

初中英语

小题才王做[®]

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九年级

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提优版

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Unit 1 Know yourself

Comic strip & Welcome to the unit

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

1. He is _____ (好奇的) about everything and wants to learn everything.
2. (2023 日照中考) Kate's room is in good _____ (顺序), and everything is in its proper place.
3. Suzy is _____ (有创造力的) enough to come up with new ideas.
4. (2024 南通海门期末) Sometimes we can find problems with spelling, word usage and _____ (语法) more easily when reading aloud.
5. (2024 苏州昆山、太仓、常熟、张家港期末)
—Do you use WeChat payment or Alipay?
—_____ (两者都不). I have one more choice—UnionPay.

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

neither... nor... eat up show off
come up with keep... in order

1. I think every one of us should be modest and that it's not right to _____ our knowledge or abilities.
2. _____ my parents _____ my sister likes to watch the football match on TV.
3. After hearing what he said, I _____ a good idea.
4. Her bedroom is clean and tidy, and everything there _____.

5. (2023 扬州广陵模拟) Have the children _____ everything on the table yet?

三、按照所给汉语, 用英文完成下列句子

1. 在我看来, 好朋友应该彼此分享快乐或悲伤。
In my opinion, good friends should _____.
2. 他很饿, 吃光了盘子里所有的食物。
He was very hungry and _____.
3. 我在新学校感到很孤独, 因为我既不认识同学也不认识老师。
I'm _____ in the new school _____.
4. 把所有东西保持井然有序, 你有什么困难吗?
What difficulty do you have _____?
5. 凯文很有创造力, 经常想出好主意。
Kevin is _____ and he often _____.

题型练

提能力, 至千里



四、单项填空

1. On the table, there is a note, which _____
“The meeting will begin at seven tonight.
Please be there on time.”
A. writes B. says C. tells D. looks
2. (2024 泰州海陵一模) To be more _____,
Lisa planned the activities and booked the
room before travelling.
A. creative B. patient
C. organized D. practical

3. —It's convenient _____ us _____ things online.

—So it is.

A. for; to buy B. of; to buy

C. for; buy D. of; buy

4. Although the old professor was against my opinion, he didn't _____ his own.

A. come up with B. believe in

C. take part in D. fall in love with

5. (2023 黄石中考)—Everyone should build the good habit of saving food.

—I agree, so I always _____ the food I order.

A. eat up B. use up

C. throw away D. give away

五、完形填空

I was born in a big family. My elder brother, Eddie and I looked much the same because our 1 were the perfect combination(结合) of our mum's and dad's. However, I did feel 2.

My eldest brother, Tony, was humorous. He could tell a funny story that kept you 3 all the time. And Eddie was 4. He was good at football and often entered competitions. His gift helped him be a good football coach.

However, I was quiet and not so outgoing as my 5. I just wanted to learn everything so I spent more time 6. I was usually left behind for I was much younger than the two boys. For most of the time, I played alone. But I was not so 7 as you thought. My imagination was a great friend and in a way I liked the loneliness.

Looking back now, I can see that although I was different, I enjoyed the difference instead of worrying about it. As a result, I became the person I wanted to be. My reading 8 me to start writing. It also helped me solve the biggest problems about love, kindness and happiness and

find great pleasure. The 9 in my quiet life made it easy for me to work at home and take care of the family at the same time.

We all have something 10 in our life.

We only need to find it, live it, and love it.

1. A. hobbies

B. ideas

C. faces

D. voices

2. A. angry

B. different

C. pleased

D. excited

3. A. laughing

B. waiting

C. thinking

D. worrying

4. A. warm

B. active

C. brave

D. strict

5. A. friends

B. classmates

C. parents

D. brothers

6. A. listening

B. talking

C. reading

D. singing

7. A. lonely

B. serious

C. comfortable

D. careful

8. A. wished

B. asked

C. led

D. warned

9. A. pleasure

B. job

C. book

D. problem

10. A. funny

B. wrong

C. boring

D. special

六、阅读理解(2023 襄阳中考)

It was at the age of ten that I realized my sister was different. She had autism(孤独症). She could not look people in the eye. She would say to herself and repeat the words in a low voice. Although we went to the same primary school, I never, ever said in public that she was my sister.

Just two years ago, my sister and her classmates had to prepare for a performance. She had to perform alone because nobody wanted to perform with her. "I'll sing," she told my parents. I was completely shocked. How could she sing in front of the school? She would make me

embarrassed.

The big day finally arrived. It took her about a whole minute to stammer(结巴说出) her name and class. I could see someone laughing at her, showing no respect(尊重).

"Why is she taking so long?" people around me asked. How I wished I was somewhere else! Finally, my sister started to sing. She opened her mouth, and I was deeply moved—she sang so beautifully. The hall became quiet. Only her voice could be heard clearly.

I listened carefully to the lyrics that she had written all by herself. I was ashamed(羞愧的) of myself—how could I have doubted my sister's abilities? Although I was embarrassed by her, she didn't say anything. She had never taken anything that I had done to heart. It was then that I decided to make a change.

1. How did "I" change the attitude(态度) towards

my sister? The correct order is _____.

- ①I decided to change myself.
- ②I was ashamed of myself.
- ③I was shocked about her decision.
- ④I never said in public that she was my sister.
- ⑤I was moved by her singing abilities.

A. ③④②⑤① B. ④③⑤②①

C. ④①⑤②③ D. ⑤③①②④

2. What does the story most possibly want to tell us?

- A. Everyone should be respected.
- B. Nobody could change the writer's ideas.
- C. The sister had difficulty doing everything.
- D. The sister was embarrassed after the performance.

3. What's the best title for the passage?

- A. A perfect sister
- B. A wonderful experience
- C. A lesson from my sister
- D. A sweet memory in my heart

Reading(I)

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

- Real and meaningful _____ (赞扬) comes from the people you know.
- There was a terrible traffic accident because of the car driver's _____ (粗心).
- (2024 无锡梁溪二模) A new high-speed railway will _____ (连接) Xizang to Qinghai Province in a few years.
- All the _____ (先锋) work has made a big difference to the development of this field.
—Yes, many people respect him a lot.
- (2024 无锡梁溪期中) Life is like a _____ (赛跑). You either take the lead or fall behind.

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

take the lead connect... with... give up
to high standards impress... with...

- We should try our best so that the work could be done _____.
- (2023 无锡宜兴期中) Work harder! You either _____ or fall behind.
- Don't _____ your hope no matter what difficulties you have.
- With Underground Line 1 in use, it's easier for us to get around our city.
—That's true. And Line 2 that _____ Xingfu Station _____ Xianfeng Station has been open to traffic at the end of 2023.
- You will _____ the comfort and

modern equipment (设备) provided inside the car.

三、根据汉语提示填空

- Jack is a modest artist and never shows off, but _____ (他的作品具有说服力).
- _____ (再怎么小心也不为过) when you are getting across the street.
- Don't you wonder _____ (自己为什么总是落后于别人)?
- Be careful! You know _____ (失之毫厘,谬以千里).
- Let's do exercise.
—_____ (我完全赞同).

题型练

提能力,至千里



四、单项填空

- (2024 连云港赣榆二模)—Your pronunciation caught my _____ in the English speech competition.
—Thank you very much.
A. position B. condition
C. invention D. attention
- (2024 常州天宁一模)I'm interested in _____ the comedy _____ the documentary. I enjoy comics.
A. both; and B. either; or
C. neither; nor D. not only; but also
- It's dangerous to walk across the street carelessly.
—You're right. We can't be _____ careful while crossing the street.
A. so B. very C. too D. more
- (2024 南通海门二模)Things are changing quickly, so we should be ready to _____ any kind of challenge.
A. take on B. take off
C. take out D. take away

5. (2024 宿迁沭阳期中)My bedroom looks _____ new after cleaning.

- A. as much as B. as well as
C. as far as D. as good as

五、完形填空

People around the world eat eggs. You can 1 them in many different ways! My favourite way to eat eggs is sunny side up. You put a pan (平底锅) on the stove, add some oil and 2 an egg into it. One side of the egg cooks until the white part becomes solid (凝固的), and the yellow part of the egg 3 yellow. It looks like a happy sun on a plate. That is why we call it "sunny side up".

The adjective "sunny" is also used to describe 4. A very happy person can be described as sunny. We often match "sunny" with 5. It describes the ways that people behave. Let's look at an example. My classmate Peter is 6 for being sunny. Anyone who meets him likes him. He is always smiling and energetic. Peter is always in a good 7.

We can also call a very happy person "a light of sunshine". The light cuts 8 clouds and darkness to make the day 9. People who are lights of sunshine do the same, which means that they can 10 your spirits or make you feel happy. They bring joy into the lives of others.

But sometimes we use it in a different way. I may call someone "a light of sunshine" if he is acting unhappily or even 11. In fact, there is nothing wrong with my friend when he feels like this, but 12 seems to make him happy. I can say to him, "Well, aren't you a light of sunshine today?"

Of course, people cannot always keep happy during their 13, because good things and bad

things each have a 50 percent 14 to happen. People may be affected by different kinds of things, 15 some of them are able to think about the good things in life more than the bad. In other words, they choose to look on the sunny side of life.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. lay | B. cook |
| C. drop | D. make |
| 2. A. divide | B. order |
| C. break | D. present |
| 3. A. scores | B. stays |
| C. shapes | D. suits |
| 4. A. eggs | B. feelings |
| C. days | D. people |
| 5. A. thought | B. strength |
| C. personality | D. relationship |
| 6. A. strict | B. guilty |
| C. known | D. loyal |
| 7. A. value | B. mood |
| C. stress | D. progress |
| 8. A. by | B. over |
| C. across | D. through |
| 9. A. bright | B. dark |
| C. long | D. short |
| 10. A. lift | B. mark |
| C. shut | D. praise |
| 11. A. angrily | B. happily |
| C. certainly | D. correctly |
| 12. A. something | B. anything |
| C. everything | D. nothing |
| 13. A. decision | B. victory |
| C. courage | D. lifetime |
| 14. A. plan | B. chance |
| C. decision | D. change |
| 15. A. or | B. and |
| C. so | D. but |

六、首字母填空

Susan is the daughter of the famous environmental scientist Clark. But the woman has become an environmentalist on her o 1.

In 1992, the first UN Earth Summit (峰会) was held in Rio de Janeiro. Thousands of people from around the world h 2 for it to talk about the Earth's tomorrow. Twelve-year-old Susan and three of her friends formed a group. They raised money to travel to Rio to a 3 the summit.

At the summit, Susan said that the state of the environment w 4 her a lot. "You don't know how to fix the holes in our ozone layer (臭氧层). You don't know how to bring back forests that once g 5 where there is now desert. If you don't know how to fix the Earth, please stop b 6 it!" The six-minute speech silenced all the people and made them fall into deep thinking.

After that speech, Susan began to lead "two lives". On the t 7 days, she was a schoolchild. But during her vacations, she s 8 internationally about the environment.

Now, nearly 30 years has passed since Susan made her Rio speech. Although some of the world's environmental problems have only become w 9, Susan does agree that some things are different now. More and more people give voice like Susan because they have realized the importance of the environment.

"Thirty years ago, I was fighting for my tomorrow. Now, I am fighting for the f 10 of my sons," says Susan, now a mother of two, who has kept calling people's attention to climate change.

- | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| 1. _____ | 2. _____ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 5. _____ | 6. _____ |
| 7. _____ | 8. _____ | 9. _____ |
| 10. _____ | | |

Reading(II)

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练



练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

- I have a _____ (大概的) idea of how a car works.
- Chinese athletes also took the _____ (领先地位) in artistic swimming at the Paris Olympic Games. Their strong will and strength impressed the whole world.
- And not everyone has a _____ (高速的) Internet connection to make downloads quick and easy.
- _____ (注意), please! There is an important notice.
- (2024 扬州江都期中) Since the founding of the People's Republic of China 75 years ago, the living _____ (标准) of the Chinese people have improved a lot.

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

fall behind pay attention to take on
be suitable for devote... to...

- He could have finished it on schedule, but somehow he _____.
- Do you think this new dress _____ me?
- Great changes have taken place in my hometown and it _____ a new look.
- He _____ all his spare time _____ helping his students with their English when he worked here.
- (2023 连云港中考) Simon always stays up late. Doctor Ma advises him _____ his health.

三、根据括号内提示, 将下列句子译成英文

- 她日复一日地在商店里工作着。(day after day)

2. 这是你的第一份工作, 因此你再怎么努力工作也不为过。(can't... too...)

3. 下班后他从事了一份兼职工作。(take on)

4. 为了创造最好的艺术, 他总是搜索与众不同的东西。(search for)

5. 别放弃! 尽最大的努力, 你一定会成功!(give up)

题型练



提能力, 至千里



四、单项填空

- Do you agree that the girl called Rika is the most suitable person to give the speech?
—I can't agree more. Her smiling eyes always look _____ shining stars.
A. as well as B. as much as
C. as long as D. as good as
- (2023 常州金坛期中) The president of Syria and his family visited China during the 2023 Asian Games. I was _____ with his wife's beauty and wisdom.
A. influenced B. impressed
C. expressed D. reminded
- He likes _____. Almost everybody knows what he does.
A. showing off B. falling behind
C. paying attention D. taking the lead
- (2024 无锡江阴一模) —Which coffee do you prefer, iced or hot?
—_____. I like drinking tea.
A. None B. Both
C. Neither D. Either

5. (2024 徐州中考) Fan Jinshi has _____ a large part of her life to researching and protecting the ancient Dunhuang caves. She is known to many as the “Daughter of Dunhuang”.

- A. paid B. donated
C. brought D. devoted

五、阅读理解(2024 泰州兴化期中)

Tom and Johnson began to work in a company together just after they finished high school. They both worked very hard. After several years, the boss made Johnson sales manager but Tom a salesman. One day Tom could not take it any more. He wrote his resignation letter(辞职信) to the boss and complained(抱怨) that the boss did not value hard-working workers.

The boss knew that Tom didn't work hard for the company all these years, but in order to help Tom to realize the difference between him and Johnson, the boss asked Tom to do the following.

“Go and find out if there is anyone selling watermelons in the market.”

Tom went, returned and only said, “Yes.”

The boss asked, “How much per kilogramme?”

Tom went back to the market to ask and returned to answer, “\$12 per kilogramme.”

The boss told Tom to wait for a moment and asked Johnson the same question. Johnson went, returned and said, “Boss, only one person is selling watermelons. \$12 per kilogramme, \$100 for 10 kilogrammes. He has 340 melons in all. On the table are 58 melons, and every melon weighs about 15 kilogrammes, bought from the South two days ago. They are fresh and red.”

Tom realized the difference between himself and Johnson. He decided not to leave but to learn from Johnson.

My dear friends, you know, a more successful person is more careful, thinks more and understands in depth. For the same matter, he sees several years ahead(提前), while you see only tomorrow. The difference between a year and a day is 365 times, so how could you win?

How far do you think you have seen ahead in your life?

1. Tom wrote a letter to his boss because he _____.

- A. didn't think Johnson worked hard
B. thought he was better than Johnson
C. didn't think his boss valued him
D. thought he worked hard for the company

2. The boss asked Tom to go to the market in order to make him _____.

- A. know the watermelon seller well
B. realize the difference between him and Johnson
C. learn to sell watermelons later
D. learn the way to be a successful person

3. What does the phrase “in depth” in Paragraph 9 most probably mean in Chinese?

- A. 谨慎地 B. 低沉地
C. 深入地 D. 坚强地

4. What did Tom decide to do when he realized the difference between them?

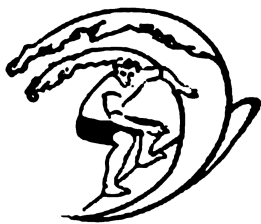
- A. Learn from Johnson.
B. Go back to school.
C. Look for a new job.
D. Leave the company.

5. In this passage, the writer mainly suggests that we should _____.

- A. work very hard
B. see more and further
C. sell watermelons
D. find a valuable boss

六、阅读表达(2024 盐城盐都期中)

During this summer holiday, I travelled to Wanning, Hainan, which is known as a paradise(天堂)



for surfers. I had been looking forward to this trip for a long time because learning to surf is always my dream.

On the first day, the coach taught me some basic skills. First, push the surfboard into the waves. Then lie down on the surfboard and wait for the waves to come. Finally, when the waves come, let the surfboard “catch” the waves and try to stand on it.

At first, I could not follow the coach's instruction of standing up at the right time because I was nervous. I fell into the sea and ended up swallowing a lot of sea water. The coach patiently pointed out my mistake.

After practising hard many times, I finally learned how to stand on the surfboard. When I successfully stood up for the first time with the rushing waves, a huge feeling of achievement filled my heart.

During the twenty days in Wanning, I practised

surfing every day. My surfing got better and better. I also learned another skill. I used both hands to row the water before standing up. This way, I could pick up enough speed to allow the waves to push the surfboard forward. As a result, the coach didn't need to push my surfboard forward. When I was able to surf alone in the sea, I felt so much excitement and joy.

Now, surfing makes me feel relaxed. Learning to surf not only allowed me to master a new skill, but also made me feel very fulfilled. I also learned that practice makes perfect.

1. Where did the writer travel this summer holiday?

2. Who taught the writer basic skills on the first day?

3. Why couldn't the writer follow the coach's instructions at first?

4. How did the writer learn to stand on the surfboard?

5. What can we learn from the article?

Grammar

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练



练基础, 积跬步



一、用适当的并列连词填空,使对话完整、正确。

A: Who do you think will be the new monitor of our class?

B: I think it would be 1. _____ Jacky _____ Tommy.

A: I agree. 2. _____ Jacky _____ Tommy

are top students. 3. _____ in my opinion, Jacky has more chance to be chosen.

B: What makes you think so?

A: Well, 4. _____ Mr Wu _____ Mrs Li thinks Jacky is more organized than Tommy. It is important for a monitor to be organized, right?

B: Yes. But sometimes Jacky likes to show off. I think him 5. _____ patient _____

modest enough.

A: That's true. But I just think people can change. If Jacky is chosen, he will do better.

B: Maybe you are right.

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

be impatient with think twice do the dishes
get angry with be ready to

1. Tom didn't pass the exam again, so his mother _____ him.
2. I don't think she is a good teacher. She _____ the slow learners often.
3. The robot will _____ after dinner, so please sit down and watch TV.
4. Lucy is a warm-hearted girl. She _____ help others in trouble.
5. (2023 无锡滨湖期中) Now, there are too many tricks about making money online, so you should _____ before making a decision.

三、根据括号内提示,将下列句子译成英文

1. (2024 扬州广陵一模) 好书不仅帮我在繁忙的一天后放松,而且为我开启一个全新的世界。(not only...but also...)
2. 我完全赞同你说的话。(can't agree)
3. 这项工作本身就是一个挑战。(in itself)
4. 公园很美,获得了游客的好评。(win good praise)
5. 我们现在不得不说再见了,但是我们的友谊将永存。(but)

题型练

提能力,至千里



四、单项填空

1. (2024 淮安中考) —I like cooking, _____ I'm not good at it.

—You may ask Lily for help. She cooks nice food.

A. and B. but C. or D. so

2. _____ Li Ping _____ Wu Fang _____ League members.

A. Neither; nor; are B. Either; nor; is
C. Both; and; are D. Neither; or; is

3. (2023 呼伦贝尔中考) Not only Jim but also his sister _____ a few cities since they came to China.

A. have visited B. has visited
C. visited D. visits

4. _____ Monday _____ Tuesday is OK. I will be too busy to go with you.

A. Either; or B. Neither; nor
C. So; that D. Both; and

5. —Hurry up, dear! _____ we won't catch up with the train.

—Don't worry! Time is still enough _____ we can make it.

A. And; or B. Or; but
C. And; but D. Or; and

五、阅读理解

I had always wanted to be a bicyclist. It changed when I met Lizzie and her horse at twelve.

One afternoon, I saw Lizzie looking up at a life-sized sculpture horse.

"It needs a rider," she turned to me. "Would you be the rider, Bonny?"

"I can't."

"You can ride bikes. It's not that different. You'd just sit there. I'd sketch (画素描) you, sculpt you." Later, I tried to sit on the horse. It felt strange up there—much higher than on bikes.

I came every day after that. I looked forward to mixing up the plaster and holding it for Lizzie. I liked that. She was sculpting me, little by little.

After a few days' work, I became the rider on the horse. It was me inside that skeleton.

When it was finished, I could hardly take my eyes off the magnificent horse and rider.

"Well," said Lizzie. "What do you think, Bonny?"

"I just wish I could make a sculpture," I whispered, touching the neck of the horse.

"You did, Bonny," she said. "Without your help, I couldn't have done it. Do you want to make a sculpture yourself?"

"I can't."

"Of course you can. But you have to look around, really look. Draw what you see. Make what you've sketched. You can have a corner of my studio. How's that?"

I followed her words and set to make my small sculpture, layer on layer. The more I did, the more I felt I belonged to this new world. With growing interest, I kept sculpting. _____.

Lizzie was working in the studio too. For minutes, a neck or leg would suddenly come to life. "When you do it, it's like magic," I said.

She replied, "No, Bonny. Not magic. It's a given thing, a talent from who knows where, who knows who. But once you discover you have it, whatever it is, it's not to be wasted. Life's too short to waste."

Then came my summer holiday. I drew every day, boats, gulls and fishermen. I made sculptures with wet sand. My parents seemed surprised at my new interest. I never had such a perfect holiday.

Months later, a cardboard arrived in a post. It was of me sitting on the horse.

So here I am, twenty years on, working as a sculptor. As I look out from my sculpture studio window, I see Lizzie's *Horse and Rider* and all

around my sculptures are gathered.

Magic life, I think.

1. What did Lizzie ask Bonny to do?

- A. To mix up her plaster.
- B. To be her sculpture's rider.
- C. To ride bikes with her.
- D. To have a look at her horse.

2. Which of the following sentences can be put into the _____ in the passage?

- A. I felt afraid to show Lizzie my work
- B. I also started to have my own studio
- C. I was able to sculpt better than Lizzie
- D. I was never happier with what I'd done

3. Why did Bonny keep Lizzie's *Horse and Rider* for twenty years?

- A. Because it reminded Bonny of her childhood.
- B. Because it started Bonny's career as a sculptor.
- C. Because it encouraged Bonny to solve problems.
- D. Because it taught Bonny the importance of practice.

六、阅读表达(2024 盐城大丰三模)

Zengzi, also called Zeng Shen, became a good student of Confucius(孔子) when he was 16.

Early one morning, Zengzi's wife left for the market. Her little son wanted to go with her. But he was too young and the market was too far.

Then she cheated(欺骗) her son and said, "I will soon be back. You stay at home and wait for me. If you do as I say, I will kill a pig and make a nice dish for you." The child went back to the house happily.

When Zengzi's wife got back from the market, she showed no sign of killing a pig. So Zengzi himself prepared to do that, but his wife rushed to stop him and said, "Don't do that. I just cheated the child."

"Honesty(诚实) is the most important thing," Zengzi said. "Children are like blank(空

白的) pieces of paper. They understand nothing but they can learn from their parents' actions. Because you have cheated your son, he won't trust you anymore. In the future he will cheat others."

Hearing her husband's words, Zengzi's wife regretted cheating the child. So she wanted to keep her word. She joined Zengzi in killing the pig, and cooked nice dishes for the child. While eating, the boy was happy and thankful to his parents.

One evening, when the child went to bed, he suddenly got up and ran outside. Zengzi asked him where he was going. The boy replied, "I promised I was going to return a toy to a friend today. But I forgot, so I am going to return it now." The couple

exchanged (交换) satisfied smiles, and waited until the boy came back.

1. Whose teacher was Confucius from the passage?

2. How did Zengzi's wife let her son stay at home?

3. What did Zengzi think of honesty?

4. Why did Zengzi's wife kill the pig and cook dishes?

5. Did Zengzi's son become an honest person?

Integrated skills & Study skills

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

1. My teacher still remembers me as the _____ (生气勃勃的) student of all.
2. (2023 南通如皋期中) While online payment is now a part of life in our country, this way of paying also _____ (出现) in other countries.
3. Language can _____ (塑造) the way we think, express ideas and see the world.
4. The weekly lunch menu for students is put on the school website at _____ (固定的) time.
5. Would you like to _____ (分开) your team into two groups to complete the task?

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

animal sign in all depend on believe in through hard work

1. I _____ the friendship between them. Both of them have been good friends for years.

2. In fact, we can all get ahead in our studies _____.

3. (2023 连云港中考) Fresh water is important. Life on Earth _____ it.

4. A person's _____ has something to do with his or her birth year.

5. (2023 扬州仪征模拟) —How do you like the film?

—Wonderful. I have watched it twice _____.

三、按照所给汉语, 用英文完成下列句子

1. (2023 荆州中考改编) 据说, 谷雨时节喝茶可以让人们远离疾病。

_____ drinking tea during Grain Rain can make people stay away from illnesses.

2. 你的生活和你的未来都掌握在你的手中。
_____ your life and your future.

3. (2023 常州金坛期中) 昨天你们是不是被分成五组来讨论那个设计?

_____ the design
yesterday?

4. 只要相信自己,你就能成功。

If you _____.

5. 我们的成功取决于我们的努力。

Our success _____.

题型练

提能力,至千里



四、单项填空

1. —Jerry, look at the board! Can you understand the chart?

—Of course! Each colour on the chart _____ a different team to complete this project.

- A. requires B. replies
C. reminds D. represents

2. Mid-Autumn Festival is in the eighth month of the _____ calendar.

- A. local B. new C. present D. lunar

3. —Jack, I heard those islands may _____ because of the rising sea levels.

—Oh, we must do something to stop that happening.

- A. rise B. move C. grow D. disappear

4. The butterflies are still _____ after the cold winter. Now the forest is _____.

- A. lively; lively B. alive; alive
C. alive; lively D. lively; alive

5. It is I who _____ going to Beijing on business next week.

- A. is B. am C. are D. was

五、阅读理解

If we want to grow as people, we can't just depend on our own evaluation(评价) of how we're doing. We also need to know what other people think about our performance. Receiving feedback(反馈) from others can help us see the larger picture and show us a way forward to success. However, someone has to give that feedback, and

sometimes, that someone will be you. How should you deal with this?

First things first—if you notice a situation in which some feedback would be helpful, give it as soon as you can. If you wait until the matter disappears from the person's mind, they might not understand what you're trying to tell them. Take the person to a safe, comfortable place and offer your advice in private.

When you're giving feedback, it's important to keep in mind that no one likes to be told they're doing a bad job. Make sure you give an equal(相等的) amount of good feedback to balance out(平衡) anything bad. Like the saying goes, "A spoonful of sugar helps the medicine go down."

All good feedback shares something in common. First, it should help achieve a goal. It's less useful to tell your friends that their dish tastes "interesting" than to suggest adding a little salt. Second, feedback should also look toward the future. You can't change what's already happened, but you can prevent it from happening again. Tell your friends they should take more notes in class instead of talking about how they should have studied harder for the big history exam they failed.

Finally, don't think your suggestion is the only correct way to deal with a situation. You might even end up with some feedback on your feedback. Don't take it personally—it can only help you give better advice next time.

1. What does the underlined word "this" in Paragraph 1 probably mean?

- A. Seeing the picture.
B. Giving feedback.
C. Receiving feedback.
D. Showing a way to success.

2. Why is it important to give feedback in time according to Paragraph 2?

- A. You might forget to tell the person later on.
B. Perhaps the person wants the feedback right away.
C. Maybe the person needs time to understand your advice.
D. If you wait too long, the person might forget what's happened.

3. What can we infer from the underlined saying in Paragraph 3?

- A. It's helpful to keep on giving bad feedback.
B. It's difficult to do a good job all the time.
C. It's better to balance good and bad feedback.
D. It's important to think twice before giving feedback.

4. The passage is mainly about _____.

- A. what characters good feedback includes
B. how people should give feedback properly
C. the differences between good and bad feedback
D. the importance of giving and receiving feedback

六、短文填空

With the development of our society, the connection between people becomes inevitable (不可避免的). People need to communicate with others as long as they are in the world.

As 1 result, the interpersonal (人际的) relationship which is 2 great help to people's

success is becoming increasingly important.

Throughout human history, we can know that no one can do everything well and become 3 (succeed) alone. Most great men have a good relationship with other people. For many people, the interpersonal relationship and their abilities 4 (be) equally important to their success. By keeping a good relationship with others, people can 5 (easy) get help from others 6 facing problems. In other words, excellent interpersonal communication skills can help people smooth out a large number of 7 (difficult) on the way to success. Besides, a good interpersonal relationship can help people live a happy life.

8 (create) a harmonious environment, people should keep a good relationship with the people who keep company with them. These friendly people form a happy atmosphere (氛围), which will make people work efficiently (有效地) and put them in a good mood in 9 (day) life. 10 is certain that without it, people will receive sadness in the end.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____
7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____
10. _____

Task & Self-assessment

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

1. He is never afraid of making _____ (演讲) in front of other people.
2. He studies well and is kind and helpful, so we'll choose him as _____ (班长) of our class.

3. It's so sorry that love was totally _____ (缺席的) from his childhood because of the war.

4. Can you find our _____ (位置) on this map?

二、根据所给单词的适当形式填空

1. Who do you think is the most suitable person _____ (be) our new monitor?
2. (2024 包头中考) As a _____ (lead) of a

team, you need to plan well and make good decisions quickly.

3. Mr Li doesn't like to make _____ (speak) in public.
4. (2024 无锡滨湖期中) Remember, neither your animal sign nor your star sign _____ (shape) your life and future.
5. These people are very _____ (organize) and excellent time managers.

三、根据括号内提示,将下列句子译成英文

1. 我想推荐她为我们的班长。(recommend)

2. (2024 扬州江都期中) 你能告诉我山姆缺课多长时间了吗?(absent)

3. 他很自信,不怕在许多人面前发言。(speech)

4. 我认为他不适合这个职位。(suitable)

5. 他的父母都不同意他的看法。(agree)

题型练

提能力,至千里



四、单项填空

1. I thought she was a shy girl. But she made a very good _____ at yesterday's meeting, which made me surprised.
A. personality B. speech
C. quality D. sign
2. _____ is a pupil, who is chosen to help the teacher in class work.
A. Accountant B. Sculptor
C. Pioneer D. Monitor
3. The teacher _____ a new English book to us. It is useful for us to learn English well.
A. recommended B. bought
C. borrowed D. divided
4. (2023 南京模拟) There are many old sayings requiring us to be _____, such as "The

early bird catches the worm" and "Practice makes perfect".

- A. generous B. confident
- C. hard-working D. organized
5. (2024 南通海安一模)—Compared to a printed picture, Grandpa's painting is more suitable for our living room.
— _____. It's our family treasure.
A. That's all right B. I can't agree more
C. My pleasure D. All right

五、信息还原(2024 盐城中考)

Secret to happiness

There's a Chinese saying that goes, "If you want happiness for an hour, take a nap(小睡). If you want happiness for a day, go fishing. If you want happiness for a year, become wealthy by chance. 1 " Helping others by giving may be the secret to a happy, healthy life. The more you give, the more you'll gain. The key is to find a method that works for you. 2

Find your love. 3 You might feel bad if you are doing something you don't like. You will feel great when you put your love into giving.

Give your time. The gift of time is often more valuable to the receiver, and more satisfying to the giver, than money. People don't all have the same amount(数量) of money, but everyone has time. 4 It can be just a few hours a day, or a few days a year.

Be active. Take every chance to serve your community. You are free to choose what you want to do. Make full use of services that match your values. 5 You can easily get used to selfless giving. When you give, make sure to keep your own needs in mind. You matter too!

All in all, by proper giving, you can gain purpose, meaning and happiness—all of the things that people look for in life but that are so hard to find.

- A. Don't forget about yourself.
- B. Here is some advice that you can take.
- C. You can give some of this time to help others.
- D. If you want happiness for a lifetime, help somebody.
- E. But sometimes you are not sure where money is going.
- F. Your giving should not be from orders but come out of love.

1. 2. 3.
4. 5.

六、首字母填空(2024 南京联合体一模)

Do you ever find yourself doing something without thinking about it? We do lots of things out of habit rather than for any good reason. Learning to c 1 healthy new habits can help you to reach your goals.

What is a habit?

A habit is something you do often, almost without thinking. Scientists say that habits are formed in the brain and i 2 a cause, an action and a reward. If you have a habit of watching TV when you get home from school, the cause would be coming home from school; the a 3 is turning on the TV; and the reward might be the happy, relaxed feeling from watching your favourite programme.

This good feeling makes you want to do the same thing after school the next day too, and over time it can become a h 4 .

How are habits good for you?

Turning something into a habit means you don't have to think about it, which is good news when it's healthy. Good habits can help g 5 against bad ones too, such as worrying. Sadie, who is 11, finds her habit of playing with fidget toys(指尖玩具) r 6 stress. "They help me relax," she says. Scientists believe that nearly half of everything we do every day is out of habit, s 7 forming helpful habits is also a great way to help you to reach your goals.

How can you start to build healthy new habits?

Dr Radha Modgil notes that it's important to think about why you want to change. "What exactly do you want to a 8 and how are you going to do it?" she asks. When it's time to begin, Try the 1% i 9 , where every day you improve or change something by 1%. That way you start to see p 10 and you're not put off by failure. Remember that forming new habits isn't always easy but it will be worth it in the end. "Changing habits can change your life," says Modgil.

1. 2. 3.
4. 5. 6.
7. 8. 9.
10.

七、书面表达

在兴建全国文明城市之际,学校拟表彰一批“最美学生”。假设你叫汤姆,你们班要推荐一名“最美学生”,你想推荐山姆。请根据表格内容,写一封 100 个词左右的推荐信。信的开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

Sam		
Personalities	Confident	be not afraid of. . .
	Hard-working	high standards
	Well-organized	. . .
	Helpful	like to help others by using colours, for example, . . .

Dear Mr Wang,

I'm writing to recommend Sam as the most beautiful student. I think he has many strong qualities for the award.

Yours sincerely,

Tom

Unit 1 Asia

Comic strip & Welcome to the unit

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语或首字母提示写出单词

1. I'm _____ (疲劳的) because I have worked all the afternoon.
2. You finished the work in such a short time. It was _____ (令人惊讶的).
3. Don't _____ (爬) the tree. It's dangerous.
4. At table, we Chinese use c _____, while foreigners use knives and forks.
5. We walked down some stone s _____ to the beach.

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

take a rest keep asking wake... up
travel around thank you for

1. Mum, tomorrow I'll go to school earlier than usual. Could you _____ me _____?
2. —You'd better watch more English TV programmes to improve your spoken English.
—_____ your advice.
3. I didn't know why she always _____ the same questions.
4. Take the medicine and _____. I think you'll be better soon.
5. I'll _____ Shanghai. Could you tell me which place I should visit first?

三、根据所给汉语, 用英文完成下列句子

1. 我正计划环游世界, 你呢?
I am planning to _____.
What about you?
2. 中国戏曲是一种传统的中国艺术, 你喜欢吗?

Chinese Opera is _____.

Do you like it?

3. 你最好在回家的路上叫醒我。
You'd better _____.
4. 如果你想看这部电影, 为什么今晚不和我们一起去呢?
If you want to see this film, _____?
5. 你可以去和她谈谈这件事。
You _____.

题型练

提能力, 至千里



四、单项填空


1. He saw some boys playing near the river, _____?
A. were they B. weren't they
C. didn't he D. did he
2. _____ is necessary to tell him to put on more clothes because it's cold outside.
A. It B. She C. This D. That
3. The story is very interesting. Don't stop. _____ telling it, please.
A. Go over B. Go up
C. Go on D. Go around
4. —The weather is fine. Shall we go out for a walk?
—_____. Let's go.
A. Thank you B. Good idea
C. I'm not sure D. You are welcome
5. _____ you have already known the answer, it's a waste of time to repeat it.
A. Unless B. Until
C. Since D. Though

6. —Hey, Alicia! Have you got used to Chinese food?

—Yes! But I am still learning to use _____ as a Chinese does.

- A. forks B. chopsticks
C. knives D. sticks

五、完形填空(2024 苏州中考)

The first person in our family to do yoga(瑜伽) was my mum. Her best friend, Sissy, who lived next door to us, 1  yoga to her. She said if Mum was tired of the rush of modern life and wanted to feel less 2, then yoga could help. Sissy was a very peaceful person so Mum 3 accepted.

I watched Mum every day doing her breathing exercises and 4 her postures(动作). After a few months, she said she felt much 5. Dad was getting envious. He wasn't going to be left out so he 6 yoga too. He goes to a class twice a week now.

Then Mum had the bright 7 that my sister and I should do yoga. She researched the kind of yoga that is 8 for children and learned as much as she could about it. Then she became our 9. To my surprise, it turned out really well.

At first, we mostly did breathing exercises but then we moved on to stretching(伸展) exercises. We had to lift our ribcage(胸廓), reach our arms to the side and circle our body with them. Mum told us to 10 we were enjoying ourselves in the sunshine. It was really fun!

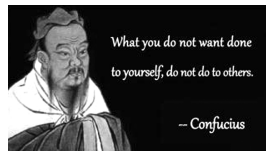
Our whole family does yoga now. Even our dog, Bingo, likes to join in!

1. A. took B. recommended
C. donated D. sent
2. A. surprised B. excited
C. stressed D. amazed
3. A. easily B. hardly
C. luckily D. strictly

4. A. testing B. raising
C. practising D. protecting
5. A. healthier B. luckier
C. heavier D. cleverer
6. A. set up B. made up
C. put up D. took up
7. A. future B. idea
C. smile D. start
8. A. noisy B. difficult
C. secret D. helpful
9. A. friend B. student
C. teacher D. partner
10. A. imagine B. show
C. learn D. prove

六、阅读理解(2023 苏州中考)

Confucianism(儒家思想) has been followed by Chinese people for more than two thousand years.



To help people understand how to behave towards others, Confucianism teaches the Five Constants(五常). These are *ren*, *yi*, *li*, *zhi* and *xin*. They are general virtues(美德) around the world. The most important two are *ren* and *li*.

Ren is the feeling of care and love we should have for others. Confucius explained *ren* could best be understood as loving others. He is famous for teaching people “What you do not want done to yourself, do not do to others”. It is quite similar to what is known in the West as the Golden Rule (treat others as you wish to be treated).

While the meaning of *ren* is easy to understand, *li* is a little harder to express. It can be thought of as duty or even respect. Generally, *li* is the way we should connect with people in our everyday life. In Confucian writings, discussions about *li* include the proper way to drink tea and how to remember ancestors(祖先). While *ren* is mostly about our opinions and feelings, *li* is about how we express our opinions and feelings towards

others and towards the world around us.

Perhaps the most well-known Confucian virtue is *xiao*. This is the duty children have to their parents. *Xiao* means loving, respecting, obeying and taking care of one's parents in their old age. In Confucianism, *xiao* is important for a harmonious (和谐的) society: Without it, the whole world would fall into a mess.

- Which are the most important of the Five Constants?
A. *Ren* and *yi*. B. *Ren* and *li*.
C. *Li* and *xin*. D. *Yi* and *zhi*.
- What is the best Chinese for the underlined sentence in Paragraph 3?

- 博学于文,约之以礼。
- 学而不思则罔,思而不学则殆。
- 己所不欲,勿施于人。
- 君子和而不同,小人同而不和。

- Which of the following is an example of *li*?
A. Building a peaceful society.
B. Taking care of one's children.
C. Obeying rules for drinking tea.
D. Learning all through one's life.
- What does the passage mainly tell us about Confucianism?
A. Its general virtues. B. Its long history.
C. Its new challenges. D. Its golden rules.

Reading(I)

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础,积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语或首字母提示写出单词

- Many visitors come to Beijing and hope to watch the raising of the national _____ (旗帜).
- Suzhou Museum _____ (位于) to the north of the Lion Forest Garden.
- I have finished m _____ school and I'll go to high school.
- China l _____ in the east of Asia.
- He p _____ to the map on the wall and said, "This is a map of China."

二、根据汉语提示填空

- In order to make herself heard, the teacher stood _____ (在……中间) the classroom.
- We are standing on the top of the mountain to watch _____ (……的升起) the sun in the early morning.
- Could you _____ this sentence _____ (把……译成) Chinese?
- This museum has many _____ (艺术珍宝). They are worth seeing.

- He is my neighbour and lives _____ (在……的隔壁) me.

三、根据要求改写下列句子

- A supermarket called Suguo Supermarket is next to our school. (改为倒装句)

- With many places of interest inside, our city is worth visiting. (改为同义句)

- I hope I can visit your city one day. (改为简单句)

- People praise the cave as the "Art Palace of Nature". (改为被动语态)

- It was once a nice school. Many students studied. (合并为一句)

题型练

提能力,至千里



四、单项填空

- She has _____ flag in her hand and is standing in _____ middle of the students.
A. the; the B. a; the
C. the; a D. /; /

2. The _____ of the museum is very unusual.
It looks like a ship.
A. colour B. size C. shape D. type
3. —Why does our chemistry teacher often _____ her?
—Because she gets full marks in chemistry every time.
A. praise B. forget C. control D. hurt
4. The film *Hi, Mom*(《你好, 李焕英》) is moving, and I think it is well worth _____.
A. see B. to be seen
C. seeing D. to see
5. Protecting ourselves is one of _____ things we must do.
A. important B. more important
C. most important D. the most important

五、阅读理解(2023 镇江模拟)

“No building comes without carvings(雕刻), and carvings make buildings more valuable,” goes an old saying in Minnan, an area in southern Fujian Province. The saying refers to brick carvings, which were an important feature of the old red brick buildings in the area.

The carvings were once commonly found on either side of the main entrance of Minnan's buildings. However, with development, the number of ancient red brick buildings has decreased, and Minnan's brick carvings have gradually faded(逐渐消失) from sight, said Wu Jiandong, a young master brick carver from Fujian's Quanzhou City.

The 42-year-old Wu has learned the traditional technique and now combines it with modern tastes to develop his own style of brick carving. Wu said that he hoped to be able to help the traditional craft continue through innovation(创新). ①

“Market demands have changed in recent years, and so has our thinking,” Wu said. “We must add modern elements to help pass down and develop traditional crafts.” ②

People in Minnan love tea, so Wu created a series of carved brick tea decorations, including tea plates, cup holders, pot holders and other items. ③

Earlier this year, a pendant(挂件) decorated with a swallow tail ridge(屋脊) and a bright moon was bought by an overseas Chinese man from the Philippines. The customer told Wu that he would hang the pendant in his office as a reminder of the architecture and the moon of his hometown.

Because of the market's recognition of his work, Wu will be able to pass down the craft and further develop his pieces, and the popularity of short videos has also given him new hopes of promoting(推广) Minnan brick carvings. ④

The art form originated during the Song Dynasty flourished(繁荣) during the Ming and Qing Dynasties. It is now an important part of national cultural heritage.

- What's the writer's purpose in mentioning the saying at the beginning?
A. To attract more people to visit Minnan.
B. To give advice on developing brick carvings.
C. To introduce an area in southern Fujian Province.
D. To show the importance of brick carvings in Minnan.
- What can we infer(推断) from the sixth paragraph?
A. Wu's most customers came from abroad.
B. The pendant of brick carving becomes popular.
C. Wu's brick pieces are warmly received all over the world.
D. Brick carvings become symbols of homesickness for overseas Chinese.
- Which is the most suitable place to put the sentence “They have been warmly received by both local people and foreign visitors.”?
A. ① B. ② C. ③ D. ④

4. What is probably the best title for this passage?
- A. The history of Minnan's brick carvings
- B. Minnan's brick carving art is coming back
- C. The ancient red brick buildings in Minnan
- D. An artist with his own style of brick carvings

六、阅读表达(2023 苏州中考)

Reporter: Why do you love Suzhou?

Zekro: When I was a child, my parents told me that love has no boundaries. They told me the purpose of life is to serve people and make contributions to our society. Since my wife and I came to Suzhou twenty-four years ago, I have never stopped showing my love in action. I've taught the latest technology to my students in Suzhou University for free. I've helped people in need, caring for sick children, sending money to disaster areas and teaching African drumming to poor children. I've also worked closely with Suzhou government to introduce Suzhou to foreigners. Many friends often call me the Ambassador(大使) of Suzhou.

Reporter: Please tell us about Happy Home Club.

Happy Home Club

HHC

Every Friday
7 pm - 8:30 pm

Come to meet friends
Make new friends.
Learn about life.
Practise your spoken English.

Finland Home Café
Pingjiang Lu North

Sign up by Thursday
night with Raija or Zekro.

Entrance fee 19 rmb
including
a soft drink/tea.
Please, WeChat pay
The fee in advance to
Raija.

What happens in HHC?
• Drum Circle and
Music Presentations
• Short introduction by
everyone, if new friends
• Presentation of the topic
of the night
• Discussions all together
or in small groups

For questions and location
PM Raija or Zekro

Zekro: Seven years ago, I opened Finland Home Café to introduce Finnish(芬兰的) culture to our Chinese friends through food and music. One meaningful activity we hold every week is Happy Home Club. It is open from 7:00 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. on Fridays. It's for everybody who loves to make new friends, learn about life and practice their English. The most recent topics for Happy Home Club are: Why we sleep; How to read a book; Remember to say thank you. . .

Reporter: What else do you want to say to people who are watching our TV show?

Zekro: Those who are interested in our culture, food and topics are most welcome to our Café. Please come and share your stories with us. Together, we can make a difference.

- How long have Zekro and his wife lived in Suzhou?
- Why do Zekro's friends call him "the Ambassador of Suzhou"?
- Please write another good topic for Happy Home Club and explain your reason.
(Avoid any topics of Happy Home Club that are mentioned in this paper.)

Reading(II)

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

- Something must be done to prevent _____ (地下的) water from being polluted.
- In the _____ (东部的) part of China, summer temperatures are very different from winter temperatures.
- What's the _____ (形状) of that table? Is it round?

- They were standing on the Tian'anmen Square in the morning to watch the _____ (升高) of the national flag.
- Her hair is long and _____ (垂下) down her waist.

二、选用方框内所给短语的正确形式填空

in different shapes be set in be open to
used to because of

- She didn't come to school yesterday _____ her illness.

2. When young, Tom _____ swim in this river.
3. My new novel will _____ World War II.
4. Her husband has three pairs of glasses. They are all black but _____.
5. The school library _____ us from Monday to Friday.

三、根据所给汉语,用英文完成下列句子

1. 北京,中国的首都,是我的家乡。
_____ is my hometown.
2. 一个叫琳达的女孩是我最好的朋友。
_____ is my best friend.
3. 这是什么形状的工具?
_____ is it?
4. 公园里有这么多花,真令人惊讶。
It is _____.
5. 这部电影值得再看一遍。
_____ again.

题型练

提能力,至千里



四、单项填空

1. —Taiwan lies _____ the southeast of China, and it is _____ the east of Fujian.
—OK, I want to visit it some day.
A. in; to B. on; to
C. to; in D. to; on
2. Look at the sign, please. You can park your car on _____ side of the street.
A. both B. other C. either D. all
3. —Do you know that Tom is one of _____ students in his class?
—Yes, I do. He's as _____ as my brother.
A. the tallest; taller B. tallest; taller
C. the tallest; tall D. tallest; tall
4. The lecture (讲座) is worth _____.
Please tell John _____ late.
A. attend; not be

- B. to attend; to be
- C. attended; to being
- D. attending; not to be

5. I saw some branches of the trees (树枝) _____ because of the strong wind.

- A. hang down B. run out
- C. stand up D. give away

五、阅读理解(2024 镇江中考)

I have lived in China for six years, but still think the country is mysterious. So I made up my mind to go on a 3-month cycling journey to discover more.

My cycling journey was very safe in China because I never had a moment in which I felt I was in danger. Wherever I went, there was always phone signal, and even WeChat pay.

The beauty of nature was also fantastic. It simply took my breath away when I cycled on the way. With thick forests, blue lakes and green hills, there was so much to see.

The food was another highlight of my journey. I got to taste local food in every place I went. My favourite was the spicy food in Sichuan. No matter how much I ate, I never got sick of having different Chinese foods. There were so many different choices.

In addition, cycling in China cost less than I thought. I could even save some money during the trip to support a local charity.

The best part was about people. I met people from different ethnic minorities (少数民族) across China and I was even invited to attend a wedding by Tibetan girls. The wedding was amazing, full of dancing, laughter and fun. One time I met a group of Chinese men who were also travelling, but by motorcycle. They invited me to stay with them in the mountains. We cooked fish that we caught from the lake together. It felt like true freedom from the busy feeling of daily life. Another example was impressive. When I met a group of cyclists in their

60s, they cycled better than me. It really encouraged me to push myself and go farther every day. Also, an experienced cyclist saved me when I got a flat tire (爆胎). He helped fix my tire.

By the end of my journey, I wanted to keep going. I felt like I could do it forever. It was truly an experience I will never forget. If anyone wants to explore in China, I would highly recommend going by bicycle.

- What does the writer talk about in Paragraph 3?
A. Personal safety. B. Different foods.
C. Natural beauty. D. Cheap cost.
- The underlined word “It” in Paragraph 6 refers to(指代) “_____”.
A. Tibetan girls inviting the writer to a wedding
B. cyclists in their 60s cycling better than the writer
C. a group of Chinese men catching fish with the writer
D. an experienced cyclist helping the writer to fix a flat tire
- What is the best title for the passage?
A. What a pleasant picnic!
B. What great people!
C. What an amazing journey!
D. What a lucky day!

六、综合填空(2023 武汉中考)

Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) is used to help people keep the balance of *yin* and *yang*. But have you ever imagined that one day you can learn herb (药草) planting and TCM courses at

school?

A primary school in Nanjing has just 1 (open) a herb farm. More than 30 herbs are planted. Students there are g 2 by doctors from a TCM hospital to tell different herbs and learn plant development, medicinal value as well as 3 (grow) herbs. The hospital has also donated over 100 cartoon books about TCM to help draw children's a 4 in herbal medicine.

Another middle school has i 5 TCM courses to students of all grades. These courses c 6 a basic knowledge of herbs, herb planting and cooking with herbs. They give students a deeper understanding of TCM, bringing out their sense of p 7 in Chinese traditions and the country's rich culture.

Also in Shanghai, Tongji University has provided foreign students 8 some chances to plant different kinds of herbs 9 (wide) used in Chinese medicine and cooking. By taking care of the plants, foreign students can get first-hand experience of making herbal medicine from start to finish, and spread TCM culture to their o 10 countries.

The herb planting courses at schools and universities across China get students close to TCM and help pass on the tradition.

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Grammar

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的首字母提示写出单词

- What's the time now?
—It's a q _____ past seven.
- Which book would you like to borrow, this one or that one?

—E _____ is OK. I like both of them.

- We provide delicious food and good s _____.
Welcome to our restaurant.
- Doing the homework t _____ up a lot of my spare time when I was at school.
- The top of this mountain is 4,000 metres above the sea l _____.

二、根据汉语提示填空

1. Don't put the piano in the bedroom. It will _____ (占用) too much space.
2. I have done _____ (四分之三) of my homework.
3. There are many green and tall trees _____ (在任何一边) the street.
4. I like this restaurant because it provides _____ (高水平的服务).
5. (2021连云港中考) Many people were touched by the film *Hi, Mom*. It _____ (值得观看).

三、使用 it 将下列句子改为同义句

1. For me, to ride a bike to school is not difficult.

2. I found that to do this exercise was necessary.

3. People say this old building was built ten years ago.

4. That she has written a novel is amazing.

5. We spent half an hour cleaning the classroom.

题型练

提能力, 至千里



四、单项填空

1. —I think _____ good to study with a group.
—I agree with you. Group work makes us study better.
A. that B. it C. its D. this
2. —Who did this wonderful job, Uncle Wang?
—_____ is Mr. Smith.
A. It B. He C. That D. This
3. —I don't have white shoes for tomorrow's speech contest.
—My brother has _____ pair. Would you like to try _____ on?

- A. a; it B. the; them
C. one; them D. one; it

4. _____ will be a good idea to bring your camera because you may want to take photos of the autumn leaves.
A. This B. It C. That D. You
5. —They are too busy to help us finish the work.
—Let's do _____ ourselves.
A. it B. them C. us D. me
6. I bought a present for _____. I hope you like _____.
A. your; this B. yours; that
C. you; it D. you; one

五、阅读理解(2023 常州模拟)

What is this? Japanese ikebana(花道)? No, it's Chinese traditional flower arrangement. They seem similar, but actually differ.

Recalling experiences in flower arrangement competitions abroad, Zhang Yan said her works were often mistaken for ikebana. "Some were quite astonished when I told them I'm from China. We need more publicity on Chinese traditional flower arrangement."

Zhang Yan first knew about flower arrangement in college from an optional course she took. Back then, she never imagined that a single course could be the starting point of her life-long career. Now, she hopes to do her part to introduce the art form to the world.

The art of Chinese traditional flower arrangement has been handed down since 1046 BC. Historical records show it served as offerings at temples, decorations in palaces and art at homes.

"Though it has a long history, the image of flower arrangement is still limited to the bouquets in flower shops," Zhang said. "If people are familiar with the history of it, they would take pride in its centuries-old history and try to make it well-known."

As it was included in the second batch of National Intangible Cultural Heritage(国家非物质文化遗产), more and more people including Zhang's own daughter now are learning Chinese traditional flower arrangement. "Whether she makes it her career or not, I hope she can continue to hold an ability to enjoy the beauty around her," Zhang added.

"Unlike its Western counterpart, Chinese traditional flower arrangement emphasizes(强调) simplicity," Zhang said. The arranger must decide on what is truly necessary in his or her work and remove the rest. Sometimes learners are moved to tears because they begin to reflect on what is truly necessary in their lives. The healing(治疗) effect of Chinese traditional flower arrangement is realized when the arrangers come to terms with what they truly want.

In Zhang's view, there are more to Chinese traditional flower arrangement besides its therapy effects, and the key lies in the exploration of traditional Chinese culture.

"It came from traditional Chinese culture, and it is part of it," Zhang argued. "Only when it absorbs enough nutrition from traditional Chinese culture can it bloom(开花) and be world-known. And our mission now is to inherit and develop traditional Chinese culture."

- Which of the following has a similar meaning with "astonished" in Paragraph 2?
A. Unhappy. B. Surprised.
C. Nervous. D. Excited.
- What do you know about Chinese traditional flower arrangement from the passage?
A. It has had a history of 1,046 years since it was handed down.
B. When you arrange flowers, you'd better use as many flowers as you can.
C. Zhang's words show there's still a long way before making it world-known.

D. In ancient China, it was often used as decorations in many temples and palaces.

- My friend is a busy office lady under great pressure. What may happen to her after doing flower arrangement according to Paragraph 7?
A. She may find it difficult to choose from so many flowers and give up.
B. She is sure to become a master of flower arrangement.
C. She may find it relaxing and think of running a flower shop.
D. She may reflect on her life and work to make some wise choices.
- What's the best title of this passage?
A. Traditional art form in danger
B. The history of a traditional Chinese art form
C. Art that blooms from traditional culture
D. Zhang Yan — a master of Chinese traditional flower arrangement

六、首字母填空(2024 镇江中考)

Zodiac animals are important to the Chinese people for long. Many years ago, a president from a foreign country v 1 China. At the dinner, he presented people with a riddle, "There are twelve things that can be given to all the Chinese, and each person can get his or her o 2 . What are the twelve things?" The answer is of course the "12 zodiac animals". As a cultural sign that stays with a person since his or her b 3 , the zodiac animal of the year plays an important role in e 4 life. Even today, many Chinese people will use "What is your zodiac animal?" instead of "How old are you?" when they ask about a person's a 5 .

In ancient times, people formed clans(部落). Different clans had different signs. The clans usually used the looks of animals. O 6 , an important meeting was held. At the meeting, the animals used by the most powerful clans were d 7 as the zodiac animals.

Just l 8 China, many other countries also

have similar systems of zodiac animals. For example, India has a system of 12 zodiac animals, which is a 9 the same as that of China, with only the lion in the place of the tiger. The Vietnamese(越南的) system has cat instead of rabbit, but the other 10 animals remain the

same. It is widely believed that it was the Chinese zodiac culture that spread to the countries nearby.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____
7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____
10. _____

Integrated skills & Study skills

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

1. The storm held up our _____ (班机) for 40 minutes.
2. When I lived in Japan, I made some _____ (日本的) friends.
3. China is an _____ (古老的) country, which has a very long history.
4. China is one of the 193 member _____ (国家) in the UN.
5. China lies in the east of _____ (亚洲).

二、根据汉语提示填空

1. _____ (第二天), we watched a football match.
2. Why not _____ (游览) the Summer Palace tomorrow?
3. I want to _____ (品尝) 各种各样的中国菜).
4. They _____ (动身去) Shanghai yesterday.
5. Linda is an _____ (交换生). She comes from England.

三、根据所给汉语,用英文完成下列句子

1. 英语是我们将要学习的第二种语言。
English _____.
2. 我们计划在北京逗留 4 天。
We _____.
3. 你父母周日带你去公园吗?
Are your parents going to _____?
4. 新加坡在亚洲东南部。

Singapore _____.

5. 我既喜欢绘画,又喜欢唱歌。

I like _____.

题型练

提能力, 至千里



四、单项填空

1. Tea is not only a drink but also a kind of _____.
A. knowledge B. culture
C. friendship D. wonder
2. We'll _____ for Shanghai tomorrow and plan to stay there for two weeks.
A. give out B. send out
C. set out D. leave out
3. After many _____ days, every one of us hoped for some rain.
A. dry B. busy C. free D. tiring
4. _____ I stayed in my grandpa's home, he often told me his stories in the past.
A. During B. When
C. If D. Unless
5. _____ you health and happiness.
A. Hope B. Think C. Say D. Wish

五、阅读理解(2024 湖北中考)

So far, China has successfully sent a large number of satellites(卫星) and spaceships into space. Space scientists have been greatly inspired(赋予灵感) by the old stories and ancient famous people when giving them names.

Since thousands of years ago, Chinese people have dreamed of going to the moon. *Chang'e Flies to the Moon* is one of the most popular stories. As

you can see, China's first man-made satellite to circle around the moon was named Chang'e I. More interestingly, the moon rover(巡视器) was named after the Jade Rabbit, who is the partner of Chang'e in the story. These old stories carry people's best wishes and dreams. With the development of science and technology, our scientists have made them come true.

Kua Fu Runs After the Sun is another story to show how much ancient Chinese people wanted to know about the unknown world. Now, Kua Fu is going with the scientists to "visit" the sun, because we have a space project called KuaFu Mission.

Besides the ancient stories, space scientists also get ideas from ancient famous people. For example, Mozi, an ancient scientist, discovered that light travels in a straight line over 2,000 years ago. His discovery made space study take a big step at that time. So, China's first quantum(量子) science satellite was named Mozi, making China the first country in the world to achieve quantum communication between satellites and the ground.

From such simple things as giving names to the satellites, we can see how great our traditional culture is and what influence it has on our modern science and technology.

1. In China, space scientists get ideas from _____ when naming satellites.

- ①old stories
- ②traditional projects
- ③ancient famous people
- ④popular inventions

A. ①② B. ①③ C. ②④ D. ③④

2. What do we know about Chang'e I according to the passage?

- A. It moves around the moon.
- B. It protects the Jade Rabbit.

C. It "visits" the sun with the scientists.

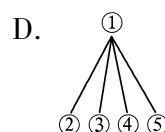
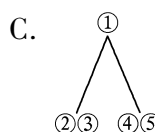
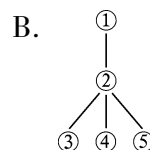
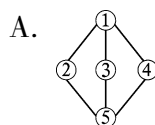
D. It is the world's first man-made satellite.

3. How does the writer support his opinion in Paragraph 4?

- A. By listing numbers.
- B. By comparing facts.
- C. By giving an example.
- D. By reporting a result.

4. Which is the right structure of the passage?

(①=Paragraph 1 ②=Paragraph 2,...)



5. What's the writer's main purpose of writing the passage?

- A. To spread the traditional Chinese culture.
- B. To explain how our scientists develop the space industry.
- C. To introduce the achievements in our science and technology.
- D. To tell how traditional Chinese culture influences our space science.

六、信息还原(2024 镇江中考)

During the Chinese New Year, people can watch colourful dragon dances in the street or on TV programmes. 1 It is because both in the north and in the south, Chinese can express hope for a happy life through the activity.

Dragons are respected and loved in Chinese culture. In ancient China, the dragon was thought as a mythical animal that could make clouds and bring rains, and prevent disasters and bring happiness.

2 And they are also said to scare away evil spirits and bad luck.

Guided by a big dragon ball, the dragon



dancers make different kinds of movements while holding the cloth dragon. 3 As many as 9 to 15 dancers use long poles to guide the dragon's head and snakelike body. Usually one dancer does tricks on the dragon. Tricks are often jumps and moves that make the dragon turn in different ways.

4 It is usually performed in the evening. One of Hong Kong's modern-looking neighbourhoods in Wan Chai District is home to the Tai Hang Fire Dragon Dance, a folk art form with a history of over 100 years. 5 Then the villagers started to perform a fire dragon dance for three days to drive it away. Since then, around Mid-Autumn Festival every year, the villagers perform fire dragon dances to make wishes.

Today people often see dragon dances during holidays, festivals and the opening of new businesses. These performances invite wealth and good luck.

- A. A special kind is the Fire Dragon Dance.
B. The Cloth Dragon Dance has a long history.
C. It is said that a disease swept through the village.
D. Why is the dragon dance so popular across China?
E. Where can people usually enjoy the dragon dance?
F. Now they still represent wisdom, power and wealth.
G. Dragon dancers have to work as a team to make the dragon come to life.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
4. _____ 5. _____

Task & Self-assessment

(限时:35 分钟)

考点练

练基础, 积跬步



一、根据句意及所给的汉语提示写出单词

- The _____ (人口) of China is about 1.41 billion in 2021.
- With the development of science and _____ (技术), we will live a happier life.
- I bought some interesting books from the book _____ (展览会) yesterday.
- This is a _____ (习俗) of the local.
- She is an _____ (印度的) woman and lives in New Delhi.

二、根据汉语提示填空

- English is already studied _____ (作为第二种语言) in most countries.
- His research work is connected with _____ (钢铁工业).
- I still like the simple and _____ (传统服饰) as before.
- I can _____ (与……沟通) foreigners easily. They say my English is quite good.

5. Across China, the Lantern Festival _____ (庆祝) many different styles.

三、将下列句子译成英文

- 该市位于江苏省的南部。

- 苏州是个游览的好地方。

- 泰州因作为梅兰芳的故乡而闻名。

- 我昨天买的这本书值得一读。

- 它是世界七大奇观之一。

题型练

提能力, 至千里



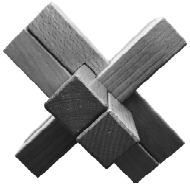
四、单项填空

1. China _____ the east of Asia.
A. lies in B. lies on
C. lies over D. lies by

2. Hangzhou _____ its West Lake.
A. is important to B. is popular among
C. is famous for D. is happy with
3. The population of China is _____ than that of India.
A. more B. fewer
C. bigger D. larger
4. You are _____ to go to school. After all, you are only four years old.
A. old enough B. too young
C. young enough D. too old
5. Thanksgiving Day _____ in most Western countries.
A. celebrate B. celebrates
C. are celebrated D. is celebrated
6. —A robot served us dinner last night. Don't you think we are living in amazing times?
—I can't agree more. The _____ makes our lives easier and happier.
A. information B. technology
C. discovery D. competition

五、任务型阅读(2024 无锡中考)


As a country strong in maths, China has many folk games filled with maths wisdom. You may have played many of them before. Let's take a look at two of them.



Luban Lock

Luban Lock was first created by Chinese carpenter Lu Ban about 2,000 years ago. It is said that Lu used six wooden pieces to make a toy that looks like a lock for his son. The lock has a lot to do with solid geometry (立体几何). It's hard to separate the six pieces. However, it is usually easier to unlock a Luban Lock than to put it back together. Now, there are Luban Locks made up of nine or more pieces.

(续表)



Huarong Pass

Huarong Pass is a traditional Chinese block-moving puzzle. Every block is named after a character in the book *Romance of the Three Kingdoms*, like Cao Cao, Zhang Fei and Zhao Yun. To succeed in the game, players have to move the blocks to get "Cao Cao" out. This is a test of one's maths knowledge, for example, of geometric area (几何面积). According to the Chinese Puzzle website, it takes at least 81 steps to set "Cao Cao" free.

Title: Two ancient Chinese 1 toys

Luban Lock	<p>> It was first created by Lu Ban about 2,000 years ago.</p> <p>> Lu Ban used 6 pieces of <u>2</u> to make a lock-like toy for his son.</p> <p>> It uses maths knowledge such as solid geometry.</p> <p>> It is <u>3</u> to put the six pieces back together than to unlock it.</p>
Huarong Pass	<p>> It is made up of a few blocks, and every block has the <u>4</u> of a character in <i>Romance of the Three Kingdoms</i>.</p> <p>> Players win the game by <u>5</u> the blocks to set "Cao Cao" free.</p> <p>> It can test players' maths knowledge like geometric area.</p>

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

六、短文填空(2024 常州二模)

The traditional Chinese calendar divides a year into 24 solar terms (节气). One of them is Awakening of Insects (Chinese: Jingzhe) which 1 (fall) on March 5 and ends on March 20 in 2024.

Jingzhe suggests a rise in temperature and increased rainfall, marking the 2 (three) solar term in the Chinese lunar year. Its name means that animals sleeping through the whole winter start to wake up and everything begins to come back to life.

Jingzhe is a very important time for farmers and 3 (see) as the beginning of the busiest time for agricultural work. Old Chinese 4 (say), such as “once *Jingzhe* comes, spring plowing(春耕) never rests”, show the importance of this solar term to farmers. During this period, most parts of China experience 5 rapid increase in temperatures and a marked increase in sunshine which together provide the ideal conditions for farming activities.

Eating pears around Awakening of Insects
6 (become) a widely practiced custom in
 China since a long time ago. 7 the Chinese
 word for “ pear ” sounds the same as the word
 meaning “ to leave ”, eating pears during this solar
 term shows people’s wish to drive away pests (害
 虫) 8 crops so that there will be a good
 harvest throughout the year. In addition, according
 to the traditional Chinese medicine, the sweet,
 juicy and cold fruit can be good for the lungs (肺)
9 (prevent) coughs as the weather warms up
 and the air becomes dry.

The solar terms are not only a calendar system but also a cultural heritage(遗产) that shows the wisdom of ancient Chinese people in understanding the 10 (nature) world. They are the pride of the Chinese culture.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____
7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____
10. _____

七、书面表达(2024 常州一模)

常州文化底蕴深厚、经济实力雄厚、自然风光秀丽、人文景观丰富。某报社正在征集主题为“你眼中的常州”的文章,请你写篇英语文章投稿,谈谈你的看法。

You should share your ideas about the topic:

1. What was Changzhou like 10 years ago?
2. What is Changzhou like now?
3. What do you think of the changes?

注意：

1. 文中不得出现你的真实姓名和学校名称。
 2. 要点齐全,语句通顺,表达清晰,书写规范。
2. 词数不少于 100。文章的开头已为你写好,不计入总词数。

Changzhou, my hometown, has changed a lot over the past ten years.

[illegible]