, support, and positive environments.
3. They can better recognize patterns and make thoughtful choices.
4. Offer encouragement and allow them to express their ideas creatively.
5. Accept it and use it as a strength.

## 七、One possible version:

Choosing a suitable job is of great importance in our life. Our personalities play a very important role in both our job choices and the happiness we get from work.

In the future, I hope to be a social worker. I am a kind and helpful person, and I always feel satisfied when I make a difference to others. This personality makes me want to work with people in need and help them solve their problems.

To make my dream come true, I will first study hard at school, especially in psychology and communication. I also plan to take part in more voluntary activities, such as helping at our local community centre. These experiences will help me gain the skills and confidence I need for this job. I believe a job that fits my personality will bring me a strong sense of achievement.

### Assessment and Further study

## 一、【语篇导读】本文讲述了一位患有唐氏综合征的川剧表演者在母亲和老师的帮助下学习川剧变脸艺术并在表演中大获成功的故事。

1. B 提示: something 某事; anything 任何事;

everything 每件事; nothing 没有什么。句意: 没有人注意到任何不寻常的地方, 直到最后一张面具被摘下。

2. C 提示: humorous 幽默的; energetic 精力充沛的; different 不同的; creative 有创造力的。句意: 观众意识到这个表演者有点不同。
3. C 提示: practise 练习; enjoy 享受; stop 停止; start 开始。句意: 她的母亲赵海英从未停止试图为她寻找医疗救治和教她生活技能。
4. D 提示: safe 安全的; public 公共的; quiet 安静的; proper 合适的。句意: “我最大的愿望是给她找一个合适的地方, 这样她就能自食其力。”赵说。
5. D 提示: or 或者; and 和; so 所以; but 但是。句意: 她们几乎尝试了四川省南充市蓬安县的每一门培训课程, 包括小提琴课和民间舞蹈课, 但殷在这些课程中表现得都不好。
6. B 提示: wisely 明智地; simply 仅仅, 只不过; quickly 快速地; quietly 安静地。句意: “问题要么是我女儿听不懂所教的内容, 班上的其他孩子也很难接受她, 要么是老师无法与她交流。”她说。
7. C 提示: doctor 医生; performer 表演者; teacher 老师; mother 母亲。句意见上题。
8. A 提示: agree 同意; refuse 拒绝; forget 忘记; dislike 不喜欢。句意: 林同意收殷为徒, 并教她川剧变脸艺术。
9. D 提示: relaxing 令人放松的; special 特别的; modern 现代的; popular 受欢迎的。句意: 川剧在中国西南地区很受欢迎。
10. A 提示: through 通过; without 没有; against 反对; behind 在……后面。句意: 变脸技能对普通人来说都很难学, 更不用说殷了。她几乎无法通过语言与他人交流, 理解能力和学习能力也有限。
11. C 提示: protect 保护; punish 惩罚; support 支持; influence 影响。句意: 为了支持她并帮助她训练, 赵每天都陪着她。
12. B 提示: rest 休息; training 训练; attention 注意力; risk 风险。句意: 经过大约 18 个月的训练, 殷在南充的一次活动中完成了她的首次表演。
13. A 提示: happy 高兴的; worried 担心的; sorry 抱歉的; angry 生气的。句意: 她的母亲非常高兴, 感动得落泪了。
14. C 提示: performance 表演; experience 经

历; invitation 邀请; decision 决定。句意: 随着般的变脸表演视频最近在網上走红, 林收到了邀请, 为殷提供了在更大的舞台上展示她的才华的机会。

15. B 提示: come up 出现; give up 放弃; show up 露面; stay up 熬夜。句意: 我能给父母的最有价值的建议是他们不应该放弃自己的孩子。

二、【语篇导读】作者在开学第一天认识了87岁的大学生罗丝, 罗丝积极的生活态度给作者留下了深刻的印象。罗丝鼓励大家要保持年轻的心态, 追求梦想, 珍惜每一天, 过无悔的人生。

1. C 提示: 细节理解题。根据第五段可知, 罗丝去上大学是因为她想实现自己的大学梦。
2. A 提示: 语意推断题。根据画线短语上一句“*She loved to dress up and enjoyed the attention from other students.*”可知, 罗丝喜欢打扮, 也享受其他学生的关注。结合选项可推断“*living it up*”与“*enjoying life*”意思相近。
3. D 提示: 细节理解题。第一段倒数第三句对应d; 第二段第二句对应f; 第六段第二句对应c; 第七段第一句对应e; 第八段对应b; 最后一段第一句对应a。因此正确顺序是d-f-c-e-b-a。
4. C 提示: 推理判断题。根据倒数第三段中“*But growing up requires finding opportunities in change. Have no regrets. The elderly usually don't have regrets for what we did, but rather for things we did not do.*”及罗丝的故事可知, 我们应该做我们梦想的事, 这样将来才不会后悔。

三、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了伟大的物理学家杨振宁的生平事迹。

1. achievements 2. won
3. abroad 提示: at home and abroad 表示“国内外”。
4. high 5. valuable 6. suggestions
7. communicated 8. world
9. matters 提示: matter 在此处表示“要紧, 重要”。
10. progress 提示: make much progress 表示“取得很大进步”。

四、【语篇导读】本文讲述了残疾艺术家左文俊克服困难学画, 并投身公益, 帮助残疾儿童的事迹。

1. a
2. to balance 提示: make it+adj. +for sb+to do sth 是固定结构。
3. with 4. However
5. difficulty 提示: have difficulty (in) doing sth 表示“做某事有困难”。
6. succeed
7. continue 提示: would rather do sth 表示“宁愿做某事”。
8. more valuable 9. has donated
10. because

五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了那生学习藏医后返乡, 克服困难为村民提供医疗服务、改善当地的医疗条件的事迹。

1. In the mountains of Yunnan's Diqing Tibetan Autonomous Prefecture.
2. They had to travel far to see doctors inland, and they faced long trips, language barriers and cultural differences.
3. In September 2021.
4. To ease villagers' rheumatism and joint pain.
5. Nasheng's devotion to caring for the villagers in her remote hometown. (言之有理即可)

六、One possible version:

Dear Mr Zhang,

I am writing to recommend Li Hua for president of the Students' Union. He has all of the qualities for this important position.

First, Li Hua has excellent communication skills and is a great team player. Last term, he successfully organized our class debate competition. He listened carefully to everyone's ideas and made sure all of us felt respected, which made the event a big success. Second, he is very responsible and creative. He held a “Book Sharing

Corner” in our school library, and now it’s very popular among students, encouraging us to read more.

I believe Li Hua is the perfect choice. He is confident and always ready to help others. I’m sure he will do an excellent job if he can have the chance. I hope you will consider him.

Yours sincerely,  
Wang Ming

## Unit 2 Teenage problems

### Welcome to the unit

一、1. teenage 2. madder 3. drove

4. lately 5. spirits

6. cutting 提示:cut back on 意为“减少”;keep doing sth 意为“一直做某事”。

二、1. manage their time 2. feel lonely

3. drives me mad 4. lead to

5. stay up late 6. feel tired

7. cut back on 8. was in low spirits

三、1. B 提示:probably 可能;lately 最近;mostly 主要地;clearly 清楚地。句意:——我们最近很少见到霍莉。——是啊,她忙于工作。

2. A 3. B

4. A 提示:sleepy 困倦的;asleep 睡着的。feel sleepy 意为“感觉困”;fall asleep 意为“入睡”。

5. A 提示:that’s not the case 事实并非如此;don’t lose heart 别灰心;don’t mention it 不客气;I can’t agree more 我完全同意。句意:——在网上交朋友听起来不错,我想试试。——事实并非如此。判断网上的信息是否真实并不容易。

四、1. is in low spirits; to make time for her; to make her feel better

2. get enough sleep, or we will easily feel tired

3. cut back on sweet drinks; lead to health problems

4. don’t manage time well; won’t have enough time to finish homework; stay up late

五、【语篇导读】作者在生活中连遭不幸,不

知如何应对。后来在读了一篇文章后,他发现生活总是起起伏伏的,人们要保持乐观。

1. B 提示:quietly 安静地;seriously 严重地;possibly 可能地;hardly 几乎不。句意:去年我的妈妈生了重病并接受了脑部手术。

2. C 提示:have no idea 是固定短语,表示“不知道”。句意:……我不知道我能做些什么来帮助她减轻痛苦。

3. C 提示:whatever 无论什么;however 无论如何;whenever 无论何时;whoever 无论谁。句意:每当我一个人的时候,我的眼里总是充满泪水。

4. A 提示:gift 礼物;wish 祝愿;card 卡片;letter 信。句意:上个月我弄丢了一块手表,这是我爸爸送给我的十八岁的生日礼物。

5. D 提示:happy 开心的;good 好的;lucky 幸运的;bad 不好的。句意:我生活中还有很多类似的不好的事情。

6. B 提示:when 当……时;until 直到;whether 是否;since 自从。句意:直到读到《如果你有个柠檬,就做成柠檬水》,我才知道如何应对这些艰难的事情。

7. D 提示:order 命令;goal 目标;decision 决定;lesson 课;教训。句意:我能从中得到什么教训呢?

8. A 提示:realize 意识到;wonder 想知道;dream 梦想;predict 预测。句意:我突然意识到生活充满了起起伏伏,所以我们要一直保持积极乐观。

9. B 提示:silently 安静地;differently 不同地;easily 容易地;suddenly 突然。句意:现在当我回想过去时,我希望我是以不同的方式处理问题的。

10. C 提示:instead of 是固定短语,表示“而不是”。句意:……告诉她一切都会好起来,而不是躲起来哭泣。

11. D 提示:expect 期待;miss 错过;refuse 拒绝;win 赢得。根据下文“But instead, I smiled after the competition.”可知,作者没有赢得奖项。

12. B 提示:relaxed 放松的;sad 伤心的;excited 兴奋的;afraid 害怕的。句意:如果我没有读过这篇文章,我肯定又会感到伤心。

13. B 提示:more than 超过;at least 至少;less

than 少于; at most 至多。句意:我很开心,我至少得到了一些舞台经验。

14. A 提示:too 也,用于肯定句句尾; either 也,用于否定句; also 也,用于肯定句中; though 虽然。句意:生活不会一帆风顺,也会布满荆棘,但这些荆棘帮助我们变得勇敢和强大。
15. C 提示:show 展示; make 制作; give 给; lend 借给。句意:当生活给我们一个柠檬,让我们努力把它做成柠檬水。

### Reading( I )

一、1. decisions 2. wasting 3. stuck

4. regretted 5. patience 6. stress

二、1. to find a way 2. are under stress

3. will fall behind 4. cuts back on

5. be strict with 6. sticking to

7. to stay up late 8. are allowed

三、1. C

2. A 提示:句中 it 作形式宾语,真正的宾语是后面的动词不定式。

3. D 提示:句意:——戴维,“一诺千金”是什么意思? ——它告诉我们信守诺言有多么重要。

4. B 提示:句意:——贝蒂,你曾听说过“静水流深”吗? ——听说过。它表明平静的表面暗藏力量。

5. A 提示:句意:——教育就像园艺。老师应该等待合适的时机让学生绽放光彩。——我完全同意。时机确实有很大影响。

四、1. make decisions; instead of losing patience easily

2. wonder if it is too hard to stick to my study plan

3. wasting time on; cut back on unnecessary activities

4. regret making mistakes; are under great stress

五、【语篇导读】文中三位学生探讨了如今许多年轻人不愿被他人关注的现象。

1. D 提示:细节理解题。根据何岩的描述“First, students face heavy stress from schoolwork and future expectations. Being noticed often brings more pressure. Second,

young people want to protect their privacy. The internet makes it easy for personal information to spread quickly, so staying low-key helps avoid unnecessary trouble.”可知,年轻人避免被关注有两个主要原因,一是被关注会带来更多压力,二是年轻人想保护隐私。保持低调能避免不必要的麻烦。由此可知,在何岩看来,年轻人不愿意被他人关注是因为他们想避免麻烦和减轻压力。

2. A 提示:细节理解题。根据伊万娜的描述“ I'm quite different, though. I enjoy being noticed, especially when I'm doing something I love.”可知,她和其他人的不同之处在于她有时喜欢成为关注中心。

3. C 提示:细节理解题。根据约翰娜的描述“Once, my history teacher asked me to present my project. Feeling uncomfortable, I spoke quickly and avoided eye contact.”可知,当被要求在课堂上展示项目时,她感觉不舒服,说话很快且避免眼神交流,这表明她感到不自在和紧张。

4. B 提示:主旨大意题。文章开篇提出“Many young people today don't want to be noticed by others. Why do they feel this way?”这个问题,然后三位学生通过分享自己的观点和经历来探讨为什么一些年轻人避免被关注。由此可推断出,文章主要讲的是为什么一些年轻人避免被关注。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了青少年与父母关系紧张的原因,并就改善他们之间的关系提出了建议。

1. A 2. C 3. D 4. B 5. F

### Reading( II )

一、1. focused 2. patience 3. stress

4. advice 5. wasting

6. regretting 提示: prevent... (from) doing sth 意为“阻止某人做某事”。

二、1. decision 2. patience 3. will go

4. haven't read 5. properly 6. matters

三、1. B 提示: object to 反对; stick to 坚持; put up 挂起; make up 化妆。句意:当你遇到问题时,要听取别人的建议,不要只坚持自己的看法。

2. C 提示: under control 掌控中; at risk 有风险

险;under stress 在压力之下;in trouble 陷入麻烦。句意:——拜伦在考试前总是有压力。——可怜的孩子!他需要放松。

3. D 提示:句意:我不确定要等多久。

4. B 提示:句意:——打扰一下,恐怕我们迷路了。你能告诉我们万达购物中心在哪里吗?——当然。沿着这条街走大约5分钟,然后你就会看到它。

5. C 提示:句意:——DeepSeek 是一个重要的工具,深受各年龄段人们的喜欢。——我非常同意。它在阅读方面对我有很大帮助。

四、1. am either careful or patient; are always strict with me in my study

2. am not sure what to do next; regret doing something impolite

3. stay more focused; she has learned how to control herself

4. offer young people useful advice; mobile phones; spend more time on

5. are under stress; stick to our dreams instead of giving up easily

五、【语篇导读】本文是一位父亲写给女儿的信,希望女儿在自己年老时多些耐心与理解,珍惜相伴时光。

1. D 提示:推理判断题。根据书信开头“My dear girl”及第四段中“when you first walked”等可以推断出,写信者与收信者是父女关系。

2. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“Just know in your heart that the most important thing for me is to be with you.”可知,作者年老时最看重的是和家人在一起。

3. D 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文,尤其是第一段中“I ask you to please be patient, but most of all, try to understand what I’m going through”可知,这封信的目的是请求女儿给予自己更多的耐心和理解。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了作者搬家后非常想念外婆,妈妈为了让她走出悲伤,带她去了一个正在建设中的社区花园,作者在这里找到了与外婆之间的回忆。

1. job 2. letter

3. devote 提示:devote some time to doing sth 表示“投入一些时间做某事”。

4. sadness 5. sure 6. clear 7. start

8. add 提示:add to 表示“添加”。

9. missed 提示:miss 在此处表示“想念”。

10. delicious

## Grammar

一、1. dialogues 2. normal

3. communicating 提示:have difficulty doing sth 意为“做某事有困难”。

4. arguing 5. bottom 6. silly

二、1. why 2. who 3. that 4. how

5. how soon 6. whether

三、1. D 提示:句意:——这听起来很有趣!我想问问,要多久才能看到变化?——嗯,这视情况而定。有些人要一段时间,有些人则需要一辈子。

2. D 提示:句意:——先生,您能告诉我这款人工智能应用程序能做什么吗?——当然。它(可以)按照你自己的风格创作音乐。

3. C 提示:句意:——你觉得这张图片是什么意思?——这是一张三个朋友的照片。它讲述的是他们在困境中如何互相帮助。

4. A 提示:句意:您能告诉我英语演讲比赛的规则是什么吗?——当然。主题是“小行动的力量”,并且你的演讲应持续3到5分钟。

5. B 提示:句意:——打扰一下,请你告诉我最近的礼品店怎么走,好吗?我们想在离开前买些纪念品。——当然。沿着这条路一直走大约10分钟,它就在你的左边。

四、1. argued about whether it was necessary to buy

2. if/whether too much homework would stress students out

3. At the bottom of the page; that explains the normal rules for this exercise

4. have heard of the youth worker recently; in the dictionary

5. how we communicate with our parents politely through peaceful dialogues

五、【语篇导读】玛丽说自己在学校交朋友有困难,琳达分享了一些实用的方法来帮助玛丽结交新朋友。

1. decision 2. properly
3. will say/am going to say 4. fifth
5. worried 6. methods 7. to connect
8. are influenced 9. interest
10. himself

六、【语篇导读】本文就如何快速适应校园生活给出了几点建议。

1. They feel nervous.
2. Because it helps us sleep well and feel less nervous.
3. By wearing a T-shirt with our favourite animal or sports team on it.
4. Walking with the head held up and making eye contact.
5. Yes, because I want to meet new friends and learn new things. (言之有理即可)

### Integration

- 一、1. experiencing 提示: pay attention to doing sth 意为“注意做某事”。
2. overweight 3. adults 4. risk
  5. pain 6. strangers 7. tight 8. mean
- 二、1. uncomfortable 2. controlling
3. stricter 4. successfully 5. finally
  6. were 7. was showing 8. was published
- 三、1. stresses; out 2. to hear of
3. arguing with 4. go through
  5. to make decisions 6. stand up for
  7. loses patience 8. get; down
- 四、1. feels like a stranger; how to stand up for himself
2. As a teenager; at different stages of growth; go through some difficult times; these experiences will help us become better people
  3. changes in mood; put teenagers at the risk of losing friends; they can't control themselves well
  4. The shy adult wondered whether his ugly appearance would cause him more pain
  5. whether he can pass the midterm exam; makes his throat feel tight

6. get you down; bring about feelings of shame and fear; ask your parents or teachers for support

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了追剧在年轻人中很普遍,但过度追剧会带来危害。我们应该控制追剧时间。

1. C 提示: 细节理解题。根据第三段中“almost a third have admitted missing sleep or becoming tired as a result; and one quarter have put off their homework...”可知,追剧可能导致睡眠不足,也可能导致人们花更少的时间做重要任务。
2. A 提示: 推理判断题。根据第三段中“... almost a third have admitted missing sleep or becoming tired as a result; and one quarter have put off their homework. Next we'll be missing work! Teachers are now worried that students might fail to complete homework for the same reason.”可知,作者提到该研究是为了证明追剧可能有害。
3. D 提示: 推理判断题。根据第四段中“All of these are often connected to a shortage of self-control and may develop into bad habits.”可知,此处应填入与追剧和其他有害习惯相关的内容。结合选项可知,选项D“追剧类似于暴饮暴食这类有害习惯”最适合填入空格处。
4. A 提示: 主旨大意题。根据第二段中“This has made binge-watching very common among young people.”、第三段以及最后一段中“Learning to manage our screen time wisely requires us to set clear rules”可知,文章主要介绍了追剧在年轻人中很普遍,但过度追剧会带来危害。我们应该控制追剧时间。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了张桂梅在云南华坪创办免费女子高中,12年间助力1 804名贫困女孩考上大学的故事。

1. They were sent to universities, and their fates were rewritten.
2. Because she heard that her former school was short of Maths teachers, and she wanted to follow Ms Zhang's example and help others.
3. I can try my best to help those in need, and pass on the spirit of dedication and kindness. (言之有理即可)

## 七、One possible version:

Dear Tom,

I'm so glad to hear from you. And I understand your feeling about the busy school life. As a Grade 9 student, my school life is also full of challenges, but I've found some ways to manage my time well.

First, I make a plan for daily tasks. I write down all the important tasks. Then I work out how much time I need for each one. This helps me stay organized and reminds me not to forget anything. In addition, I carefully consider my tasks. I always do the most important or difficult ones first when I have the most energy. For example, I will work out my Maths problems before I get tired.

As for my hobbies, I love playing basketball, and I make sure to spend about half an hour on it every week. It's important to have some fun, which helps keep a good balance between study and life.

I hope these tips will be helpful and give you the direction you need.

Yours,  
Li Hua

### Assessment and Further study

#### 一、【语篇导读】本文阐述了勇敢面对挑战的意义与好处。

1. C 提示: special 特殊的; wonderful 绝妙的; common 常见的; dangerous 危险的。句意: 在当今社会, 挑战不可避免; 它们和我们上学路上遇到的红灯一样常见。
2. A 提示: result 结果; meaning 意义; problem 问题; reason 原因。句意: 然而, 生活的压力会产生各种各样的结果。
3. D 提示: 句意: 青春期是青少年在身体、心智和情感方面更加了解自己的时期。主语是 teenagers, 对应的反身代词是 themselves。
4. A 提示: when 当……时, 可以指那一刻, 也

可以指那段时间; until 直到; while 当……时, 只能指一段时间; unless 除非。句意: 关键在于, 当挑战来临时, 他必须努力去应对。

5. D 提示: keep 保持; invent 发明; spread 展开; develop 培养。句意: 那些勇敢面对挑战的人会培养出令人钦佩的品质。
6. B 提示: tale 故事; example 例子; chance 机会; experience 经历。句意: 一个很好的例子就是开学第一天。
7. B 提示: clearly 清楚地; similarly 同样地; surprisingly 惊人地; closely 密切地。句意: 同样, 一名上高中或大学的年轻人, 尤其是那些离家求学的, 需要独自接受挑战。
8. B 提示: happiness 快乐; loneliness 孤独; illness 疾病; kindness 友好。句意: 在一个陌生的地方, 他必须应对孤独。
9. C 提示: besides 除……之外; moreover 此外; however 然而; otherwise 否则。句意: 然而, 他们中的大多数人都成功应对了这些挑战。
10. C 提示: plan 计划; reply 回答; decision 决定; explanation 解释。句意: 他们最终做出正确的决定。

#### 二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了当你和朋友、家人在意见存在分歧时如何进行礼貌且有意义的交流。

1. B 提示: 段落大意题。第二段小标题是“倾听他们的意见”, 主要说明在与他人沟通时, 即使不同意对方的观点, 也应通过认真倾听、保持眼神交流、点头、身体微微倾向对方、提问或复述对方的话语等方式来表现专注, 以促进有效交流。结合选项可知, 选项 B“你如何能表现出你在听”是作者在这一段想说明的。
2. B 提示: 推理判断题。根据第三段中“Don't use rude words like 'stupid'. Stay calm and start with 'I' instead of 'You'. For example, you might say 'I feel' or 'I see this in another way'. Also make sure you will not use 'We' language, even if you know others in your group agree with you.”再结合选项可知, 作者在第三段通过举例子的方法串联起想法。
3. A 提示: 推理判断题。横线下一段指出带有个人情感的观点较为薄弱, 若要表达有力的观点需用事实支撑, 因为事实基于真实陈述而非个人感受或猜测。结合选项可知, 选项 A“相反, 使用事实”最适合放在横线处。

4. C 提示:推理判断题。根据最后一段中“You may find that you can't change others' minds, and they may not change yours. Still, look for points you agree on. You may also gain a better understanding of each other's opinion.”可知,你可能会发现你不能改变别人的想法,他们也不能改变你的想法。尽管如此,你还是要寻找你同意的观点。你们也可以更好地理解彼此的观点。结合选项可知,选项C“为了更好地理解他人,寻找共同的观点是必要的。”与文章相符。

三、【语篇导读】本文介绍了负面情绪对个人生活的影响,并给出了处理负面情绪的建议。

1. future
2. harmful 提示:be harmful to 表示“对……有害”。
3. fail 提示:fail to do sth 表示“未能做某事”。
4. change 5. exactly 6. yourself
7. better 8. trust 9. hardly
10. expressing

四、【语篇导读】文中一位母亲介绍了自己在与孩子沟通时遇到的困难。最后她意识到孩子们真正需要的是倾听。

1. carefully 2. For 3. their
4. speaking 5. of 6. unnecessary
7. an 8. to deal 9. suggestions
10. decided

五、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了安迪因宿舍吵闹难以入眠,在妈妈的建议下通过参与活动结交朋友,最终融入校园生活的故事。

1. Because his roommates snored loudly and there were unfamiliar sounds around.
2. Try to make friends and take part in activities.
3. He noticed a group of kids talking about soccer during lunch, gathered his courage and asked to join them.
4. He felt nervous.
5. He got more involved in sports and other activities, made new friends and began to enjoy the sense of community at school.

六、One possible version:

Dear Linda,

I heard about your problem and am really worried about you.

In my opinion, there is no need for you to cater to others' taste. If you really don't like fashion or have no interest in stars, don't bother yourself about them. You can tell your friends about your hobbies and let them know more about you. But if that doesn't work, I suggest you should jump out of the circle and join more clubs. Talk to other members actively and bravely, and I am quite sure you will find someone who shares the same interest as you some day.

I hope my advice is of some help to you.

Best wishes,  
Sally

## Unit 3 Never give up

### Welcome to the unit

- 一、1. seeds 2. dancers 3. achieving
4. communication
5. experience 提示:experience 表示“经验”时是不可数名词。
6. requires
- 二、1. dancers' 2. peacefully
3. successfully 4. received/has received
5. was required 6. achievement
- 三、1. B
2. C 提示:special 特别的;extra 额外的;complete 完整的;private 私人的。答句句意:当然。我们需要一份所有人发言的完整记录。
3. D 提示:come out 出来;put out 扑灭;give out 分发;work out 算出。句意:店主在一天结束的时候总是算出自己赚了多少钱。
4. C 提示:句意:——我英语不好,但我会努力学习英语的。——有志者,事竟成。我相信你会做得好。
5. D 提示:句意:——我希望一些魔力能帮助

我记住课堂上的一切。——现实点。只有努力工作,你才能得到你所期望的东西。

- 四、1. Where there is a will, there is a way; be brave to face difficulties  
2. keep the spirit of never giving up; is like a seed inside of me  
3. your dream seems so far away; will achieve it  
4. In addition; requires years of tough practice; to keep reading

五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了“我”失明后在哥哥的鼓励下尝试铁人三项运动,由此改变自己命运的故事。

1. B 提示:athlete 运动员;kid 孩子;adult 成年人;swimmer 游泳者。句意:和许多孩子一样,我长大后想成为一名足球运动员。  
2. A 提示:difficult 困难的;interesting 有趣的;important 重要的;boring 无聊的。根据上文“*But when I was nine, I started losing my eyesight, and it got increasingly difficult to play.*”可推断,一切都变得更困难。  
3. C 提示:句意:对我来说,继续和视力正常的人比赛变得不可能了。full eyesight 意为“视力正常”。  
4. B 提示:句意:在我跌入谷底后,我哥哥让我走上了正确的道路。hit rock bottom 意为“跌入谷底”。  
5. D 提示:remind 提醒;force 迫使;allow 允许;encourage 鼓励。句意:他已经游泳几年了,他鼓励我去尝试游泳。  
6. B 提示:must 必须;could 能,会;might 可能;should 应该。句意:……我能够从踢足球转换到我能做的运动上,比如游泳、骑自行车和跑步,这被称作铁人三项。  
7. B 提示:control 控制;support 支持;expect 期望;doubt 怀疑。根据下文“*They... never stopped me.*”可知,“我”很幸运,“我”的父母能支持“我”。  
8. C 提示:however 然而;instead 代替;moreover 此外;anyway 不管怎样。句意:此外,那场比赛是一个转折点。  
9. A 提示:develop 发展;hide 隐藏;keep 保持;die 死亡。句意:坚持是一种习得的技能,它是在面对困难和挑战的过程中发展起来的。  
10. D 提示:lucky 幸运的;wide 宽的;safe 安全

的;new 新的。句意:有时你不得不改变你原以为自己要走的路,但你仍然可以在新的路上不断前进。

### Reading( I )

- 一、1. contributions 2. overcome  
3. suffering 4. recognize 5. muscle  
6. continued 7. surprisingly  
8. however 提示:根据“*We should keep trying and never stop exploring*”可知,无论实验多么艰巨,我们都应该一直尝试,永不停止探索。
- 二、1. has been known for 2. to fight against  
3. robbed; of 4. will stand in your way  
5. focusing on 6. was diagnosed with  
7. shortly after 8. to translate; into
- 三、1. C 提示:根据“*They are full of mysteries and surprises.*”可知,答话人强烈推荐福尔摩斯的侦探故事,用 highly 表示程度高。  
2. C 提示:consider doing sth 意为“考虑做某事”。答句句意:为什么不考虑向你的老师寻求帮助呢?  
3. B 提示:reduce 减少;recognize 认出;respect 尊重;refuse 拒绝。句意:一些名人在各种天气都喜欢戴太阳镜,因为他们不想让人们认出他们。  
4. C  
5. B 提示:句意:——我认为天赋在青少年的成长中发挥着重要作用。——事实并非如此。没有不断的努力,即使一个有天赋的人也很难成功。《伤仲永》的故事就是一个好例子。
- 四、1. is recognized as; his contributions to feeding; be remembered and respected by the whole world forever  
2. make her a household name; faces challenges with a positive attitude to further her career  
3. Despite many difficulties; rob him of his courage to spread scientific ideas  
4. Their courage to fight against difficulties; whenever we face challenges  
5. This highly popular scientist; not to let any difficulty stand in our way
- 五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了“我”为山区儿童

制作英语学习材料的故事。“我”希望这些行动能助力这些孩子拥有更好的未来。

1. D 提示:细节理解题。根据倒数第二段中“The hardest part was finding the children.”可知,最困难的部分是找到孩子。
2. A 提示:语意推断题。refuse 拒绝; communicate 交流; reduce 减少; praise 表扬。根据倒数第二段中“I felt nervous talking to them and was afraid of being turned down, but I did my best to share our ideas.”可知,作者和他们交流时感到紧张,害怕被拒绝。由此可推断出,turn down 与 refuse 同义。
3. D 提示:细节理解题。根据最后一段中“Every time a parent emailed us saying, ‘My child really liked the story.’, it gave us the strength to keep going.”可知,听到孩子们喜欢他们的故事,作者有了坚持下去的勇气。

六、【语篇导读】本文讲述了新疆哈密小伙徐亚轩辞去外企工作返乡务农,借助网络售卖新疆水果并分享日常的故事。

1. F 2. B 3. D 4. A

### Reading( II )

- 一、1. robbed 2. attitudes 3. Yet  
4. shortly 5. Despite 6. further
- 二、1. scientific 2. achievements 3. highly  
4. death 5. musicians'  
6. continued 提示:此处用形容词 continued 修饰名词 efforts,表示“连续不断的努力”。
- 三、1. D 提示:treatment 治疗;entertainment 娱乐; development 发展;achievement 成就。句意:我们为梦想尽最大努力,一个小小的成功可以给我们一种成就感!
2. C 提示:set up 设立;pick up 捡起;give up 放弃;take up 占据。句意:为了报效祖国,许多科学家放弃了出国的机会。
3. D 提示:as soon as 引导时间状语从句时,遵循“主将从现”原则,即主句用一般将来时,从句用一般现在时。
4. A
5. D 提示:it doesn't matter 没关系;guess what 你猜怎么着;with pleasure 乐意效劳;there you go 我说对了吧。句意:——我之前特别担心读书报告,但我刚刚已经把它交上去

了!——我说对了吧。我告诉过你,如果你全身心投入,几乎任何事情你都能做到。

- 四、1. The doctors' contributions to; an inspiration to; focus on  
2. The musician; a wider audience; despite his tiring daily  
3. is known for; was diagnosed with; His continued efforts  
4. stand in the way of; overcome challenges however difficult they are  
5. Whenever we look up at the stars; the universe; keep fighting against

五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了配音演员罗布·保尔森在生病康复后变得更具同理心、继续投身配音事业的故事。

1. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“Worst of all, his voice was hurt, and he worried that he could never work as a voice actor again.”可知,在医疗过程中保尔森最担心的是失去声音,因为这对他的职业生涯至关重要。
2. B 提示:词义猜测题。根据第二段中“Doctors soon examined him and gave him a shocking result, a serious throat illness in a late stage.”以及“since his voice mattered a lot to his career”可知,对于一个配音演员来说,喉咙出了严重的问题是一个沉重的打击。
3. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“In 2015, Paulsen found a small lump on his neck and paid little attention to it at first.”可知,②排第一;根据第二段中“Doctors soon examined him and gave him a shocking result, a serious throat illness in a late stage.”及第三段中“Paulsen went through months of hard medical treatment.”可知,③排第二;根据第四段中“‘But he also gained something more valuable—empathy. He now truly understands the struggles of people fighting illness’”可知,④排第三;根据倒数第二段中“Today, Paulsen works closely with a US health group... He has also returned to voice acting”可知,①排最后。
4. B 提示:推理判断题。根据第四段中“‘He now truly understands the struggles of people fighting illness, and can sincerely say ‘I get it’ to sick children and other patients.’”可知,保尔森的经历让他更关心病人。

六、【语篇导读】作者一年前因意外从12米高的瀑布坠落导致骨盆受伤,经过康复治疗重获行动能力后,作者送自己一块滑板,并将其视为延续自己运动热情的新方式。

1. crazy
2. broke
3. Since
4. own 提示: on one's own 表示“独自”。
5. turned 提示: turn out 表示“结果是”。
6. hardly
7. drop 提示: drop 在此处表示“跌倒”。
8. beginning
9. imagine
10. sweeter

### Grammar

- 一、1. shoulders 2. knees 3. challenging  
4. coaches'/coach's 5. continued 6. pretty
- 二、1. since 2. Whenever 3. when  
4. before 5. While 6. since  
7. until/till 8. As soon as
- 三、1. B  
2. B 提示: not... until 引导时间状语从句时,遵循“主将从现”原则;获奖者是被宣布的,应用被动语态。  
3. C  
4. B 提示: as soon as 引导时间状语从句时,遵循“主将从现”原则;作业是被完成的,应用被动语态。  
5. C
- 四、1. Our coach always tells us that; is pretty important; make it to the final  
2. didn't find the project challenging until; was deeply impressed by  
3. have always dreamed of becoming a scientist since; whenever I feel like giving up  
4. As soon as she received the interview notice; it would help her reach her career goal
- 五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了泰州队在苏超中夺冠的励志历程。  
1. thirds 2. that 3. practising  
4. tiring 5. with 6. stronger  
7. successfully 8. a 9. to try  
10. is filled
- 六、【语篇导读】本文讲述了清华大学博士生庞众望在困境中坚持求学的经历,传递

了永不放弃的精神。

1. In 2017.
2. His dream is to “serve the country through scientific research”.
3. No, I won't. Because we can live up to what others expect of us and create our own bright future if we are strong and keep hope. (言之有理即可)

### Integration

- 一、1. fair 2. Irish 3. compete  
4. gymnasts' 5. diaries 6. perform  
7. will 8. victories
- 二、1. injured 2. runners 3. performance  
4. disappointed 5. challenging  
6. achievements 7. Surprisingly  
8. inspired; inspiration
- 三、1. lived through 2. got injured  
3. get through tough times 4. reminds me of  
5. performed 6. turning over in bed  
7. continued her dream 8. robbed him of
- 四、1. The Olympic spirit encourages us to; get back to training bravely  
2. performances through their strong will; got injured; the semi-final  
3. will not truly understand its meaning until we stick to our goals  
4. The musician kept a diary to; a symbol of the victory of the human spirit  
5. live through all kinds of challenges; not to disappoint our family and ourselves
- 五、【语篇导读】文章叙述了两个故事。一是1992年巴塞罗那奥运会400米半决赛中英国运动员德里克永不言弃的故事。另一个是奥地利女登山家卡尔腾布鲁纳的故事。  
1. B 提示: 细节理解题。根据第三段可知,和德里克一起冲过终点线的是他的父亲。  
2. A 提示: 推理判断题。根据最后两段可知,她在同伴遇难后没有继续登山,排除B、C两项;根据倒数第三段中“she thought perhaps she would never climb the mountain”可知,当时她认为她可能再也不会爬山了,排除D项。

3. D 提示:细节理解题。通读全文可知,两个故事中的人物都非常勇敢,永不放弃。

4. C 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文可知,作者想告诉我们做人做事要永不放弃,善始善终。

六、【语篇导读】本文讲述了患有自闭症的加拿大少年打破叠叠乐堆叠纪录的故事。

1. 900.

2. By chance.

3. He can focus on it for about three hours.

4. Yes, because he is very creative and patient. (言之有理即可)

七、One possible version:

### The story of my mother

My mother grew up in a small village.

Her family was so poor that she had to walk five kilometres to school every day. Despite these difficulties, she never gave up her dream of becoming a teacher.

With the support of her parents, she studied harder than anyone else. After school, she had to help on the farm, so she often did her homework late at night. She did not want to let her family down, nor did she want to give up on herself. Years later, she passed the college entrance exam and became the first university student in her village.

Thanks to her hard work, my mother is a respected teacher now. Her story teaches me that nothing is impossible if you never give up.

### Assessment and Further study

一、【语篇导读】本文作者结合自己在篮球队中的亲身经历,介绍了“跌倒七次,站起来八次”这句话如何助力他实现自我突破。

1. B 提示:word 单词;sentence 句子;answer 答案;translation 翻译。句意:嗯,对我来说,那句改变人生的话是“跌倒七次,站起来八次。”

2. D 提示:why 为什么;where 哪里;how 如何;when 当……时。句意:这一切始于我加入校

篮球队的时候。

3. C 提示:surprised 惊讶的;scared 害怕的;excited 兴奋的;willing 愿意的。句意:一开始我感到非常兴奋,但很快现实就扇了我一耳光。

4. A 提示:bench 把(场上队员)换下;praise 表扬;punish 惩罚;centre 以……为中心。句意:我在比赛中经常被换下,因为我的技术比我的队友差。

5. D 提示:relaxing 令人放松的;exciting 令人兴奋的;uninteresting 无聊的;unsatisfying 不满意的。句意:一天,又一次让人不满意的训练之后,我爷爷让我坐下,说了那些话。他一直是我的靠山。

6. B 提示:sand 沙子;rock 靠山;ice 冰;snow 雪。句意见上题。

7. A 提示:accept 接受;hear 听见;refuse 拒绝;feel 感觉。句意:在那时,它们只是一段话,但随着日子一天天过去,它们开始被完全接受了。

8. B 提示:of my own 我自己的;on my own 独自;in my way 以我的方式;of my way 错误表述。句意:我开始在放学后独自练习,观看职业球员的视频,向队友征求建议。

9. C 提示:happy 快乐的;angry 生气的;easy 容易的;hard 困难的。句意:这并不容易。

10. A 提示:surely 肯定地;properly 恰当地;completely 完全;warmly 温暖地。根据下文“I started to see progress”可知,作者开始看到进步,说明进展虽然缓慢但作者确实在进步。

11. D 提示:heart 心;strength 力量;resource 资源;confidence 信心。句意:我得到了更多的上场时间,我信心大增。

12. C 提示:screaming 尖叫的;turning 转弯处;fighting 战斗的;running 运转的;流动的。句意:“跌倒七次,站起来八次”对我来说不仅仅是一句谚语;它是我个人的战斗口号。

二、【语篇导读】本文讲述了“外卖诗人”王计兵在困境中坚持写诗,最终受邀参加2025年央视春晚的励志故事。

1. B 提示:词义猜测题。根据第二段中“he never gave up his love for writing poems”可知,他没有放弃对写诗的热爱,坚持写诗。由此可推断出,persistence 意为“坚持”。

2. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“He

once worked under the hot sun as a construction worker. . . he even collected waste materials.”可知,王计兵做过建筑工人和废品收集者。

3. D 提示:主旨大意题。全文围绕王计兵克服挑战、坚持梦想并最终取得成功的经历展开,因此本文的主要目的是分享一个克服挑战的励志故事。

4. B 提示:推理判断题。通读全文可知,本文讲述了“外卖诗人”王计兵在困境中坚持写诗,最终受邀参加2025年央视春晚的励志故事。结合选项可知,选项B“成功源于永不放弃你的梦想”最能总结王计兵的故事。

三、【语篇导读】本文讲述了一群富有创造力的青少年在社区里用技术给人们的生活带来改变的故事。

1. wonderful 2. using 3. started  
4. patiently 5. like 6. Everyone  
7. designed 8. After 9. safer  
10. made

四、【语篇导读】本文讲述了匡衡家境贫寒却勤奋好学的励志故事。

1. named 2. a 3. either 4. through  
5. wealth 6. shocked 7. replied  
8. to work 9. the greatest 10. succeed

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了渐冻症患者邢益凡的事迹。

1. In 2003.  
2. A/The photographer.  
3. No, they didn't.  
4. By drinking less water.  
5. He has a strong will. (言之有理即可)

六、One possible version:

### Persistence makes me grow

Persistence has played an important role in my growth.

I once failed a Maths exam. I felt so sad that I even thought about giving up. But I didn't.

Instead, I kept on studying Maths persistently. I did many exercises, asked the teacher for help, and reviewed the key points carefully. Many times, I faced difficult problems and wanted to stop, but I

held on.

Finally, my hard work paid off. I made great progress in the next exam. This experience taught me that persistence can lead to success and help me grow into a better self.

## Unit 4 Life is beautiful

### Welcome to the unit

一、1. cactus 2. lotuses 3. self 4. tough  
5. reminded 6. confidence

二、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了“拔苗助长”的故事。

1. worried 2. planted 3. later 4. rice  
5. still 6. stop 7. patient 8. way  
9. something 10. field 11. dead

三、1. A 提示:句意:我们的学校生活现在更有趣了,因为我们可以在不同的俱乐部玩得开心。

2. C 提示:分析句子结构可知,设空处引导宾语从句,且在从句中作动词put的宾语,因此应用what来引导宾语从句。

3. C 提示:expect 期望;express 表达;suggest 建议;support 支持。句意:——我不知道该穿什么去参加演讲比赛。你有什么建议吗?——黄色怎么样?它是智慧的颜色。

4. B 提示:根据“Your secret is safe with me.”可知,答话人表示自己会信守承诺保守秘密。You have my word 意为“我向你保证”。

四、1. all year round; never breaks in the wind  
2. keep a strong will even in tough conditions

3. Despite many challenges, she carried on like bamboo

4. These plants remind me to have confidence in myself

五、【语篇导读】卢搬来小镇后没有朋友,一天她接到一个电话,对方称自己是艾丽西亚,想和她一起去骑马。但她到达后却发现自己被骗了。最后她发现这是摩根的恶作剧。

1. C 提示:though 尽管;when 当……时;since 自从;if 如果。句意:但是自从我们家两个月前搬到镇上以来,我在这里就没有朋友。

2. B 提示:bell 铃铛;phone 电话;clock 时钟;voice 声音。句意:我们刚开始吃午饭,电话就响了。
3. C 提示:feed 喂养;walk 散步;ride 骑;brush 刷。句意:我们可以骑我的马。
4. D 提示:generous 慷慨的;humorous 幽默的;honest 诚实的;popular 受欢迎的。句意:只有一个艾丽西亚,我们班最受欢迎、最漂亮的女孩。
5. A 提示:hardly 几乎不;heavily 沉重地;freely 自由地;deeply 深深地。句意:我如此激动,以至于几乎无法呼吸。
6. B 提示:quickly 快速地;carefully 仔细地;nervously 紧张地;slowly 慢慢地。句意:我非常仔细地挑选了我的衣服。
7. B 提示:noise 噪声;heat 热;distance 距离;time 时间。根据上文“The sun beat down on my back.”可知,太阳直射在卢背上,天气非常炎热,但因为要去赴约,她完全不在意这种炎热的感觉。
8. D 提示:full 满的;open 开的;watery 水汪汪的;dry 干的。句意:当我到那儿的时候,我的嘴巴很干。
9. C 提示:afraid 害怕的;tired 疲惫的;ashamed 羞愧的;proud 骄傲的。句意:我为自己感到羞愧。
10. B 提示:excuse 借口;trick 诡计,骗局;drink 饮料;meal 一餐。句意:我如此渴望有一个朋友,以至于我上了她的当。
11. C 提示:silence 沉默;fear 恐惧;anger 愤怒;sadness 悲伤。句意:周一早上,我的羞愧已经变成了愤怒。
12. A 提示:right 权利;chance 机会;duty 职责;position 位置。句意:漂亮和受欢迎并不会赋予某人欺骗别人的权利!
13. B 提示:根据下文“We all walked away, leaving her standing alone in the playground.”可知,最后摩根独自站在操场上。由此可知,卢在操场上见到了艾丽西亚。
14. B 提示:story 故事;thing 事情;plan 计划;idea 想法。句意:我把整件事都告诉了她。
15. A 提示:dirty 卑鄙的;funny 有趣的;magic 有魔力的;useful 有用的。根据上文卢的遭遇以及下文“Morgan’s hurtful joke backfired.”可知,这个玩笑给卢带来了伤害。因此这是一个卑鄙的玩笑。

## Reading( I )

- 一、1. celebration 2. dug 3. oil 4. pity  
5. bore 6. compare 7. unused  
8. expect
- 二、1. celebrations 2. unused 3. attractive  
4. Unlike 5. suggestion 6. hidden
- 三、1. D 提示:mix... with... 把……和……混合起来;prefer... to... 比起……更喜欢……;compare... to... 把……比作……;compare... with... 把……和……作比较。句意:拿一个人的短处和别人的长处比是不明智的。
2. B
3. C 提示:question 问题;accident 事故;step 步伐;leap 跳。句意:我喜欢这句谚语——千里之行,始于足下。
4. D 提示:don't lose heart 别灰心;no idea about it 对此一无所知;don't mention it 不客气;no doubt about it 毫无疑问。答句句意:毫无疑问。她非常了解动物。
- 四、1. At the back of; a couple of  
2. what habits are good for; help us in different ways; suggest planning our time well  
3. worked together to dig up old photos; take the lead  
4. Unlike parents who always expect too much of their children; understand his pressure; grows up
- 五、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了山东村民王子忠及其儿子王涛连续43年扎根荒山植树造林、守护山林的故事。
1. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第一段中“Wang Zizhong, a 79-year-old farmer from Ciyu Village in Shandong, has spent 43 years greening mountains and protecting forests with his 56-year-old son Wang Tao.”可知,王子忠花了43年绿化荒山。
2. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“In 1983, Wang saw the dry, lifeless hills near his village. Serious soil and water loss made villagers’ lives hard, so he left his job as a village teacher to plant trees there.”可知,他辞职是为了在山上种树。

3. A 提示:细节理解题。第二段中“*He moved his family into a mountain stone cave to work.*”对应②;第三段中“*In 1997, Wang's wife died of a heart attack on the mountain. Heartbroken but strong, he kept working alone.*”对应③;第三段中“*The family planted over 200,000 trees, turning brown hills into forests.*”对应④;第四段中“*As Wang grew older, he passed the duty to his son, Wang Tao.*”对应①。因此正确顺序是②③④①。

4. D 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文,尤其是第一段中“*Wang Zizhong, a 79-year-old farmer from Ciyu Village in Shandong, has spent 43 years greening mountains and protecting forests with his 56-year-old son Wang Tao.*”可知,文章主要讲述了山东村民王子忠及其儿子王涛连续43年扎根荒山植树造林、守护山林的故事。

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了幸福的秘诀——帮助他人并提供了具体方法。

1. D 2. B 3. F 4. C 5. A

### Reading( II )

一、1. society 2. hidden 3. Unlike  
4. self 5. unused 6. attractive

二、1. a couple of 2. expect; of  
3. (to) dig out 4. take the lead  
5. afford to 6. Compared with

三、1. D 提示:句意:但情况只是变得更糟了。现在我晚上几乎睡不着。

2. D 提示:句意:去年春天种了很多树,所以今年我们可以看到更多的绿色。

3. A 提示:personal 个人的;classical 古典的;unusual 不寻常的;practical 实践的。答句句意:当然,但这主要取决于你的个人品味。对我来说,科幻小说是我的最爱。

4. B 提示:在if引导的条件状语从句中,主句用一般将来时,从句用一般现在时。

5. B 提示:句意:——这个星期五你愿意和我一起去听音乐会吗?——哦,我要和萨姆一起去看电影。真遗憾!你为什么不早点告诉我?

四、1. Compared with other people/others;  
expect too much of

2. bore sweet fruit

3. Unlike some tall plants with thick stems; peanuts; is widely used for cooking in many families

4. nodded to show what I meant; dug out; remain clear in my memory

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了“中国天眼”首席科学家南仁东的生平和贡献以及FAST的价值。

1. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“*However, when he learned that China planned to build a large radio telescope, he gave up his comfortable overseas life and returned to his motherland.*”可知,当南仁东得知中国计划建造大型射电望远镜时,他决定回国。因此他回国的目的是参与建造中国的大型射电望远镜。

2. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“*The chosen site was a remote valley in Guizhou Province where there were no roads or modern facilities in the beginning.*”可知,选址是贵州的偏远山谷,那里一开始没有公路和现代设施。

3. C 提示:推理判断题。通读全文可知,南仁东放弃国外生活,带领团队克服重重困难建造FAST,虽然他没看到FAST的所有成就,但国际天文学界以他的名字命名小行星,且FAST持续发挥作用,这都表明他的辛勤工作在FAST的成功中起到了关键作用。

4. C 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文介绍了“中国天眼”首席科学家南仁东的生平和贡献以及FAST的价值。

六、【语篇导读】本文指出与朋友旅行虽然有趣,但也会出现各种问题。

1. but 2. friendship 3. well  
4. probably 5. avoiding 6. choices  
7. angry 8. appear 9. nothing  
10. consider

### Grammar

一、1. bosses 2. purpose 3. stamps  
4. passage 5. wives 6. dentist's  
二、1. amazing 2. tiring 3. satisfied  
4. written 5. stolen 6. slowing

7. repaired 8. improving

9. encouraging 提示:此处用形容词修饰名词 stories。encouraging 意为“鼓舞人心的”。

10. Compared

三、1. B 提示:get oneself dressed in... 意为“穿好……”。

2. A 提示:sth requires doing 意为“某物需要被……”。

3. A 提示:fallen leaves 意为“落叶”。

4. B

5. D 提示:the first to do sth 意为“第一个做某事的人”;walking dictionary 意为“活字典”。

四、1. My boss is very satisfied with; sometimes asks me to do too much work

2. get tired of offering help to worried people; challenging and tiring

3. I got bored with some passages; became/got excited about; became/got interested in

4. holding a dental mirror; the purpose of brushing teeth twice a day to the nervous boy

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了杨柳学习独竹漂的经历以及她将舞蹈与独竹漂融合起来的事迹。

1. cultural 2. began 3. better

4. herself 5. adding 6. To get

7. is considered 8. difference

9. successfully 10. will know

六、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了克丽丝蒂发现一张老照片后,努力寻找“帝王湖”的故事。最终她发现这个湖不是真正的湖,而是一片充满美感的小天地。

1. She found an old photo of a girl beside Monarch Lake.

2. She searched maps and the internet. She went to the library and checked town maps.

3. She learned that beauty can be found in small and ordinary places if we look carefully. (言之有理即可)

## Integration

一、1. research 2. digitalized 3. judging  
4. condition

5. housing 提示:句中谓语动词为 has built, 因此此处用现在分词作伴随状语。

6. graduating 7. served

8. devoted 提示:devote one's life to doing sth 意为“毕生致力于做某事”。

9. daughter 10. overtourism

二、1. amazed 2. service 3. cancelling

4. requires 5. to turn

6. visiting 提示:consider doing sth 意为“考虑做某事”。

7. displayed 8. were sold

三、1. devote; to 2. made up her mind

3. contribute to 4. house

5. overtourism 6. digitalize 7. serve as  
8. research

四、1. The purpose of the art festival is to show students' creativity; judge a work just by its appearance

2. have made up our mind to donate money for medical research

3. have hearts full of love; are greatly influenced by; devote themselves to

4. graduate; to serve society; improve the living conditions of those in need around us

5. researching the environmental problems; are caused by overtourism; have come up with the idea

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了著名作家、翻译家和发明家林语堂的成就。

1. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“Later, he achieved his PhD in Germany. Lin learned about different languages and ways of thinking. This helped him become a cultural bridge between the East and the West.”可知,他在国外的经历帮助他成为东西方文化之间的桥梁。

2. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“He became well-known for telling stories about

Chinese life. In books like *My Country and My People*, he introduced Chinese ideas and daily life to Western readers.”可知,他写《吾国与吾民》等书是为了向西方读者介绍中国人是如何思考和生活的。

3. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“Lin believed that humour showed a kind, open, forward-looking and wise way of living.”可知,林语堂认为幽默使得生活有希望,所以创造了“幽默”这个词。
4. A 提示:代词指代题。根据第四段中“Lin spent years designing a Chinese typewriter. In 1947, his MingKwai typewriter finally came out. Teachers, publishers, and researchers all found it very useful.”可知,林语堂花数年时间设计了一款中文打字机,他的明快打字机问世后,老师、出版商和研究人员都觉得它很有用,所以 it 指代的是明快打字机。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了珍·古道尔研究黑猩猩并积极行动保护动物及环境的事迹。

1. People believed that humans were above nature, not part of it, and that only humans could make and use tools and communicate meaningfully.
2. She named them instead of numbering them and saw each as unique.
3. She was surprised.
4. It means even though Goodall is dead, her ideas about protecting animals and the environment still matter and push people to keep protecting the earth. (言之有理即可)
5. We can learn her spirit of exploration, her love and protection for animals, and her sense of responsibility for the environment. (言之有理即可)

七、One possible version:

### Live a more meaningful life

Life is a gift. Everyone has a different life. Having a meaningful life is very important to us.

What should we do to live a more meaningful life? There are a sea of ways.

First of all, we should be caring and responsible. For example, we can do some voluntary work. Also, we should be hard-working. Practice makes perfect. We are supposed to review what we have learned frequently and keep practising.

What's more, we should keep healthy. We are expected to do some exercise, including running, swimming and jumping. To be healthy, it is a must for us to do more exercise and have a healthy diet. Last but not least, we can have more hobbies to make our life more meaningful and colourful.

All in all, we will be happy to have such a colourful and meaningful life.

### Assessment and Further study

一、【语篇导读】作者和丈夫原本计划去巴黎一家心仪的餐厅用餐,到达后却发现该餐厅关门,于是去了隔壁看起来很普通的小餐馆,最终意外收获了美味的食物和愉快的用餐体验。

1. B 提示:open 打开;closed 关门;welcome 欢迎;unlocked 未上锁。根据下文“*But a restaurant that should be open—yet it wasn't?*”可知,这家本该营业的餐厅没有营业,因此窗户上的标识应是“关门”。
2. C 提示:careful 仔细的;serious 严肃的;calm 冷静的;modest 谦虚的。句意:他通常是个非常冷静的人。
3. B 提示:control 控制;research 研究;report 报道;guess 猜测。句意:他花了几周时间为我们的旅行调研餐厅,而 La Dilettante 在他的“必去”清单榜首!
4. A 提示:restaurant 餐馆;hotel 酒店;museum 博物馆;theatre 剧院。根据上文可知,作者与丈夫在找吃饭的地方,因此此处指另一家餐厅。
5. D 提示:promise 承诺;reply 回复;insist 坚持;agree 同意。句意:我无法相信他同意了!
6. B 提示:patiently 耐心地;curiously 好奇地;proudly 自豪地;sadly 难过地。句意:他们所有人都好奇地看着我们。

7. A 提示: follow 跟着; contact 联系; force 迫使; admire 敬佩。句意: 正当我们要离开时, 一个高大的女人朝我们招手, 让我们跟着她。
8. D 提示: ticket 票; time 时间; price 价格; menu 菜单。句意: 他回答道: “不, 咱们先看看菜单。”
9. C 提示: complain 抱怨; consider 考虑; suggest 建议; explain 解释。句意: 我再次提议: “咱们走吧。”
10. A 提示: pleased 高兴的; scared 害怕的; ashamed 羞愧的; worried 担忧的。句意: 我们放松地靠在椅子上, 满心愉悦。

二、【语篇导读】阿什利发现自家的垃圾桶屡次被弄翻, 后来发现这是一只小猫弄的。最终她收留了小猫, 奶奶还打算做适合小猫吃的包子。

1. B 提示: 推理判断题。根据第四段中“*But when I looked out of my window, I found the bin overturned again!*”及第五段中“*‘Why does this keep happening?’ I complained as it started to rain.*”可知, 阿什利发现垃圾桶又倒了, 并在开始下雨时抱怨了一句。由此可知, 她此时既惊讶又不高兴。
2. D 提示: 细节理解题。根据倒数第三段中“*Grandma, meet my new friend. He loves the smell of your cooking*”及倒数第二段“*Grandma laughed, ‘Well, it looks like I need to include some cat-friendly baozi on the menu.’*”可知, 阿什利把小猫当作新朋友, 奶奶也打算做适合小猫吃的包子, 由此可推断出这只小猫会成为阿什利的家人。
3. D 提示: 最佳标题题。通读全文可知, 全文围绕被弄翻的垃圾桶展开, 因此最佳标题为“被弄翻的垃圾桶”。

三、【语篇导读】一个富人在路上放了一块大石头, 许多人都在抱怨, 但没有人将它搬走, 最后一个小男孩将它搬走并获得了奖励。

1. provide 2. unhappy 3. hid  
4. continued 5. everyone 6. tired  
7. dark 8. badly 9. under 10. owns

四、【语篇导读】本文主要围绕“为工作而活还是为生活而工作”这一问题进行探讨, 指出工作的目的不仅是谋生, 还能助力实现个人目标、促进个人成长、推动社会

运转。

1. beyond 提示: go beyond 表示“超出”。  
2. the 3. personal 4. was driven  
5. achievement 6. practising  
7. changing 8. helps 9. to work  
10. but

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了四位中国青年在不同领域取得的杰出成就。

1. By asking questions.  
2. Wang Xingxing.  
3. He created China's first big 3A game and won a prize.  
4. They are hard-working, brave, and willing to try new things.  
5. We should pursue our dreams with perseverance and creativity. (言之有理即可)

六、One possible version:

### Life skills for the future

Nowadays, some schools are teaching life skills as well as traditional subjects. This prepares students better for life in the real world.

Schools should first prepare students for adult life by teaching them money management skills. I take a closer look at my spending habits. I take notes of where each coin has gone every day. When I have money, I usually ask my mum to help me put some in the bank.

The cooking skill is important for our survival when we are living on our own. Everyday I prepare healthy meals for myself. It can save money by dining at home. I become more independent and confident in my ability to care for myself.

In fact, we already learn many life skills while studying traditional subjects. For example, we learn teamwork by doing group projects.

All in all, I believe all schools should teach some life skills.

## Unit 5 Music speaks

### Welcome to the unit

- 一、1. bow 2. keyboard 3. musical  
4. pear-shaped 5. instrument 6. guitar
- 二、1. challenging 2. strength 3. skilled  
4. musical 5. to smile 6. dealing
- 三、1. B 2. A  
3. D 提示:这里 It 指代的是 a beautiful piece of music, 所以用被动语态。  
4. C
- 四、1. started taking guitar lessons when he was 10/at the age of 10  
2. It took me a lot of practice to play every note well  
3. My younger brother easily made a sound on the *erhu*  
4. was usually played with a bow across its four strings  
5. requires a lot of finger strength
- 五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了 29 岁的中国女孩彭静旋在法国街头演奏古筝,向世界传播中国传统文化的故事。
1. C 提示:clothing 服装;history 历史;culture 文化;festival 节日。句意:她一直致力于向世界传播中国传统文化。
2. B 提示:take 带走;see 看见;bring 带来;send 发送。句意:她经常出现在法国街头,穿着丝质汉服裙子,为路人演奏古筝。
3. C 提示:lose 失去;think 思考;arrive 到达;clean 打扫。句意:2017 年底到达法国后,她看到很多人在街头表演,但很少有人了解中国音乐。
4. A 提示:Chinese 中国的;French 法国的;American 美国的;Russian 俄罗斯的。句意见上题。
5. C 提示:floor 地板;corner 角落;street 街道;island 岛屿。句意:所以她决定在街上弹古筝。
6. D 提示:excited 兴奋的;angry 生气的;bored 无聊的;nervous 紧张的。句意:“那时我很紧张,但很多人都说他们喜欢我的表演。”彭说。
7. B 提示:paint 画画;perform 表演;check 检查;repair 修理。句意:然后她开始在周末和

节假日表演。

8. A 提示:quickly 快速地;luckily 幸运地;slowly 缓慢地;carefully 仔细地。句意:后来,她在网上发布了第一个自己弹古筝的视频,视频迅速传播开来。
9. D 提示:habit 习惯;ability 能力;part 部分;interest 兴趣。句意:越来越多的人在观看了彭的表演后对古筝产生了浓厚的兴趣。
10. B 提示:thinner 更瘦的;bigger 更大的;worse 更糟的;smaller 更小的。句意:“我希望在让世界了解中国音乐方面发挥更大的作用。”彭说。

### Reading( I )

- 一、1. bell 2. unique 3. boundaries  
4. mixture 5. worldwide 6. familiar  
7. earn 8. flowing
- 二、1. composer 2. simply 3. talented  
4. eastern 5. Born 6. controlling  
7. successfully 8. educational
- 三、1. C 提示:strange 陌生的;perfect 完美的;familiar 熟悉的;personal 个人的。句意:如果你正在学习一门新语言,先读你熟悉话题的文章会有帮助。
2. B
3. C 提示:when 当……时;until 直到;since 因为;after 在……之后。句意:——妈妈,我今天下午可以和杰克一起去玩吗?——不,你不能出去,因为你的家庭作业还没有完成。
4. C
5. D 提示:句意:——传统文化可以如此有趣!——我完全同意!这次旅行真的让历史变得鲜活起来。
- 四、1. making music with common objects  
2. Music is created without boundaries; express their unique style  
3. becoming familiar with the basic rules of chess; show an interest in joining the school club  
4. The young player's excellent performance earned him great respect and great success  
5. The engineers needed to control the speed of water flow first; build a bridge across the river

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了彼得通过录制大自然的声音来创作音乐,并强调了大自然的声音的丰富性和重要性。

1. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“He often went out to the wild with his microphone and recorded interesting sounds to put in movies or to use in his own songs.”可知,彼得录制大自然的声音是为了在他的音乐中使用其中一些声音。
2. B 提示:词义猜测题。根据第二段中“Instead of trying to capture just the sound of one animal or bird, he recorded the sound of everything all together—the animals, the trees, the wind and the earth.”可知,他没有试图只捕捉一种动物或鸟类的声音,而是把所有的声音都录制下来,故此处画线词意为“捕捉”,和 catch 词义相近。
3. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“... Peter used a computer to make a picture of all the sounds going on in a place. Each animal, bird and insect had its own place on the picture—its own notes in the music.”可知,声画是指用计算机制作的包含某个地方所有声音的图片。
4. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第四段中“Now, because of human activities, it can take up to 1,000 hours or more to get the same thing. Some of the places he has recorded over the years have slowly fallen silent.”可知,由于人类活动的影响,一些大自然的美妙声音已经消失。
5. B 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文主要介绍了彼得通过录制大自然的声音来创作音乐,并强调了大自然的声音的丰富性和重要性,所以文章主要告诉我们大自然蕴含着有待倾听的奇迹。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了作者学习小提琴的经历。

1. G 2. A 3. D 4. F 5. C

### Reading( II )

- 一、1. press 2. talented 3. composers  
4. unique 5. eastern 6. simply  
7. bell 8. flow

- 二、1. Traditional 2. mixture 3. earned

4. boundaries 5. central 6. Western  
7. was written 8. musicians

- 三、1. C 提示: awful 糟糕的; natural 自然的; common 常见的; practical 实际的。句意:在“3·15”国际消费者权益日,我们收到了很多投诉。最常见的投诉是关于服务差的。
2. B 提示: suddenly 突然; simply 简单地; 仅仅; recently 最近; nearly 几乎。句意:这段经历教会我们,文化不是一门古老的学科,而是我们可以触摸、创造并单纯享受的东西。
3. D 提示: as 当……时; 由于; since 自从; while 与……同时; unless 除非。句意:除非你听的比说的多,否则你永远不会真正理解他人。
4. C 提示:句意:——我没在餐厅看到你。可是你说过你会来的!——对此我真的很抱歉。那时我正在帮张老师搬书。
5. C 提示:句意:——我担心在运动会上我会表现不好。我可能会让同学们失望。——放轻松。你不必把自己逼得太紧。

- 四、1. the sounds of nature; getting to know great musicians worldwide through research
2. tried playing an ancient Chinese bell in Western style
3. showing great creativity in his works; he went on to study music
4. The creative artist turned everyday objects into unique musical instruments
5. The composer created a perfect mixture of traditional and modern sounds to serve as the award music for the school art festival.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了唢呐的历史、使用场景以及现代发展。

1. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“During the Ming Dynasty, the *suona* gradually became popular.”可知,唢呐在明朝逐渐流行起来。
2. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“It often provides background music for different kinds of performances, such as operas and dances. It also plays a big role in festivals and other events, like weddings or other ceremonies.”可知,唢呐经常为各种表演,如

戏剧和舞蹈,提供背景音乐,在节日和其他活动,如婚礼或其他仪式上也起着重要作用。

3. C 提示:推理判断题。根据第四段中“During one of the popular foreign singer's concerts, a young Chinese man went on stage and played the *suona*. The harmony between the sound of the *suona* and that of the electronic music set the performance on fire!”可知,在一个外国流行歌手的演唱会上,一个年轻的中国人上台演奏唢呐,唢呐的声音和电子音乐之间的和谐交融让演出非常火爆。由此可推断出,唢呐表演受到了外国观众的欢迎。
4. D 提示:推理判断题。根据最后一段中“Thanks to the efforts of Chinese artists, the *suona* has found a new life and is drawing more and more attention.”可知,由于中国艺术家的努力,唢呐获得了新生,受到越来越多的关注。
5. B 提示:最佳标题题。文章先介绍了唢呐的历史,接着介绍了唢呐的使用场景以及现代发展。结合选项可知,选项B“唢呐的历史和发展”最适合作本文的标题。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了中国传统乐器琵琶和阮的历史、特点及重要性。

1. feel 2. history 3. named  
4. hardest 5. highly 6. while 7. to  
8. musician 9. became 10. its

### Grammar

- 一、1. brain 2. rather 3. ticket  
4. performance 5. musician 6. clearly
- 二、1. Since/As 2. because 3. As/Since  
4. for 5. As/Since 6. As/Since  
7. Because of 8. because
- 三、1. C 提示:jump high 跳得高;think highly of 高度评价。
2. A 提示:句意:既然你已经完成了作业,你可以出去玩。
3. D 提示:because of 因为(后跟名词、代词或动名词);because 因为(后跟句子)。句意:他没有去电影院,不是因为坏天气,而是因为他不想看那部电影。
4. C 提示:句意:——母亲节快到了,我们为妈妈做一顿丰盛的晚餐,好吗?——好主意!但是请给我一些指导,因为我不知道如何做饭。
5. A 提示:句意:这个博物馆是一个完美的参

观场所,因为它不仅免费,而且为学生提供许多有趣的活动。

- 四、1. Since you are very familiar with this pop song; to the music  
2. Why do people think highly of the composer's musical works?  
3. She was chosen to play the lead role because she has a real gift/talent for dancing.  
4. The violinist gave a wonderful performance because of her skilled bow control.  
5. As the local press reported, many people learned about the event for the first time.

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了音乐的作用。

1. Since/As 2. As/Since 3. stressed  
4. because 5. When 6. for  
7. warmth 8. Whether 9. meaningful  
10. why

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了京剧的历史和发展现状。

1. More than two hundred years.  
2. Tao Qingmei and Guo Baochang.  
3. *Shuang Bei Deng*.  
4. It is challenged by new forms of entertainment like many traditional art forms.  
5. I plan to write some articles and make some videos about traditional arts, and then post them online to share with others and let more people know our traditional arts. (言之有理即可)

### Integration

- 一、1. concert 2. range 3. attended  
4. download 5. calming 6. quick  
7. gentle 8. country 9. American  
10. rock
- 二、1. African 2. latest 3. cowboys  
4. quicker 5. known 6. meaningful

7. stressed 8. Italian

三、1. gentle 2. to download 3. attended

4. common 5. characters 6. improving

四、1. The band showed a wide range of sounds during their concert

2. Since you like rock music, why not try to make up a song of your own?

3. Many people download classical music for its calming effect.

4. Talented students from different countries were invited to attend the international meeting.

5. The musician was able to create a moving sound because of his deep love for nature.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了一项针对超过3.6万人的实验。该实验研究人们的性格与他们喜欢的音乐风格之间的关系，发现性格会影响音乐偏好，同时也指出成长环境、社交圈和个人经历等因素也会影响音乐品味，最后建议人们尝试不同风格的音乐以体验多元文化。

1. A 提示：细节理解题。根据第一段中“The results show that personalities do influence what we listen to.”可知，研究结果表明性格会影响我们的音乐品味。

2. C 提示：推理判断题。根据Jazz下“Fans of this strong music always come up with new ideas and are good at learning.”可知，喜欢爵士乐的歌迷总是会提出新的想法，还擅长学习。由此可推断，如果丹尼尔很有创造力，他的歌单里可能会有爵士乐。

3. B 提示：细节理解题。根据最后一段中“But no matter what style you like, music is for everyone. And enjoying different types of music lets you get a taste of cultures you might not have experienced before.”可知，作者认为不管你喜欢什么风格的音乐，音乐是属于每个人的。享受不同风格的音乐可以让你领略到你以前可能没有体验过的文化。由此可知，作者给我们的建议是尝试不同风格的音乐。

4. B 提示：主旨大意题。通读全文可知，本文探讨了音乐风格与性格之间的关系，并鼓励人们尝试不同风格的音乐以丰富文化体验。

结合选项可知，选项B“你的歌单反映出你的哪些特质”概括了文章的主要内容。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了音乐如何在学校教育中发挥重要作用。

1. From 2022.

2. Five.

3. Because students learn much cooperation of body parts through music.

4. Music makes me happy and energetic.  
(言之有理即可)

七、One possible version:

### My favourite music

My favourite music is pop music. It is easy to understand and very popular with young people. Listening to it helps me make many friends who have the same interest.

My favourite singer is Michael Jackson. He was known as the “King of Pop” and had amazing talent. His songs make me feel relaxed after a hard day’s study. They also improve my English. Besides, his songs have good meanings. They encourage me to face difficulties bravely. Music plays an important role in my life, and I enjoy listening to his songs very much.

### Assessment and Further study

一、【语篇导读】鲸鱼能通过歌声表达情感，同一群体的鲸鱼会唱相同的歌，不同群体的鲸鱼则唱不同的歌。现在科学家仍在研究鲸鱼唱歌的原因。

1. B 提示：fail失败；start开始；die死亡；leave离开。句意：就在你准备欣赏时，歌曲结束了。接着，它又开始了。

2. C 提示：if如果；so因此；but但是；till直到。句意：但这种音乐实际上是由某种鲸鱼制作的。

3. C 提示：hide隐藏；forget忘记；express表达；compare比较。句意：据科学家称，有些鲸鱼通过这些歌声来表达它们的孤独感。

4. D 提示：joy高兴；envy妒忌；interest兴趣；sadness伤心。句意：它们甚至会通过唱歌来

表达失去亲人的悲伤。

5. A 提示: repeat 重复; repair 修理; refuse 拒绝; remind 提醒。句意: 这些鲸鱼的每首歌可以持续几分钟到半小时, 然后还会重复。
6. A 提示: amazing 神奇的; tiring 令人疲倦的; boring 枯燥的; worrying 令人担忧的。句意: 更令人惊奇的是, 即使相隔很远, 同一社会群体的鲸鱼也会在同一时间唱同一首歌。
7. B 提示: off 离开; together 一起; out 出去; away 离开。句意: 另一方面, 属于不同社会群体的鲸鱼即使在一起也会唱不同的歌。
8. D 提示: never 从不; seldom 很少; sometimes 有时; always 总是。句意: 音乐可能会随着时间的推移而改变, 但属于同一群体的鲸鱼总是唱同样的歌。
9. C 提示: receive 收到; support 支持; wonder 想知道; complain 抱怨。句意: 虽然科学家们研究鲸鱼的歌声已经有很长一段时间了, 他们仍然想知道为什么鲸鱼会唱歌。
10. B 提示: horror 恐怖; beauty 美丽; change 改变; energy 能量。句意: 但也许这并非坏事, 因为自然之美往往在于其神秘性。

二、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了作者放弃前景良好的商业生涯转而学习音乐的经历, 强调了从事自己热爱的事业才能获得真正的满足和成功。

1. C 提示: 细节理解题。根据第二段中“As a consequence of this example in the family, the very mention of music as a profession carried with it a picture of a risky existence with uncertain financial rewards.”可知, 父母反对作者从事音乐事业主要是因为音乐作为职业收入不稳定且风险大。
2. B 提示: 细节理解题。根据第三段中“Before my graduation from college, the family met with severe financial reverses and I felt it my duty to leave college and take a job.”可知, 作者在大学毕业前因家里经济困难而中途辍学工作。
3. C 提示: 细节理解题。根据第三段中“and aside from the satisfaction of being able to help the family, money is all I got out of it”可知, 作者从商业生涯中获得的最重要的东西是帮助家人的满足感。
4. D 提示: 词句猜测题。根据第四段中“I walked on air. I really lived. I was a free man

and I was doing what I loved to do and what I was meant to do.”可知, 作者辞去工作前往欧洲学习音乐后感到非常兴奋和自由, 因此画线句“I walked on air.”意为“我非常兴奋”。

5. A 提示: 主旨大意题。通读全文可知, 本文讲述了作者放弃前景良好的商业生涯转而学习音乐的经历, 强调了从事自己热爱的事业才能获得真正的满足和成功。

三、【语篇导读】本文讨论了艺术教育对学生的重要性。

1. creative 2. less 3. influence
4. reasons 5. development 6. require
7. future 8. better 9. success
10. shown

四、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了中国民歌《茉莉花》。

1. a 2. the first 3. both
4. appearance 5. during 6. was sung
7. its 8. playing 9. cultural
10. to achieve

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了即将在纽约上演的舞剧《白蛇》。

1. To encourage international cooperation and people-to-people exchange through cultural communication.
2. Through the creativity of Eastern stage beauty.
3. *The Tale of the White Snake*.
4. It retells the fairy story through the connection of classical ballet and Chinese classical dance.

六、One possible version:

Dear friends,

Welcome to our school. Today, I want to share something about traditional Chinese culture with you.

There are many kinds of traditional Chinese culture. Some of them have a long history. And they also have a widespread influence.

Beijing Opera comes first. As one of Chinese national treasures, Beijing Opera includes singing, speaking, acting and

acrobatic fighting. It tells stories of history, politics, society and daily life. And it's loved by Chinese people of all ages.

Next, let's talk about tea. In China, there are many different kinds of tea in different areas, such as green tea and black tea. It is good for our health.

The last one is about china. China is the hometown of china. Our china-making technology is the best in the world, and it's famous all over the world.

Thanks for your listening.

## Unit 6 The art of the brush

### Welcome to the unit

- 一、1. calligraphers 2. calligraphy  
3. inksticks 4. treasures 5. bottled  
6. solid 7. brushes 8. prefer
- 二、1. to travel 2. adding 3. has dealt  
4. yourselves 5. bottled
- 三、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. A
- 四、1. This inkstick dates back to the Tang Dynasty.  
2. Many students prefer practising calligraphy with a brush to typing on a keyboard.  
3. A good calligrapher can create beautiful works.  
4. Try writing on this type of paper, and you will notice
- 五、【语篇导读】本文作者通过讲述自己学习书法的经历,展现了中国书法的魅力。
1. C 提示:leave 离开;start 开始;创办;join 加入;support 支持。句意:那就是我加入学校书法社团的原因。
2. A 提示:brush 毛笔;pencil 铅笔;scissor 剪刀;wind 风。句意:到那里的第一天,我就对墨汁的清香和毛笔在纸上移动的轻柔声音感到惊奇。
3. B 提示:compare 比较;introduce 介绍;separate 分离;produce 生产。句意:李老师向我们介绍了书法的四个重要工具:笔、墨、纸、砚。
4. A 提示:art 艺术;custom 习俗;method 方法;

value 价值。句意:他解释道这些不仅仅是工具,也是这一传统艺术的核心部分。

5. D 提示:quickly 快速地;widely 广泛地;actively 积极地;smoothly 流畅地。句意:李老师向我们展示如何正确握笔并让笔流畅地在纸上移动时,我仔细观看。
6. B 提示:letter 字母;character 汉字;novel 小说;paragraph 段落。句意:他写的中文汉字看起来像画一样美。
7. C 提示:take in 吸收;put on 穿上;上演;pick up 拿起,捡起;set off 出发。句意:当我拿起毛笔时,书写比我想象的难得多。
8. C 提示:excited 兴奋的;scared 害怕的;embarrassed 尴尬的;surprised 惊讶的。句意:我第一次写的字乱糟糟的,这让我感到尴尬。
9. D 提示:classic 经典的;familiar 熟悉的;healthy 健康的;helpful 有帮助的,有用的。句意:幸好李老师耐心鼓励我并给我提供了有用的指导。
10. A 提示:explore 探索;require 要求;solve 解决;afford 负担得起。句意:我不仅学会了写汉字,还开始探索它们背后的含义。

### Reading( I )

- 一、1. pressure 2. characters 3. artistic  
4. final 5. characteristics 6. undoubtedly  
7. appeared 8. breath
- 二、1. pleasure 2. undoubtedly 3. pressure  
4. closely 5. importance 6. happiness  
7. patience 8. travelling
- 三、1. A 2. D 3. B
4. D 提示:句意:——你认为人工智能在未来能完全取代教师的工作吗?——不,很多任务可以由人工智能来完成,但教师的关怀永远无法被复制。
5. C 提示:句意:——女士,你因闯红灯被罚款200元。请在这里签名。——罚款?你是认真的吗?
- 四、1. When a new solution appeared, the manager encouraged us to give it a try.  
2. The students take pleasure in speaking English with their foreign teachers during the lively club activities.  
3. You can't use your phone in class

because you need to concentrate/focus on learning.

4. Although the lake looks very still, driving the small boat across it still requires a lot of attention.

5. Their performance has caught our attention since the show began.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了一个小实验：先用蜡笔画画，然后再用颜料给整幅图画上背景色。

1. B 提示：细节理解题。根据 Step 1 中“*And then draw the fish and sea plants with your crayons.*”可知，第一步需要不同颜色的蜡笔。

2. C 提示：细节理解题。根据 Step 2 中的内容可知，第二步是先在碗里倒点蓝色颜料，再加一点水搅拌以稀释颜料。结合选项可知，选项 C 的图片与题意相符。

3. D 提示：代词指代题。根据 Why it happens 中“*Your crayons are made of wax. Wax resists, or stays away from the paint.*”可知，蜡笔是由蜡做的，蜡可阻隔颜料，与颜料无法融合。由此可知，it 指代 the paint。

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了西班牙伟大艺术家毕加索的生平。

1. D 2. A 3. F 4. E 5. G

### Reading( II )

一、1. appeared 2. pride 3. final 4. still  
5. pressure 6. characteristics 7. doorway  
8. artistic

二、1. screaming 2. better 3. gradually  
4. disliked 5. walking 6. solving

三、1. D 提示：句意：亚历克斯承诺，只有他的父母同意花时间陪他，他才会表现得得体。

2. D 提示：句意：你不必找导游，因为我已经去过长城很多次了。

3. A 提示：句意：青少年时期是我们探索自己是谁，希望别人喜欢我们的时期。

4. B

5. A 提示：句意：——他太矮了，不能成为篮球运动员。——很难说。凡人皆有得意时。

四、1. Beijing Opera is undoubtedly famous at home and abroad.

2. To show my love for that ancient

Chinese character, I picked up my brush.

3. To enjoy this unique artistic form, you need to slow down and observe carefully.

4. More and more young people are beginning to take pride in traditional Chinese calligraphy.

5. Even though he is feeling down right now, we still admire his courage.

五、【语篇导读】本文是一篇应用文，主要介绍了国际剪纸艺术大赛的相关信息。

1. D 提示：细节理解题。根据表格第二行中“*The size of each entry mustn't be larger than B2-size (51.5 cm×72.8 cm).*”可知，学生应确保参赛作品尺寸不超过 B2 规格。

2. D 提示：细节理解题。根据表格第四行中“*Please write your name, grade, school name, nationality and email address on a piece of paper and send it with your entry.*”可知，学生应该提供姓名、年级、学校名称、国籍和电子邮件地址。

3. A 提示：推理判断题。通读全文可知，本文主要介绍了国际剪纸艺术大赛的相关信息。由此可推知，我们可以在网站的“文化与艺术”部分读到这篇文章。

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了宋朝著名画家文同画竹子的技巧以及“胸有成竹”这个成语的由来。

1. known 2. visited 3. secret 4. grew  
5. or 6. colours 7. what 8. lively  
9. well 10. doing

### Grammar

一、1. beautifully 2. technique 3. unfamiliar  
4. baskets 5. creative 6. instead

二、1. that/which 2. that/which  
3. that/which 4. which 5. who/that  
6. that/which

三、1. A 2. D 3. D 4. A

四、1. The pandas that we can see up close are very cute.

2. We should not forget those who have helped us.

3. The girl in red who just won the match is the pride of our whole class.
4. The meeting that took place under great pressure was very successful.
5. The person who appeared on the stage is undoubtedly the most talented singer among us.

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了作者学习书法的经历与收获。

1. have used 2. to express 3. carefully
4. with 5. a 6. meaningful 7. happiness
8. Learning 9. closer 10. As

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了中国毛笔的相关信息。

1. In the Han Dynasty.
2. Huzhou.
3. Rabbit's hair, wool and weasel's hair.
4. Yes, they are./Yes.
5. The ink brush.

### Integration

- 一、1. general 2. brushwork 3. similarity
4. present 5. expert 6. Perhaps
7. sometime 8. background
- 二、1. difference 2. are chosen
3. imagination 4. musical 5. moving
6. has directed 7. similarities
8. paintings
- 三、1. will present 2. In general
3. a great deal 4. an expert at
5. therefore 6. seem to 7. used to
8. place
- 四、1. Although he was under great pressure, he still managed to learn a great deal from the competition.
2. The expert presented the latest research results to the whole class.
3. Perhaps we will visit the museum that was designed; sometime next month
4. In general, there are many similarities
5. that took place in the first half of the 20th century has had a big influence on modern art

五、【语篇导读】本文作者通过自己的亲身经历鼓励我们用绘画自由地表达自己。

1. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第一段中“Maybe, because he thought of himself as a painter first, he was freer to play with the art of sculpture.”可知,毕加索是画家、雕塑家。
2. C 提示:推理判断题。根据第一段中“Every child is an artist. The problem is how to remain an artist once we grow up.”可知,每个孩子都是天生的艺术家,我们应该忠于自己的艺术天赋。
3. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“I'm always surprised by them. Children just put their ideas out there. They do not overthink.”可知,作者对孩子们的画感到惊喜是因为孩子们只是把他们的想法(直接)表达出来,没有过多的思考。
4. D 提示:细节理解题。根据最后一段中“Picasso painted and sculpted like a child. He expressed himself freely.”并结合文中作者的经历可知,D选项“通过我们的绘画自由地表达我们自己是重要的。”表述正确。

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了中国漆扇的历史、制作材料、工艺特点以及现代漆扇绘画这一新艺术形式,阐述了漆扇之美及其在年轻人中日益增长的人气。

1. To coat wooden objects.
2. Bamboo or wooden frames.
3. By using traditional skills.
4. Lacquer fan painting.
5. They are special/beautiful/popular. (言之有理即可)

七、One possible version:

### My favourite traditional Chinese art—Chinese calligraphy

Among the four traditional Chinese arts, Chinese calligraphy holds a special place in my heart.

It is a special art form in which artists use a brush to create beautiful characters on paper. It carries deep meanings and the artist's feelings. I got interested in it when I saw a calligrapher's work at a show.

I expect more people around the world

can enjoy its beauty. Also, I hope to see more creative forms that combine modern styles with traditional calligraphy in the future.

### Assessment and Further study

一、【语篇导读】苏轼因年少成名而骄傲自满,后经一位智者的巧妙引导,苏轼认识到学无止境,从而变得谦虚并更加努力学习,最终在多个领域取得了卓越的成就。

1. B 提示:modest 谦虚的;proud 骄傲的;wise 明智的;creative 有创造力的。句意:因此,他变得非常骄傲,并为自己写了一副对联。
2. A 提示:本句主语是 he,相应的反身代词应用 himself。句意见上题。
3. C 提示:useful 有用的;good 好的;necessary 必要的;interesting 有趣的。句意:苏轼有必要学会谦虚。
4. D 提示:句意:于是,有一天,他带着一本书来到苏轼家。
5. B 提示:句意:到目前为止,这本书我已经读了好几遍了,但仍然有一些我理解不了的难词。
6. D 提示:根据语境可知,前后半句是转折关系,应用表转折关系的连词 but。
7. B 提示:difference 差异;meaning 意思;idea 主意;spelling 拼写。句意:我问过很多人,但没有人能理解它们的意思。
8. A 提示:full of 充满;as for 至于;thanks to 多亏;because of 因为。句意:苏轼满怀信心地从老人手中接过书,但当他打开它时,他变得非常惊讶,因为里面有很多他不知道的词。
9. B 提示:excited 兴奋的;surprised 惊讶的;energetic 精力充沛的;happy 高兴的。句意见上题。
10. C 提示:hope 希望;remember 记得;realize 意识到;mention 提到。句意:就在那一刻,苏轼意识到他还有很多东西要学。
11. D 提示:give 给;ask 问;make 制作;tell 告诉。句意:他只是想告诉苏轼谦虚的重要性。
12. A 提示:句意:现在我知道你为什么来了。
13. B 提示:come 来;leave 离开;run 跑;walk

走。句意:老人微笑着离开了。

14. C 提示:句意:然后苏轼迅速拿起笔墨,在对联上加了一些字。add...to...表示“在……上添加……”。

15. A 提示:finally 最后;probably 可能;clearly 清楚地;suddenly 突然。句意:最后,苏轼在许多领域都取得了巨大的成就,尤其是在文学方面。

二、【语篇导读】本文阐述了宣纸的历史由来、制作过程、优良品质,以及其作为艺术材料与文化象征所具有的重要地位及传承价值。

1. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第一段中“Among them, the paper made in Jingxian was the best for its excellent qualities.”可知,泾县生产的宣纸因其优良品质而被认为是最好的。

2. B 提示:词义猜测题。根据画线词所在句中“like washing, boiling, and drying”可知,洗、煮、晒都是制作宣纸的过程,再结合画线词所在句后一句“Each step needs a lot of time and care.”可推断,画线词 procedures 与 steps 意思最为相近,意为“步骤”。

3. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“Because of these qualities, Xuan paper has been loved by painters and calligraphers.”可知,宣纸的品质使其受到画家和书法家的喜爱。

4. B 提示:段落大意题。第三段首句“Xuan paper is not only a material for art but also a cultural symbol.”是该段的主题句,表明宣纸不仅是艺术材料,还是文化象征,随后下文阐述了宣纸在现代中国艺术和文化传统中的重要地位,是连接古今的桥梁,能确保中国书画之美得以留存和传承。由此可知,该段主要介绍了宣纸的价值。

三、【语篇导读】本文介绍了传统工艺核雕因其创意设计和新颖构思而备受欢迎。

1. spread
2. level
3. created
4. bringing
5. carefully
6. knowledge
7. painting
8. fresh
9. bigger
10. through

四、【语篇导读】本文介绍了美国第一位著名的黄油雕塑家——卡罗琳·肖克·布鲁克斯。

1. picked 2. an 3. their 4. To draw
5. larger 6. successful 7. finally
8. were shown 9. making 10. first

五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了一位麦秆画爱好者的故事。

1. In 2015.
2. In the countryside.
3. In order to/To develop Wheat Straw Painting.
4. Wheat straw and silk.
5. She still has many things to do.

六、One possible version:

Among all the traditional Chinese art forms, my favourite is Chinese calligraphy. It is a beautiful art of writing Chinese characters with brushes and ink, which has a history of thousands of years.

I love calligraphy for two reasons. First, it helps me relax and focus. When I write with a brush, I feel peaceful. Second, it shows the beauty of Chinese culture. Every stroke has its own meaning and style.

To pass down this art, we can take calligraphy classes and practise regularly. Also, schools can organize calligraphy competitions to encourage more students to learn it.

Let's work together to keep this wonderful tradition alive!

## Unit 7 The big screen

### Welcome to the unit

- 一、1. documentaries 2. comedies
3. Cartoon 4. romance 5. Action
6. contributions 7. risk 8. moments

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了电影的重要性以及最让作者感动的电影类型。

1. watching cartoons and documentaries
2. funny characters
3. comedies
4. Chinese heroes

5. risk their lives
6. make a contribution to
7. warm our hearts

三、1. D 2. B 3. C

4. B 提示:句意:这部电影让角色——朱迪·霍普斯和尼克·王尔德回归。他们的关系已超越伙伴。

5. D 提示:journey 旅行; movie 电影; story 故事; book 书。句意:生活就像一本书,还有许多我们未曾阅读的页面。我们应该努力去探索它。

四、1. is crazy about science fiction films; they can open his mind to the future and the universe

2. Most comedies and cartoons are full of happy and funny moments that can help us relax.

3. Could you tell me what your favourite type of films is and why you like it best?

4. Heroes in action films are always willing to risk their lives to protect others.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了电影《飞驰人生2》的主要内容及传达的精神。

1. A 提示:comedy 喜剧; documentary 纪录片; drama series 连续剧; game show 电视竞赛节目。句意:这是一部喜剧,非常令人兴奋。

2. C 提示:decide 决定; hope 希望; offer 主动提出; donate 捐赠。句意:当一位老汽车厂厂长主动提出资助他参加巴音布鲁克拉力赛时,张立刻答应了。

3. C 提示:句意:他们面临许多问题,并一起努力解决了这些问题。by 是介词,其后应用动名词形式。

4. B 提示:句意:他们比赛不只是为了奖品,还是为了(享受)比赛的乐趣和他们之间的友谊。not just... but... 表示“不只是……还是……”。

5. C 提示:句意:这部电影表明,有了技能、勇气和合作,梦想就会成真。主句是一般现在时,从句可根据实际情况使用相应时态,此处表示梦想会成真,应用一般将来时。

### Reading( I )

- 一、1. cancer 2. all-time 3. marks

4. appearance 5. actresses 6. loss

7. princess 8. discovered

二、1. based 2. passed 3. more peacefully

4. appearance 5. tireless 6. loss

7. beginning 8. to play

三、1. D 提示: charm 魅力; career 职业, 事业; position 位置; 职位; effort 努力。句意: 我们的英语老师经常告诉我们, 人人都渴望的成功, 若没有努力, 就永远无法获得。

2. C 提示: imagine 想象; challenge 挑战; discover 发现; create 创造。句意: 现在中国的许多博物馆使用新技术, 如 AR 和 VR, 来发现古代文化, 让历史在年轻游客面前变得鲜活而精彩。

3. A 提示: 句意: 基于她小说改编的这部电影是一个巨大的成功!

4. C

四、1. The arrival of spring marks the beginning of the best season of the year.

2. Our final decision was made based on the teacher's advice.

3. The movie is about the loss of hope, and he played the lead.

4. Through years of hard work, she received many important awards in her lifetime.

5. The great writer passed away peacefully at the age of 85

五、【语篇导读】本文节选自电影《阿甘正传》的剧本, 描述了主角阿甘第一次乘坐校车上学的经历, 并通过“画外音”揭示阿甘的内心感受。

1. A 提示: 推理判断题。根据“FORREST (Voice-over): I remember the bus ride on the first day of school very well”等可知, Voice-over 用于揭示阿甘的内心想法和感受。

2. B 提示: 细节理解题。根据“FORREST (Voice-over): I had never seen anything so beautiful...”和“And next to Mum, nobody ever talked to me.”可知, 当珍妮让阿甘坐在她旁边时, 阿甘感到开心和感激。

3. B 提示: 语意推断题。根据“Momma says stupid is as stupid does.”可知, 妈妈告诉阿甘做傻事的人才是傻瓜, 即如果你做了傻事, 你就是傻瓜。

4. D 提示: 推理判断题。根据“You do your very best now, Forrest.”和“Momma says stupid is as stupid does.”可推断, 阿甘的妈妈常鼓励他勇敢。

六、【语篇导读】本文是对加拿大地质学家兼物理学家米卡的采访, 介绍了她作为好莱坞科学顾问的工作情况。

1. D 2. A 3. C 4. F 5. E

### Reading( II )

一、1. radios 2. stars 3. appearance

4. marks 5. aided 6. discovered

7. cancer 8. peacefully

二、1. a big success 2. became world-famous

3. played the lead role of

4. won many awards 5. feel sad about

6. caught my attention

7. during his lifetime 8. lived through

三、1. B 提示: 第一空修饰名词 performance, 需要用形容词 last。第二空在句中作谓语, 描述过去发生的事, 需要用动词的过去式 lasted。

2. C

3. D 提示: on 在……上面; till 直到; between 在……之间; through 穿过; 自始至终。句意: 你永远不能指望一个三岁的孩子撑着看完脱口秀。

4. B 提示: I don't think so 我不这么认为; sounds great 听起来不错; maybe next time 或许下次吧; that depends 视情况而定。句意: ——工作完成了。我饿得像头熊。(来点)意大利面怎么样? ——听起来不错。我保证你永远不会饿着肚子离开。

四、1. A number of new faces made an appearance at this year's school sports meeting.

2. The scientist spent most of his time working closely with his team to develop new technology that could help protect the environment.

3. The teacher was so tireless that everyone respected him.

4. This radio programme helped me discover my new love for music.

5. He performed so wonderfully in the

speech contest that he caught the judges' attention

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了在数字时代人们用倍速观看视频的现象,并探讨了其影响。

1. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“He can see all the exciting parts without spending too much time.”可知,乔尔喜欢用二倍速观看体育视频是因为他可以在不花费太多时间的情况下看到所有的精彩部分。
2. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第四段中“But this habit can make them less patient in real life.”可知,这种习惯会让人们在日常生活中变得缺乏耐心。
3. D 提示:最佳标题题。文章开头引出倍速观看视频的现象,随后分别讨论了支持者和反对者的观点,最后提出观点“有些事情不应匆忙做”。结合选项可知,选项D“加速还是不加速?”最适合作标题。

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了奥斯卡奖的起源、别称的由来、历年颁奖典礼上的趣事,以及中国电影在奥斯卡奖上的表现和人们对中国电影的期待。

1. beginning
2. receive 提示: receive the awards 表示“获奖”。
3. reminded 提示: remind sb of... 意为“使某人想起……”。
4. event 5. foreign 6. happiness
7. Since 8. success
9. expect 提示: expect to do sth 意为“期待做某事”。
10. winners

### Grammar

- 一、1. parked 2. supporting 3. inspiring  
4. actors 5. mistook 6. stole  
7. handsome 8. storyteller
- 二、1. Though/Although 2. such a difficult  
3. so that 4. so that 5. so delicious that
- 三、1. D 提示:第一空的中心词为 show,因此第一空用 such;而 many/much/few/little 前只能用 so,不能用 such,因此第二空用 so。  
2. C

3. A 提示: although 尽管; till 直到; because 因为; since 自从。句意:虽然蠡园里有很多人,但因为它的特殊设计它仍然是一个必看的园林。

4. D 提示: with pleasure 乐意效劳; that depends 视情况而定; don't mention it 不客气; don't worry 别担心。句意:——快点! 毕业晚会将于今晚七点半开始。我们只剩五分钟了。——别担心。时钟快了十分钟。

四、1. We left home early in the morning to avoid rush hour, so that we could get to the airport on time.

2. The little girl's wonderful performance has stolen the show at the evening party.

3. We took so many pictures that our phone was full of beautiful memories.

4. She practised speaking English every day so that she could talk with foreigners freely.

5. Although he looked familiar, I mistook him for someone else.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了网剧《逃出大英博物馆》。它引发了人们对流失海外的文物的关注。

1. creative 2. Although/Though
3. was made 4. videos 5. to learn
6. deeply 7. her 8. shows 9. In
10. discussion

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了电影《疯狂动物城2》。

1. On November 26, 2025.
2. Best Animated Feature.
3. Nearly ten years.
4. In new areas of the city.
5. Because their journey is exciting, fun and warm.

### Integration

- 一、1. price 2. world-class 3. film-maker  
4. filmed 5. shoot 6. touching  
7. fighters 8. elder 9. directors
- 二、1. be chosen 2. more suitable 3. editor

4. were shooting 5. was involved  
6. touching

三、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了由申奥执导的电影《南京照相馆》。

1. attention 2. hide 3. suddenly  
4. is connected to 5. so that

四、1. The famous director plans to shoot a new panda movie in China next year.

2. This wonderful documentary brought those historical characters to life through old photos and stories.

3. Thanks to Amy's wonderful speech, the characters in the story seemed to come to life.

4. Although the task was difficult, he got support from his team and finally achieved his goal.

5. No matter how high the price is, you cannot buy such a touching moment.

五、【语篇导读】本文主要围绕“漫画是否属于艺术品”这一话题展开论述。

1. D 提示:细节理解题。根据第四段中“For example, some cartoons tend to deal with very recent issues... However, in a few years, the people who look at the cartoons may not know anything about that news item. This means that they will not understand what the cartoon is about. Additionally, some people argue that cartoons take less time to make than other works of art, so they are not true pieces of art.”可知,部分人认为漫画不是艺术品的原因之一是有些漫画只涉及近期事件,缺乏持久价值,多年后人们可能因不了解相关背景而无法理解其含义。

2. A 提示:词义猜测题。根据第三段中“People need to travel to museums to see famous works of art, but a cartoon is as near as the newspaper or the internet.”可知,人们需前往博物馆才能看到著名艺术品,而漫画在报纸或互联网上就能轻易看到。由此可推断出,advantage表示“更好的事物,优势”,与something better同义。

3. B 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文主要围绕“漫画是否属于艺术品”这一话题展开论述。

4. C 提示:推理判断题。根据第三段中“Cartoons have an advantage over the works of art you see in museums too. People need to travel to museums to see famous works of art, but a cartoon is as near as the newspaper or the internet.”可知,人们更容易看漫画,与题干句子衔接紧密。因此,该句最适合放在第三段结尾。

六、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了动画电影《哪吒2》中的文物。

1. A Chinese animated movie.
2. At Sichuan's Sanxingdui Museum.
3. Because they can protect against evil and fire.
4. I think it's meaningful. Because it helps young viewers connect with China's history in a fun way and it also teaches audiences about traditions. (言之有理即可)

七、One possible version:

Dear chairperson,

I'm really excited to answer your questionnaire from the Film-lover Club. Among all types of films, I like cartoons the most. They're so colourful and full of amazing adventures. Watching them makes me feel happy and relaxed, like entering a dream world full of wonders.

My favourite film character is SpongeBob SquarePants. He impresses me with his cheerful personality. Even when things go wrong, he keeps smiling and finds joy in little things. His positive spirit encourages me to face challenges bravely in my daily life and spread happiness.

I'm eager to share more film experiences with the club members!

Yours,  
Liu Qi

### Assessment and Further study

一、【语篇导读】作者在九年级时对化学元素铍产生了浓厚的兴趣。然而,在课堂上,他因玩游戏被老师制止而感到愤怒。后

来,老师送给作者一个钽晶体作为礼物,让作者深感悔意并努力弥补过错。最终,这个晶体成了师生之间增进理解的契机。

1. D 提示:scare 使害怕;harm 伤害;contact 联系;attract 吸引。句意:很快,一种特殊的元素钽吸引了我。
2. A 提示:chance 机会;duty 职责;position 位置;situation 情况。句意:每当有机会,我都会在同学们面前谈论它,但他们总是发出奇怪的笑声,这让我感到不舒服。
3. A 提示:uncomfortable 不舒服的;guilty 愧疚的;modest 谦虚的;inactive 不活跃的。句意见上题。
4. C 提示:excited 兴奋的;tired 累的;bored 无聊的;surprised 惊讶的。句意:我感到很无聊,决定在桌面上玩游戏。
5. D 提示:promise 承诺;career 职业;plan 计划;rule 规则。句意:然而,我们的化学老师黑尔老师强调了她的规则:在她的课上只允许做作业,不允许画画或玩游戏。
6. A 提示:句意:为什么她就不能(can't)让我休息一下放松自己呢?
7. B 提示:explain 解释;suppose 猜想;remember 记住;complain 抱怨。句意:那一刻,我想她已经意识到我很生气了!
8. D 提示:limited 有限的;secret 秘密的;silent 沉默的;slow 慢的。句意:我的心开始跳得很快,但我的动作很慢。
9. A 提示:before 在……之前;after 在……之后;whenever 无论何时;unless 除非。句意:我觉得我可能要花几个小时才能走到她的桌子前。
10. B 提示:句意:打开它,看看我给你带来什么(what)。
11. A 提示:word 话;courage 勇气;order 顺序;patience 耐心。句意:我欣喜若狂,一次又一次地感谢她,直到我词穷。
12. B 提示:pleased 满意的;angry 生气的;wounded 受伤的;wise 明智的。句意:我在这里生她的气,但她一直记得我喜欢什么,努力给我带来礼物。
13. C 提示:review 评论;standard 标准;memory 记忆;diary 日记。句意:回忆涌上心头:她总是让我们参与她的课堂……

14. C 提示:hide 隐藏;lose 失去;repeat 重复;develop 培养。句意:……和我的同学不同,当我重复我对钽的喜爱时,她总是耐心地听我说。

15. B 提示:praise 表扬;matter 重要;explore 探索;prepare 准备。句意:在我心里,这个晶体意义重大——它不仅是一个礼物,更是一次让老师和学生更好地理解彼此的机会。

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了一位喜剧编剧的成长经历,以及她对即兴喜剧和小品创作的理解与看法。

1. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“*In 2016, she took an improv comedy course in Shanghai and fell in love with this art form.*”可知,她是通过一门即兴喜剧课程开始爱上喜剧的。

2. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第四段中“*Before the show is filmed, writers and actors must change something to improve their scripts all the time based on audience feedback.*”可知,编剧和演员会根据观众的反馈不断修改剧本。

3. C 提示:推理判断题。根据第五段中“*‘For example, if you’re angry with someone who loves telling others what to do, you can turn that feeling into a ‘game’,’ Wang said. In this case, the ‘game’ can be a person who lectures others anytime and anywhere. With this idea, the writer can then decide the setting and character relationships to make the show as funny as possible.*”可知,“game”指的是从不愉快的情绪中衍生出来的有趣想法。

4. C 提示:主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文主要介绍了一位喜剧编剧的成长经历,以及她对即兴喜剧和小品创作的理解与看法。因此本文的主要目的是分享王创作喜剧的经验和看法。

三、【语篇导读】本文介绍了电影《得闲谨制》的相关内容。

1. traditional
2. known
3. spending
4. somewhere
5. peacefully
6. mistook
7. enemy
8. immediately
9. courage
10. impossible

四、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了《狮子王》系

列电影的发展历程,特别是《狮子王:木法沙传奇》的剧情梗概和创新之处。

1. have followed
2. watching
3. until
4. how
5. was accepted
6. second 提示:此处表示又一个孩子,a+序数词表示“又一,再一”。
7. difficulties
8. teaches
9. further 提示:a step further 表示“更进一步”。
10. in

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了为纪念中国人民抗日战争暨世界反法西斯战争胜利80周年的电影《南京照相馆》。

1. The story happens when Japanese soldiers took control of Nanjing.
2. Inside a photo studio.
3. Clear proof of the awful crimes Japanese soldiers committed all over the city.
4. 15 years old.
5. Important. Because it helps us remember the painful history. (言之有理即可)

六、One possible version:

I like films best, especially English films.

I like English films for two main reasons. First, they help me improve my English listening and speaking skills in a fun way. Second, I can learn about different cultures and stories from around the world through them.

However, I also face some problems. Sometimes the characters speak too fast for me to follow, and some idioms or jokes are hard to understand. To solve these problems, I usually watch films with English subtitles first, and then rewatch them without subtitles. I also look up new words and expressions in a dictionary after watching.

Watching English films is not only a hobby but also a great way to help me learn and grow.

## Unit 8 The world of literature

### Welcome to the unit

- 一、1. classic 2. events 3. unless  
4. language 5. literature 6. novels
- 二、1. poem 2. Novels 3. play 4. classic  
5. short stories 6. literature
- 三、1. C 2. D
3. A 提示:attention 注意,关注;choice 选择;standard 标准;influence 影响。句意:——你读过《同一片辽阔天空》这本书吗?它刚刚获得了纽伯瑞儿童文学奖!——当然!这个奖项让作家莱萨受到了全世界的关注。
4. D 提示:句中的 already 是现在完成时的标志词,强调“完成写作”这个动作对现在造成了影响。
5. C 提示:I think so 我认为是这样;that's right 没错,对的;you're welcome 不客气;that's not the case 事实并非如此。句意:——谢谢你带我去德基艺术博物馆看《金陵图》数字艺术展。——不客气。我真的很高兴你喜欢它。
- 四、1. we should take our time to enjoy the wonderful world that books bring to us  
2. In this novel; experiences a surprising event that changes his life completely  
3. If you read this poem again and again; find the beauty in its simple language  
4. Reading classic literature can help us learn more about history and different cultures.
- 五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了作者与作家亚历克斯的对话和作者十年前爬华山的经历。
1. C 提示:celebration 庆祝;invitation 邀请;conversation 谈话;pronunciation 发音。句意:在我们谈话的最后,我问他:“作为一名作家,你一定喜欢写作,对吧?”
2. A 提示:add 补充说;remind 提醒;announce 宣布;suggest 建议。句意:他想了一会儿,补充道:“当写作给我自豪感的时候,我才喜欢写作。”
3. B 提示:funnier 更有趣的;harder 更难的;lighter 更轻的;simpler 更简单的。句意:有些文章写起来比其他的更难。

4. D 提示: organizer 组织者; writer 作家; manager 经理; reader 读者。句意: 有时候, 我不确定你和读者们是否会喜欢我的文章。
5. A 提示: reply 回答; advice 建议; talent 天赋; praise 表扬。句意: 亚历克斯的回答让我想起了十年前的一次旅行。
6. D 提示: silence 沉默; walk 步行; stay 停留; ride 车程。句意: 乘了一小段车后, 我和朋友们到了华山的半山腰。
7. C 提示: look around 环顾四周; look down 向下看; look up 向上看; look out 小心。句意: 当我们仰望它的顶峰时, 有些人想放弃。
8. B 提示: warn 警告; encourage 鼓励; order 命令; promise 承诺。句意: 我们的导游鼓励我们继续前进, 说道: “你们会为自己的选择感到遗憾的。”
9. D 提示: boring 无聊的; relaxing 令人放松的; interesting 有趣的; challenging 有挑战性的。句意: 这是东峰最著名、最具挑战性的景点。
10. A 提示: pull 拉; point 指; laugh 笑; knock 敲。句意: 我们拉着铁链爬上了近乎垂直的岩壁。
11. C 提示: energetic 精力充沛的; scared 害怕的; proud 自豪的; modest 谦虚的。句意: 但当我们回头看时, 我们感到自豪。
12. B 提示: control 控制; climb 攀爬; count 数数; check 检查。句意: 那天我们最终爬上了华山的三个顶峰。
13. D 提示: longer 更长的; wider 更宽的; deeper 更深的; steeper 更陡峭的。句意: 在一些地方, 我们甚至走了更陡峭的路。
14. C 提示: straight 直的; cheerful 愉快的; difficult 困难的; practical 实际的。句意: 我们发现我们爬得越困难, 我们就越感到自豪。
15. A 提示: provide 提供; protect 保护; connect 连接; calm 使平静。句意: 现在有些山为游客提供了更轻松的上山方式——乘坐自动扶梯。

### Reading ( I )

- 一、1. branches 2. apartment  
3. masterpiece 4. blew 5. sense  
6. remained 7. against

二、1. foolish; fools 2. strongly 3. lying

4. to remain 5. will be sold 6. died

三、1. C 提示: 句意: ——眼见未必为实。如果我们不了解整个故事, 我们就不应该评判任何人或任何事。——我完全同意。设身处地为他人着想, 我们才能真正理解他们。

2. B 提示: 句意: 平静的大海培养不出优秀的水手。所以, 在我们人生的航行中, 不要害怕风暴。

3. A

4. C 提示: require 需要; respect 尊重; remain 仍然是; record 记录。句意: 虽然我交了很多新朋友, 但南希仍然是我最好的朋友。

5. B 提示: 句意: ——米莉, 我们想发放关于保护海洋动物的传单。你愿意加入我们吗? ——为什么不呢? 保护它们是每个人的责任。

四、1. seems to have something to do with the ending of the short story

2. If you get the chance to read, just take your time and enjoy the wonderful world of literature.

3. It doesn't make any sense to cut down all the trees just to build more factories.

4. While she burned with fever, she kept reading her favourite novel to make herself feel better.

5. There was clear anger in his voice when he talked about the noisy apartment next door.

五、【语篇导读】本文改编自《杀死一只知更鸟》。孩子们询问父亲为什么要为汤姆辩护, 父亲向孩子们阐释了勇气的含义, 最终孩子们在目睹庭审过程后, 理解了父亲。

1. B 提示: 推理判断题。根据第一段中“On a hot afternoon after a thunderstorm, in Maycomb, other kids were having fun swimming in the river.”可知, 故事发生在一个雷雨后的炎热下午, 孩子们在河里游泳。这种天气和活动通常出现在夏季。

2. A 提示: 语意推断题。根据第二段中阿蒂克斯所说的“Courage is knowing you will surely lose before you begin, but you begin anyway and

see it through no matter what happens”可知,勇气是你在开始之前就知道自己注定会输,但你依然义无反顾地去做,并且不管发生什么都坚持到底。由此可推断出,该短语意为“坚持到底”。

3. D 提示:细节理解题。第一段中“But Scout and her brother Jem sat on their porch, watching Atticus Finch, their father, return home from work.”对应②;第二段中“Scout, courage isn't a man with a gun in his hand. Courage is knowing you will surely lose before you begin, but you begin anyway and see it through no matter what happens”对应④;第四段中“Weeks later, when Atticus defended Tom Robinson, Scout and Jem watched quietly.”对应③;第四段中“Though the jury found Tom guilty in the end”对应①。因此正确顺序为②④③①。

4. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第四段中“Scout realized something important: Atticus defended Tom Robinson, not because it was easy, but because it showed justice”可知,斯库特最终理解了阿蒂克斯为汤姆辩护的真正原因——不是因为容易,而是为了正义。

六、【语篇导读】本文介绍了陆游的多种身份,包括诗人、政治家、美食家和爱猫人士,展示了陆游丰富的人生。

1. D 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. C

## Reading( II )

一、1. anger 2. bedside 3. beat  
4. masterpiece 5. remained 6. fool

二、1. leaves 2. fallen 3. has changed  
4. was 5. completed

三、1. C 提示:句中时间状语“for quite a few years”常用于现在完成时,且常与延续性动词连用。

2. C 提示:句意:——西蒙,你游得真好。你是小时候学的游泳吗?——哦,事实是我二十岁才会游泳。

3. B 提示:express 表达;impress 使印象深刻; succeed 成功;present 呈现。句意:科幻小说作家刘慈欣用他富有想象力的作品,如《流浪地球》系列和《三体》,给世界留下了深刻的印象。

4. B 提示:句意:在这个故事中,“hesitates”这个词可能意味着“感到不确定和行动迟缓”。

5. B 提示:句意:——你听说了吗?老板终于要在下个月给大家涨工资了!——真的吗?我以为我们会永远免费工作呢。

四、1. The leaves fell slowly from the trees when the wind was blowing gently

2. The story has a surprise ending that makes readers think deeply about the true meaning of love, life and kindness.

3. The last leaf stayed on the tree and became the old painter's greatest masterpiece.

4. The wild wind blew strongly, yet the leaf remained on the branch.

5. The poet wrote his most touching poem because of being out in the cold all night.

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了文学对我们生活的影响。

1. D 提示:篇章结构题。第一段总述阅读文学作品对青少年有很多好处。第二、三、四、五段具体阐述了阅读文学作品对我们的好处;第六段总结阅读文学作品的好处。故文章结构为总——分——总。

2. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“Reading a lot of books introduces us to new words and phrases, which makes us better at expressing our thoughts and ideas. The more we read, the more we pick up different ways to speak and write.”可知,文学让我们接触新的单词和短语,帮助我们更好地表达自己的想法与观点。我们读得越多,就越能学到不同的说话和写作方式。所以文学是通过展示新的表达想法的方式来培养我们的语言能力。

3. B 提示:细节理解题。根据第四段中“Another great thing about literature is how it encourages us to think deeply. For example, when we read, we might wonder why a character makes a certain choice or what the story really means.”可知,第四段提到思考角色的选择是为了展示阅读如何帮助我们深入思考事物。

4. C 提示:最佳标题题。通读全文可知,本文主要介绍了文学对我们生活的影响。结合选项可知,选项C“文学塑造了我们的生活”最

适合作标题。

六、【语篇导读】本文讲述了四川成都17岁高中生吴雅朵将经典文学改编成手绘动画视频,让经典文学在数字时代焕发生机的故事。

1. famous
2. attracted
3. works
4. noticing
5. together
6. song
7. draw
8. create
9. method
10. impossible

### Grammar

- 一、1. widely 2. fairs 3. realized  
4. classic 5. remained
- 二、1. unless 2. If 3. If 4. Unless 5. If  
6. If
- 三、1. D 提示:if 如果;when 当……时;because 因为;unless 除非。句意:除非你经常复习所学内容,否则你不会在英语上取得太大进步。
2. D 提示:句意:——据报道,塑料污染正在严重侵害着全球海洋。——是的,我认为除非有更强有力的法律被制定出来,否则情况会更加糟糕。
3. A 提示:句意:技术可以有很大的帮助,如果我们努力去控制它并正确使用它。
4. C 提示:句意:——你最近一直在锻炼吗?你现在看起来瘦多了、漂亮多了。——谢谢。今天你让我很开心。
- 四、1. If you really want to improve your writing skills; you must put in time and energy  
2. If we don't save energy, we will probably run out of it  
3. Unless this new method is widely used, it won't really work in daily life.  
4. If you can't find the books you need, you can ask the librarian where they are.  
5. Unless you understand the context, what he said won't make sense to you at all.
- 五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了中国古典文学学者叶嘉莹的生平及其为推广中国古典诗歌所作出的贡献。
1. at
  2. was introduced
  3. who

4. universities
5. first
6. its
7. successfully
8. lived
9. teaching
10. but

六、【语篇导读】本文改编自查尔斯·狄更斯的《雾都孤儿》,讲述了孤儿奥利弗的悲惨童年经历。

1. She asked to see her baby.
2. Because he often said he was hungry.
3. Oliver Twist's life was very hard and miserable because he was an orphan with little food or love, and was often beaten and locked up by the housekeeper. (言之有理即可)

### Integration

- 一、1. enemies 2. lasting 3. doorbells  
4. writings 5. image 6. mirrors  
7. throne 8. seats
- 二、1. unable 2. lasting 3. hurried  
4. rang 5. to express 6. wealth  
7. uncommon 8. has influenced
- 三、1. is full of strong feelings  
2. according to her duty  
3. nor more nor less  
4. except for  
5. more than words can say  
6. shows respect for  
7. have lasting value  
8. comes of nothing
- 四、1. Poets and writers often use simple but powerful words to describe beautiful images in nature  
2. If he doesn't show up on time, we'll be unable to start the class  
3. Hurry up, or we won't be able to get good seats  
4. Happiness comes not from money or expensive things but from  
5. The trip won't impress you a lot unless you experience the local colour.
- 五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了莎士比亚的成就及影响力。

1. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段中“His surviving works include about 38 plays, 154 sonnets (verses with 14 lines), two long narrative poems, and several other poems.”可知,莎士比亚的现存作品包括38部戏剧、154首十四行诗、2首长篇叙事诗以及其他诗歌,合计超过194部。
2. C 提示:细节理解题。根据第三段中“At the age of 18, he married Anne Hathaway”可知,a最先发生;根据第三段中“Between 1585 and 1592, he worked in London as an actor, a writer, and a part-owner of a playing company.”可知,d在a之后;根据第四段中“He then wrote mainly tragedies (sad dramas that make audience feel scared or pitiful) until about 1608, including *Hamlet*, *King Lear*, and *Macbeth*.”可知,e在d之后;根据第四段中“In his last days, he wrote tragicomedies (dramas that are both sad and funny) and cooperated with other writers.”可知,c在e之后;根据第三段中“He appeared to retire and went back to Stratford around 1613, where he died three years later.”可知,b最后发生。所以正确顺序是a-d-e-c-b。
3. B 提示:细节理解题。根据最后一段中“In the 20th century, his works were repeatedly used and rediscovered by new movements in scholarship and performance. His plays remain highly popular today and are constantly studied, performed and re-explained in different cultural and political contexts all over the world.”可知,莎士比亚的作品具有持久影响力,当今仍不断被演绎和研究。
4. B 提示:细节理解题。根据最后一段中“Shakespeare was a respected poet and writer in his own day, but his reputation did not rise to its present heights until the 19th century.”可知,莎士比亚的作品直到19世纪才像现在这样出名。

六、【语篇导读】本文改编自《金银岛》，讲述了吉姆逃到山脚下后遇到被困岛屿的本·冈恩，两人交流岛上情况并约定一起逃生的故事。

1. At the bottom of a hill.
2. Because he remembered that he had a pistol.

3. For three years.
4. He was a man with one leg.
5. He loved money./He was helpful./He was poor./He was clever. (言之有理即可)

七、One possible version:

Dear teachers and classmates,

It's my great honour to talk about my favourite literary work today. It is *The Old Man and the Sea* by Ernest Hemingway.

The story tells about an old fisherman who fights against a huge fish alone. Although he has gone many days without catching a fish, he never gives up. He is brave and strong-minded.

I love this work because the old man has impressed me a lot. He teaches me that we should be confident and keep trying even when we face difficulties. His spirit has lasting values and encourages me to be a better person.

Reading this work helps me learn about good qualities like courage and hope.

I really hope everyone can read it and learn something valuable from it.

Thank you!

### Assessment and Further study

一、【语篇导读】本文讲述了“塞翁失马，焉知非福”的典故。

1. C 提示:根据下文“People appreciated the old man's expertise and integrity and travelled from far and wide to buy horses from him.”可知,老人以养马闻名,且后文多次提到马的重要性,由此可推断句意:对他来说最珍贵的东西是他的儿子和他的马。
2. B 提示:as当……时;while尽管;unless除非;because因为。句意:尽管其他人会绝望,但老人保持冷静。
3. B 提示:calm冷静的;worried担心的;happy开心的;surprised惊讶的。句意:他对他的邻居说,“为什么要担心?没人知道马会逃跑。木已成舟。”

4. D 提示:play 玩;live 居住;fight 战斗;return 回来。句意:几天后,种马带着一匹耀眼的白色母马回来了。
5. A 提示:nobody 没有人;somebody 某人;anybody 任何人;everybody 每个人。句意:经过一番询问,确认没有人丢失马匹后,这个人把这匹罕见的白马添加进自己的马厩。
6. A 提示:leg 腿;arm 胳膊;heart 心脏;spirit 精神。句意:儿子摔断了腿,从此走路一瘸一拐。
7. D 提示:story 故事;crash 碰撞;change 变化;accident 事故。句意:但那个人只是耸耸肩说:“事故难免会发生。”
8. A 提示:enemy 敌人;athlete 运动员;officer 官员;explorer 探险家。句意:两年后,敌人入侵了这个人的国家。
9. C 提示:serve 服务;limit 限制;include 包括;control 控制。句意:这个人的所有邻居都被提拔到军事岗位,不得不去抵抗入侵,但他的儿子却因为跛脚而没有被包括在内。
10. B 提示:easy 容易的;hard 困难的;safe 安全的;dangerous 危险的。句意:有时很难分辨好运与厄运!

二、【语篇导读】本文探讨了诗歌捕捉人类精神的能力,以及人工智能创作诗歌的局限性,强调了人类情感的独特性。

1. A 提示:细节理解题。根据第二段“To know the special ability of poetry to capture the human spirit, the United Nations holds World Poetry Day on March 21 each year.”可知,设立世界诗歌日是为了了解诗歌捕捉人类精神的特殊能力。
2. C 提示:推理判断题。根据最后一段中“A computer may be able to create poems that are correct in both grammar and style, but it wouldn't be able to get the same meanings and feelings across as a human poet could.”可知,计算机无法像人类一样表达情感。
3. C 提示:最佳标题题。通读全文可知,本文探讨了诗歌捕捉人类精神的能力,以及人工智能创作诗歌的局限性,强调了人类情感的独特性。结合选项可知,选项C“人类还是计算机创作的诗”最适合作标题。

三、【语篇导读】本文介绍了诗仙李白和诗圣

杜甫以及他们的友谊。

1. little 2. about 3. answer  
4. important 5. arms 6. met  
7. mixed/met 8. line 9. lasting  
10. encourage

四、【语篇导读】本文介绍了英国作家查尔斯·狄更斯的生平。

1. eldest 2. from 3. to move  
4. was put 5. things 6. were  
7. studied 8. telling 9. wounded  
10. death

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了人们对人工智能创作的诗歌和新可口可乐广告的看法,提出了人工智能能否取代人类的创造力的问题。

1. People found the AI poems more “easy” and “understandable”.
2. Some people think they are “scared” “lifeless” and “sad”, while others say they are a “game-changer”.
3. I think some simple translation work may be replaced by AI. Because AI can quickly search for words and phrases in its huge database and give translations. (言之有理即可)

六、One possible version:

### The beauty of literature in my life

Literature is like a bright light in my life. It brings me joy and teaches me many valuable things.

When I read great works, I learn about different stories and good qualities such as courage and kindness. Literature helps me understand the world better and improves my writing skills too. It calms my heart and gives me strength when I meet difficulties.

The beauty of literature enriches my life and leads me to grow into a better person. I will keep reading and enjoy its beauty forever.

## 周周练参考答案

### Unit 1 周周练 1

- 一、1. standards 2. neither 3. remain  
4. mentioned 5. probably 6. Opposites  
7. challenges 8. organized  
9. passengers 10. order
- 二、1. succeed 2. winners 3. imagination  
4. exactly 5. managers' 6. confident  
7. careless 8. Encouragement
- 三、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. B
- 四、1. have decided on where to go; discussed  
it carefully with our family  
2. Her hard work and kindness impress not  
only; but also  
3. neither finished his homework; nor  
came up with a way  
4. As a matter of fact; either take on this  
challenge or give up this chance  
5. keep high standards at all times; never  
let ourselves or our team down
- 五、【语篇导读】本文记录了作者热爱漫画、  
坚持创作的历程。
1. interested 2. stopped 3. them  
4. busy 5. mainly/mostly  
6. communicate/chat 7. how  
8. magazines 9. even 10. success

### Unit 1 周周练 2

- 一、1. kindness 2. remains 3. supposed  
4. outgoing 5. matter 6. position  
7. cooperate 8. president 9. consider  
10. connection
- 二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了伊什梅尔作为一  
名中文教师的教学经历与感悟。
1. felt 2. expressed 3. themselves  
4. winner 5. spends 6. especially  
7. favourite 8. everything 9. consider  
10. chance
- 三、1. C 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. B 6. B

- 四、1. cooperate with others; likely succeed;  
get an important position  
2. As a matter of fact; neither organized  
nor careful  
3. pass on kindness as well as courage to  
4. As a manager; come up with a solution;  
let your workers down  
5. good social skills are important; our  
parents' encouragement will make our  
efforts pay off
- 五、【语篇导读】本文是宇树科技的创始人王  
兴兴献给春天的演讲——《相信》。
1. were designed 2. failed 3. inventions  
4. successfully 5. impossible  
6. twenties 7. to take 8. will pay  
9. have become 10. better

### Unit 2 周周练 1

- 一、1. regretted 2. normal 3. lately  
4. decisions 5. Wasting 6. arguing  
7. bottom 8. stuck 9. patience  
10. stress
- 二、1. suggestions 2. friendship 3. dealing  
4. achievements 5. refusing  
6. introducing 7. including  
8. is thought 9. madder  
10. are allowed
- 三、1. B 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. B
- 四、1. how to deal with common teenage  
problems when they are in low spirits  
2. cut back on junk food and stick to  
exercising every day  
3. are under a lot of stress; to waste time  
on computer games  
4. regretted wasting much time; became  
focused; not to fall behind others  
5. drive students mad and stress them  
out easily
- 五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了采用有效的学习

方法可以提高学习效率、增强理解和记忆、减轻压力。

1. results
2. reduce
3. habits
4. even
5. organized
6. divides
7. until
8. fresh
9. learned/learnt
10. health

## Unit 2 周周练 2

- 一、1. shame 2. are bullied 3. ugliest  
4. screen 5. experience 6. strangers  
7. overweight 8. rapid 9. mad  
10. position

二、【语篇导读】作者和利奥波德在旅行中挑战自我,尝试了在大山滑雪和室外热水浴。尽管遇到了一些挑战,但这段经历让他们为自己感到自豪。

1. chance
2. safely
3. whether
4. comfortable
5. proud of

三、1. D 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. D

- 四、1. to say mean things to others; will feel uncomfortable  
2. don't communicate with others and risk doing such a dangerous thing alone; get into trouble  
3. got him down and made him uncomfortable  
4. experiences pain or gets bullied; stand up for him  
5. imagine what difficulties a stranger may go through; have heard of similar stories

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了做家务对孩子们很有帮助。

1. to provide
2. less
3. But
4. independent
5. themselves
6. Third
7. the
8. fair
9. in
10. teach

## Unit 3 周周练 1

- 一、1. suffering 2. shoulder 3. robbed  
4. universe 5. contributions  
6. recognize 7. challenging  
8. overcame 9. Shortly 10. pretty

二、1. achievements 2. lead 3. highly

4. Keeping
5. regretted
6. has attracted
7. choose
8. have passed

三、1. A 2. C 3. D 4. B 5. B 6. A

四、1. Despite; a positive attitude and strong will; an inspiration to many people around the world

2. Whenever she felt like giving up; continued efforts were the only way to further her studies

3. was diagnosed with; is a household name who inspires millions of people

4. did not realize that performing helps develop his patience and communication skills until; in front of a large audience

5. stand in his way; he finally made it to his dream university

五、【语篇导读】本文作者就如何开始高中生活给出自己的一些建议。

1. worried 2. complete 3. difficult

4. habits 5. expected 6. avoid

7. part/period 8. wrong 9. best

10. learn

## Unit 3 周周练 2

- 一、1. coaches 2. musician 3. fair  
4. knee 5. diaries 6. victory 7. death(s)  
8. shoulders 9. compete 10. whatever

二、1. was diagnosed with 2. shortly after  
3. to make contributions to 4. rob us of  
5. stand in our way 6. living through  
7. make it to 8. get injured

三、1. A 2. D 3. A 4. A 5. D 6. B

四、1. it is pretty important to follow rules and practise fair play; truly make it

2. Whatever difficulties we face; perform well; victory will be ours

3. However tough; get injured; can stand in our way

4. living through poverty and failure; disappoint him; made him work harder

5. Since he first set big goals; has caused him great pain

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了西方兴起的“中国化”生活潮流,展现了中国文化的强大吸引力。

1. fallen 2. with 3. and 4. who/that  
5. away 6. health 7. products  
8. surprised 9. grew 10. widely

### Unit 4 周周练 1

一、1. comparing 2. unused 3. attractive  
4. conditions 5. bear 6. couple  
7. pity 8. oil 9. celebration 10. dig

二、1. successfully 2. entering 3. controlling  
4. to wash 5. supporting 6. missing  
7. more exciting 8. is recorded

三、1. C 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C 6. A

四、1. It's a pity that the workers had to dig up those ancient trees to build the new road.

2. Before deciding which shoes to buy, we'd better compare prices in a couple of shops first.

3. Unlike those plants; never bear fruit

4. Parents usually expect much of their children; they will get into a good high school

5. don't be afraid to take the lead; you may have hidden

五、【语篇导读】本文讲述了“草船借箭”的故事。

1. impossible 2. within 3. three  
4. morning 5. army 6. beat 7. thought  
8. through 9. order 10. around

### Unit 4 周周练 2

一、1. Overtourism 2. daughter's 3. passages  
4. purposes 5. research 6. hidden  
7. house 8. digitalized 9. Judging  
10. dentist

二、1. graduate from 2. were amazed by  
3. contribute to 4. was not satisfied with  
5. serves as 6. is influenced by  
7. made up their mind to 8. devoted; to

三、1. A 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. D 6. C

四、1. Li Ming didn't make up his mind to become a dentist until he finished high school.

2. When we got lost in that strange city, the helpfulness of the locals was truly amazing.

3. The coach devoted his energy to improving the team's training conditions

4. To help the museum digitalize; many volunteers contributed their time

5. love cannot be judged through words; through the hot soup she serves us

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了德国作曲家贝多芬创作的钢琴曲《致爱丽丝》。

1. written 2. Sadly 3. death  
4. until 5. later 6. thought  
7. who 8. because 9. easily  
10. for

### Unit 5 周周练 1

一、1. brains 2. instrument 3. ticket  
4. African 5. quick 6. concerts  
7. familiar 8. Country 9. composers  
10. keyboard

二、1. central 2. musical 3. made  
4. highly 5. performance 6. was left  
7. talented 8. was organized 9. strength  
10. calming

三、1. A 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. A

四、1. they finally chose a mixture of several classical pieces as the award music for the science competition

2. This achievement earned her great respect and huge success worldwide

3. The talent he showed in his works was so amazing that he decided to go on to

study music.

4. It is very difficult to build a bridge unless you can control the speed of water flow during the rainy season.
5. The exchange students are now familiar with Chinese festivals and show a great interest in learning paper-cutting.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了音乐的悠久历史、早期音乐的用途以及世界各地不同的特色乐器。

1. study 2. believe 3. styles
4. whether 5. until 6. centuries
7. heard 8. recorded 9. bass
10. metal

### Unit 5 周周练 2

- 一、1. press 2. bell 3. simply 4. mixture  
5. rather 6. attended 7. quick  
8. downloaded 9. American 10. familiar

二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了长笛的发声原理以及不同类型的乐器的特点。

1. instrument 2. comes from
3. produce 4. sounds 5. make noise

三、1. B 2. B 3. B 4. D 5. D

四、1. As she is familiar with the famous actor, she recognized him at the gate of the theatre.

2. Because of the talented musicians, the concert attracted many people.

3. He had to make up a story because the truth itself was rather boring.

4. I downloaded my favourite piece of jazz because I wanted to enjoy it whenever I was free.

5. The guitar can create a wide range of sounds; an ideal instrument for any concert

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了湖南浏阳作为世界最大的烟花生产和交易中心的历史与现状,其烟花产品在国际市场很受欢迎,浏阳的烟花公司也在持续改进产

品质量。

1. Known 2. but 3. excitement 4. an
5. queuing 6. in 7. manager
8. rapidly 9. safer 10. their

### Unit 6 周周练 1

- 一、1. characters 2. pressure  
3. characteristics 4. Perhaps  
5. general 6. final 7. brushwork  
8. Undoubtedly 9. concentrate 10. still

- 二、1. regretted 2. unfamiliar 3. writer's  
4. was presented; artistic 5. importance  
6. has made 7. impossible 8. similarity  
9. liveliest 10. to clean

三、1. A 2. A 3. A 4. D 5. A

四、1. The works have attracted/caught many readers' attention because of the strong local colour.

2. The calligraphy that is shown in the museum dates back to the Tang Dynasty.

3. Please concentrate on the steps I showed you, then give it a try yourself

4. takes pleasure in making wooden toys that have a unique characteristic

5. Speaking in public puts many students under pressure; they will undoubtedly become more confident

五、【语篇导读】本文是北宋诗人苏轼和朋友文与可之间关于画竹子的对话。文与可因观察入微而胸有成竹,下笔传神,令苏轼赞叹不已。

1. Pushing 2. as 3. doubt
4. bamboos 5. whether 6. exactly/even
7. growing/grown 8. Finally 9. paper
10. faster

### Unit 6 周周练 2

- 一、1. appeared 2. technique 3. present  
4. sometime 5. pride 6. breath  
7. doorway 8. unfamiliar

二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了北京的一场展览

运用 3D 技术、全息技术及语音识别技术让蒙娜丽莎用中文与观众互动。

1. valuable
2. her
3. has remained
4. directly
5. To our surprise
6. interesting
7. something
8. such as
9. preparing
10. mixed

三、1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. C

四、1. The mother who is an expert at making traditional cakes served them to us with pride.

2. In this way, they learned a great deal of knowledge and made much progress.

3. In general, becoming an expert in mathematics requires not only talent but also endless practice.

4. The students are practising the artistic characters that the teacher wrote on the blackboard.

5. The artist presented her latest painting to the visitors; up close

五、【语篇导读】本文作者讲述了自己参观博物馆时对书法产生兴趣,随后开始学习书法的故事,分享了自己在学习过程中遇到的挑战、取得的收获以及由此产生的深刻感悟。

1. was touched
2. myself
3. correctly
4. However
5. have learned/learnt
6. As
7. a
8. hobbies
9. proud
10. sticking

## Unit 7 周周练 1

一、1. actresses 2. world-class 3. discover  
4. Radios 5. appearance 6. aid  
7. starred 8. princess 9. mistake  
10. marks

二、1. fighter 2. actress's 3. director's  
4. peacefully 5. tireless 6. touching  
7. appearance 8. loss 9. action  
10. stolen

三、1. C 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. C

四、1. so it isn't suitable for children under the age of 16

2. She stole the show completely even in a supporting role

3. With beautiful music and vivid pictures, the cartoon brings the ancient story to life.

4. Her strong interest in acting and years of practice led her to become a popular star.

5. She has made great progress because of her tireless efforts in improving her skills.

五、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了 2025 年央视春晚上的一场名为《秧 BOT》的特别表演。

1. known
2. popular
3. Among
4. traditional
5. perfectly
6. robots
7. abroad
8. how/high
9. progress
10. building/becoming

## Unit 7 周周练 2

一、1. fighter 2. post-production 3. mistaken  
4. Radios 5. tireless 6. handsome  
7. stolen 8. shot 9. aid  
10. film-maker

二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了一部名为《731》的电影在哈尔滨举行了首映礼。

1. directed by
2. Instead of
3. the importance of
4. were invited to
5. praised the film

三、1. D 2. D 3. B 4. A 5. C

四、1. This world-class writer has the ability to make his characters come to life.

2. The young artist received an important award for his paintings that bring animals to life.

3. Because it was too dark, a number of tourists mistook the old statue for a real person.

4. The wonderful movie based on a true story was so touching that the young actor stole the show with his excellent

performance.

5. marked the beginning of our school sports meeting

五、【语篇导读】本文作者分享了《疯狂动物城》及《疯狂动物城2》带给自己的感受与收获。

1. As 2. brought 3. a 4. themselves  
5. cheerful 6. ages 7. following  
8. without 9. importance 10. highly

### Unit 8 周周练 1

- 一、1. classic 2. against 3. masterpiece  
4. remain 5. fair 6. bedside  
7. unable 8. widely 9. branches  
10. apartment

- 二、1. will get 2. personal 3. widely  
4. fools 5. unable 6. lasting  
7. makes 8. mistaken 9. to prove  
10. more valuable

- 三、1. A 2. A 3. D 4. A 5. D

- 四、1. Take your time to find the beauty of nature; make you feel relaxed and peaceful  
2. This masterpiece seems very hard to understand at first, but everything makes sense  
3. The little boy had to stand against the wall because he broke the window.  
4. Your anger will remain unless you calm down and talk with your friend patiently.  
5. I believe that his failure had something to do with his bad habits.

五、【语篇导读】本文介绍了《圣诞颂歌》的主要内容,告诉我们善良与温暖能让世界

更美好。

1. remains 2. never 3. different  
4. present 5. bottom 6. regret  
7. decision 8. pleasure 9. Though  
10. power

### Unit 8 周周练 2

- 一、1. act 2. lasting 3. doorbell  
4. against 5. sense 6. seats  
7. enemies 8. mirror 9. writings  
10. knock

二、【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文,主要介绍了游戏《黑神话:悟空》与吴承恩的《西游记》之间的关系,以及吴承恩在南京的生活经历对其创作的影响。

1. based on 2. times 3. ideas  
4. influence 5. was published

- 三、1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A

- 四、1. What you said just now doesn't make sense to me at all.  
2. Hurry up if you don't want to miss the beginning of the movie.  
3. It's hard to make progress unless you keep practising every day.  
4. Many writers will show up at the book fair to share their new works with readers.  
5. If you run out of water in the desert; you will be unable to survive

五、【语篇导读】本文探讨了是否应该更新莎士比亚的作品。

1. widely 2. to follow 3. has led  
4. or 5. talented 6. them 7. the  
8. be celebrated 9. why 10. means